OCF Cloud Security Specification

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CONTACT **admin@openconnectivity.org**

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CONTENTS

FIGURES

Tables

Introduction

This document, and all the other parts associated with this document, were developed in response to worldwide demand for smart home focused Internet of Things (IoT) devices, such as appliances, door locks, security cameras, sensors, and actuators; these to be modelled and securely controlled, locally and remotely, over an IP network.

While some inter-device communication existed, no universal language had been developed for the IoT. Device makers instead had to choose between disparate frameworks, limiting their market share, or developing across multiple ecosystems, increasing their costs. The burden then falls on end users to determine whether the products they want are compatible with the ecosystem they bought into, or find ways to integrate their devices into their network, and try to solve interoperability issues on their own.

In addition to the smart home, IoT deployments in commercial environments are hampered by a lack of security. This issue can be avoided by having a secure IoT communication framework, which this standard solves.

The goal of these documents is then to connect the next 25 billion devices for the IoT, providing secure and reliable device discovery and connectivity across multiple OSs and platforms. There are multiple proposals and forums driving different approaches, but no single solution addresses the majority of key requirements. This document and the associated parts enable industry consolidation around a common, secure, interoperable approach.

The OCF specification suite is made up of nineteen discrete documents, the documents fall into logical groupings as described herein:

- Core framework
  - Core Specification
  - Security Specification
  - Onboarding Tool Specification
- Bridging framework and bridges
  - Bridging Specification
  - Resource to Alljoyn Interface Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to oneM2M Resource Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to BLE Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to EnOcean Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to LWM2M Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to UPlus Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to Zigbee Cluster Mapping Specification
  - OCF Resource to Z-Wave Mapping Specification
- Resource and Device models
  - Resource Type Specification
  - Device Specification
- Core framework extensions
  - Easy Setup Specification
  - Core Optional Specification
- OCF Cloud
  - Cloud API for Cloud Services Specification

144 – Device to Cloud Services Specification
145 – Cloud Security Specification

Cloud Security Specification

1 Scope

The OCF Cloud specifications are divided into a series of documents:

– OCF Cloud security specification (this document): The cloud security specification document specifies the security recuirements and definitions for OCF devices and OCF clouds implementations.

– OCF Device to Cloud Specification: The OCF Device to Cloud Specification document defines functional extensions and capabilities to meet the requirements of the OCF Cloud. This document specifies new Resource Types to enable the functionality and any extensions required to connect an OCF device to an OCF cloud.

– OCF Cloud API for cloud services specification: The Cloud API for cloud services specification defines the OCF cloud API.

2 Normative References

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 30118-1 *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 1: Core specification*
https://www.iso.org/standard/53238.html
Latest version available at:
https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Core_Specification.pdf

ISO/IEC 30118-2, Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – *Part 2: Security specification*
https://www.iso.org/standard/74239.html
Latest version available at:https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Security_Specification.pdf

ISO/IEC 30118-8, *Information technology – Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF) Document – Part 8: Device to Cloud Services*,
https://www.iso.org/standard/79360.html
Latest version available at:
https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_OCF_Device_To_Cloud_Services_Specification.pdf

ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

IETF RFC 6749, *The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework*, October 2012,
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749

IETF RFC 6750*, The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework: Bearer Token Usage*, October 2012,
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6750

IETF RFC 8323, CoAP (Constrained Application Protocol) over TCP, TLS, and WebSockets, February 2018, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8323

OCF Device to Cloud Services, *Open Connectivity Foundation Device to Cloud Services Specification, Version 2.2.0*

Available at:
https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Device_To_Cloud_Services_Specification_v2.2.0.pdf
Latest version available at:
https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Device_To_Cloud_Services_Specification.pdf

oneM2M Release 3 Documents, http://www.onem2m.org/technical/published-drafts

OpenAPI document, aka *Swagger RESTful API Documentation Specification*, Version 2.0
https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 30118-1, ISO/IEC 30118-2, ISO/IEC 30118-8 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

– ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

– IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1.1
Access Token

credential used to authorize the connection with the OCF Cloud and access protected Resources

Note 1 to entry: An Access Token is a string while the OCF Device has no internal logic based on its contents and only forwards the token as-is

3.1.2
Authorization Provider

server issuing Access Tokens (3.1.1) via a Mediator to the Client after successfully authenticating the *OCF Cloud User* (3.1.4) and obtaining authorization

Note 1 to entry: Also known as authorization server in ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

IETF RFC 6749.

3.1.3
Device Registration

process by which Device is enrolled/registered to the OCF Cloud infrastructure (using Device certificate and unique credential) and becomes ready for further remote operation through the cloud interface (e.g. connection to remote Resources or publishing of its own Resources for access)

3.1.4
OCF Cloud User

person or organization authorizing a set of Devices to interact with each other via an OCF Cloud

Note 1 to entry: For each of the Devices, the OCF Cloud User is either the same as, or a delegate of, the person or organization that onboarded that Device. The OCF Cloud User delegates, to the OCF Cloud authority, authority to route between Devices registered by the OCF Cloud User. The OCF Cloud delegates, to the OCF Cloud User, authority to select the set of Devices which can register and use the services of the OCF Cloud.

3.2 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the symbols and abbreviated terms given in ISO/IEC 30118-1, ISO/IEC 30118-2 and ISO/IEC 30118-8 apply.

4 Document Conventions and Organization

4.1 Conventions

In this document a number of terms, conditions, mechanisms, sequences, parameters, events, states, or similar terms are printed with the first letter of each word in uppercase and the rest lowercase (e.g., Network Architecture). Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal technical English meaning.

In this document, to be consistent with the IETF usages for RESTful operations, the RESTful operation words CRUDN, CREATE, RETRIVE, UPDATE, DELETE, and NOTIFY will have all letters capitalized. Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal technical English meaning.

4.2 Notation

In this document, features are described as required, recommended, allowed or DEPRECATED as follows:

Required (or shall or mandatory)(M).

– These basic features shall be implemented to comply with Core Architecture. The phrases "shall not", and "PROHIBITED" indicate behaviour that is prohibited, i.e. that if performed means the implementation is not in compliance.

Recommended (or should)(S).

– These features add functionality supported by Core Architecture and should be implemented. Recommended features take advantage of the capabilities Core Architecture, usually without imposing major increase of complexity. Notice that for compliance testing, if a recommended feature is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines. Some recommended features could become requirements in the future. The phrase "should not" indicates behaviour that is permitted but not recommended.

Allowed (may or allowed)(O).

– These features are neither required nor recommended by Core Architecture, but if the feature is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines.

DEPRECATED.

– Although these features are still described in this document, they should not be implemented except for backward compatibility. The occurrence of a deprecated feature during operation of an implementation compliant with the current document has no effect on the implementation's operation and does not produce any error conditions. Backward compatibility may require that a feature is implemented and functions as specified but it shall never be used by implementations compliant with this document.

Conditionally allowed (CA).

– The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the definition or behaviour is allowed, otherwise it is not allowed.

Conditionally required (CR).

– The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the definition or behaviour is required. Otherwise the definition or behaviour is allowed as default unless specifically defined as not allowed.

Strings that are to be taken literally are enclosed in "double quotes".

Words that are emphasized are printed in italic.

In all of the Property and Resource definition tables that are included throughout this document the "Mandatory" column indicates that the item detailed is mandatory to implement; the mandating of inclusion of the item in a Resource Payload associated with a CRUDN action is dependent on the applicable schema for that action.

4.3 Data types

Resources are defined using data types derived from JSON values as defined in clause 4.3 in ISO/IEC 30118-1

5 Security overview

5.1 Preamble

A Device is authorized to communicate with an OCF Cloud if a trusted Mediator has provisioned the Device.

– Device and Mediator connect over DTLS using "/oic/sec/cred"

– Device is provisioned by Mediator with following information:

  – the URL of OCF Cloud

  – Authorization Provider Name to identify the origin of the Access Token

  – Access Token / Authorization Code that is validated / exchanged by the OCF Cloud

  – UUID of the OCF Cloud

The OpenAPI 2.0 definitions (Annex A) used in this document are normative. This includes that all defined payloads shall comply with the indicated OpenAPI 2.0 definitions. Annex A contains all of the OpenAPI 2.0 definitions for Resource Types defined in this document.

5.2 OCF Cloud architecture alignment with ISO IEC 17789

Reference ISO/IEC 17789 defines a cloud computing reference architecture (CCRA) which can be described in terms of one of four architectural viewpoints; user, functional, implementation, and deployment. Of the four viewpoints, implementation and deployment are explicitly out of scope of ISO/IEC 17789 .

OCF defines an application capabilities type cloud service, providing Communication as a Service (CaaS) (reference ISO/IEC 17788). This cloud service is provided by a cloud service provider, the mechanisms used by the cloud service provider in managing their overall cloud infrastructure are outside the scope of the OCF defined cloud service. The OCF definition is specific to the interface offered by the cloud service to the cloud service customer, specifically the cloud service user.

There are three different user views defined. In the case where the cloud service customer is an OCF Device as specified in OCF Device to Cloud Services then the views provided are:

- Interface for the OCF Device to provide information to the cloud service
- Interface for the OCF Device to retrieve information that has been provided to the cloud service

In the case where the cloud service customer is another instance of a cloud service as specified in this document then the view provided is:

- Interface for the other cloud service instance to retrieve and update the information that is provided via the cloud service

The OCF Cloud service pertains specifically to a cloud service user, there is a single applicable cloud service activity, that of "Use cloud service" defined in clause 8.2.21 of ISO/IEC 17789 .

Credentials for the user of the cloud service are provided using OAUTH2.0 as defined by RFC 6749. The cloud service, either itself, or leveraging an external authorization server, provides a bearer token that is required in all requests from all cloud users. Please see clause 7 of this document.

All connectivity between a cloud user and the OCFCloud service is via mutually authenticated TLS; see clause 7.1 of this document.

ISO/IEC 27017 defines a code of practice for organizational level information security controls, and implementation guidance for cloud services. Implementation and organizational level controls are out of scope of the OCF Cloud Security Specification.

5.3 Device provisioning for OCF Cloud and Device registration overview

As mentioned in the start of Clause 0, communication between a Device and OCF Cloud is subject to different criteria in comparison to Devices which are within a single local network. The Device is configured in order to connect to the OCF Cloud by a Mediator as specified in the CoAPCloudConf Resource clauses in ISO/IEC 30118-8. Provisioning includes the remote connectivity and local details such as URL where the OCF Cloud hosting environment can be found, the OCF Cloud verifiable Access Token and optionally the name of the Authorization Provider which issued the Access Token.

NOTE a Device which connects to the OCF Cloud still retains the ownership established at onboarding with the DOTS.

5.4 Credential overview

Devices may use credentials to prove the identity and role(s) of the parties in bidirectional communication

Access Tokens are provided to an OCF Cloud once an authenticated session with an OCF Cloud is established, to verify the User ID with which the Device is to be associated.

6 Device provisioning for OCF Cloud

6.1 OCF Cloud provisioning general

The Device that connects to the OCF Cloud shall support the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on Device and following SVRs on the OCF Cloud: "/oic/sec/account", "/oic/sec/session", "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh".

The OCF Cloud is expected to use a secure mechanism for associating a Mediator with an OCF Cloud User. The choice of mechanism is up to the OCF Cloud. Recommended solution is based on the OAuth2.0 Authorization Grant Type flow specified in ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

IETF RFC 6749, where the Mediator act as a User-Agent and presents authorization UI to the user - see Figure 1. OCF Cloud is expected to ensure that the suitable authentication mechanism is used to authenticate the OCF Cloud User.

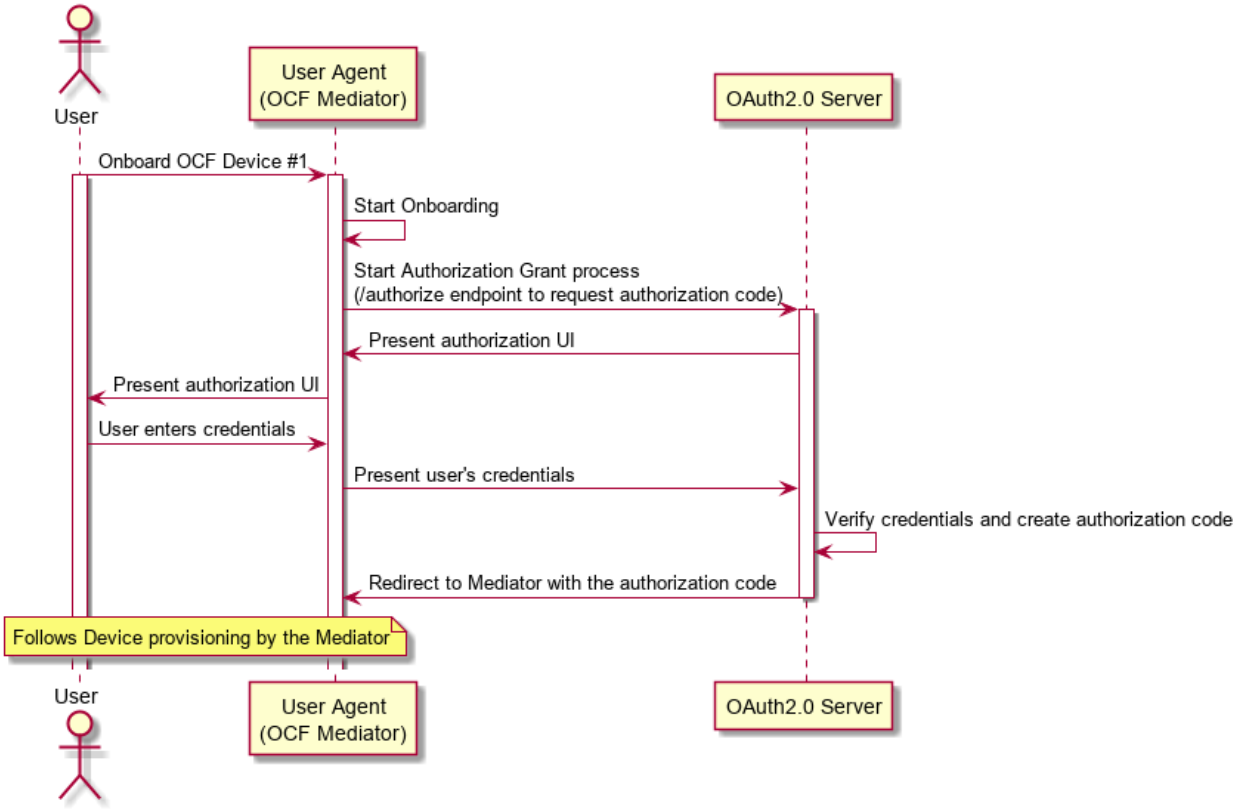

Figure 1 – User authorization and provisioning using Authorization Code Grant Flow

6.2 Device provisioning by Mediator

The Mediator and the Device shall use the secure session to provision the Device to connect with the OCF Cloud.

The Mediator obtains an Authorization Code or directly an Access Token from the Authorization Server as described in ISO/IEC 30118-8. This value is then used by the Device for registering with the OCF Cloud as described in clause 6.3. At the time of Device Registration OCF Cloud exchanges the Authorization Code for the Access Token, returns it back to the OCF Device and associates the TLS session with corresponding Device UUID. The OCF Cloud maintains a map where Access Token and Mediator provided Device UUID are stored.

The Mediator provisions the Device, as described in ISO/IEC 30118-8. The Mediator provisions OCF Cloud URI to the "cis" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource, OCF Cloud UUID to the "sid" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource and per-Device Access Token or Authorization Code to the "at" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on Device. Exchanged and returned provisioned Access Token is to be treated by Device as an Access Token with "Bearer" token type as defined in IETF RFC 6750. The provisioned "at" value follows a proprietary data format, and may include multiple values marshalled/concatenated together into a single string (e.g. "{\"token\":\"abc\", \"client_id\":\"1234\", \"idp\":\"identityProvider1\"}" is a valid "at" Property value). See Figure 2 for the detailed overview of the recommended flow, which includes optional OAuth 2.0 Authorization Code Grant

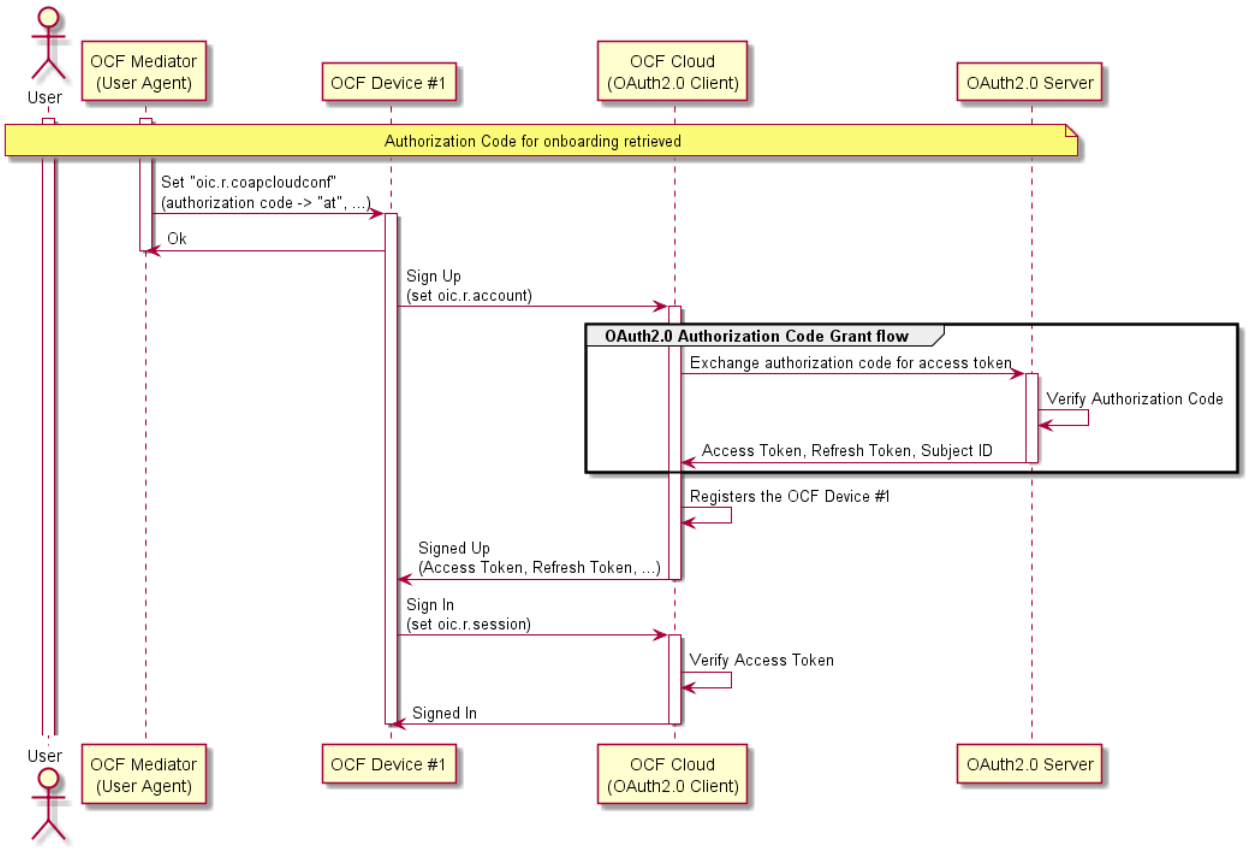

Figure 2 – Device provisioning using Authorization Code Grant Flow

For the purposes of access control, the Device shall identify the OCF Cloud using the OCF Cloud UUID in the Common Name field of the End-Entity certificate used to authenticate the OCF Cloud.

AMS should configure the ACE2 entries on a Device so that the Mediator(s) is the only Device(s) with UPDATE permission for the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource.

The AMS should configure the ACE2 entries on the Device to allow request from the OCF Cloud. By request from the Mediator, the AMS removes old ACL2 entries with previous OCF Cloud UUID. This request happens before "oic.r.coapcloudconf" is configured by the Mediator for the new OCF Cloud. The Mediator also requests AMS to set the OCF Cloud UUID as the "subject" Property for the new ACL2 entries. AMS may use "sid" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource as the current OCF Cloud UUID. AMS could either provision a wildcard entry for the OCF Cloud or provision an entry listing each Resource published on the Device.

If OCF Cloud provides "redirecturi" Value as response during Device Registration, the redirected-to OCF Cloud is assumed to have the same OCF Cloud UUID and to use the same trust anchor. Otherwise, presented OCF Cloud UUID wouldn't match the provisioned ACL2 entries.

The Mediator should provision the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource with the Properties in Table 1. These details once provisioned are used by the Device to perform Device Registration to the OCF Cloud. OCF Device is not expected to have any internal logic based on the values of "at" and "apn" Properties. The values of these Properties are forwarded as-is to the OCF Cloud. After the initial registration, the Device should use updated values received from the OCF Cloud instead. If OCF Cloud User wants the Device to re-register with the OCF Cloud, they can use the Mediator to re-provision the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource with the new values.

405 **Table 1 – Mapping of Properties of "oic.r.account" and "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resources**

Property Title	oic.r.coapcloudconf	oic.r.account	Description
Authorization Provider Name	apn	authprovider	The name of Authorization Provider through which Access Token was obtained.
OCF Cloud URL	cis	-	This is the URL connection is established between Device and OCF Cloud.
Access Token	at	accesstoken	Access Token used to authorize the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud, or the Authorization Code which is then verified and exchanged for the Access Token during Device Registration.
OCF Cloud UUID	sid	-	This is the identity of the OCF Cloud that the Device is configured to use.

406 ### 6.3 Device Deregistration from the OCF Cloud by Mediator

407 To deregister a Device from the OCF Cloud without resetting the Device to manufacturer defaults,
408 a Mediator with UPDATE permission for the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource shall use a secure
409 session for the following steps.

410 The Mediator shall send an UPDATE request with the empty "cis" Property to the
411 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource. The Device shall return a successful response followed by the
412 DELETE request sent to the OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/account" Resource it is connected to in order
413 to deregister from the OCF Cloud as defined in clause 6.1. The Device shall also reset the
414 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Properties back to the default values. Please see Figure 3 for an illustration
415 of this sequence.

416 Upon receiving the success response to the UPDATE request from the Device, the Mediator shall
417 remove all of the ACE2 entries with the OCF Cloud UUID from the Device and shall also remove
418 any credentials used to validate the OCF Cloud's identity that are contained in the "/oic/sec/cred"
419 Resource of the Device.

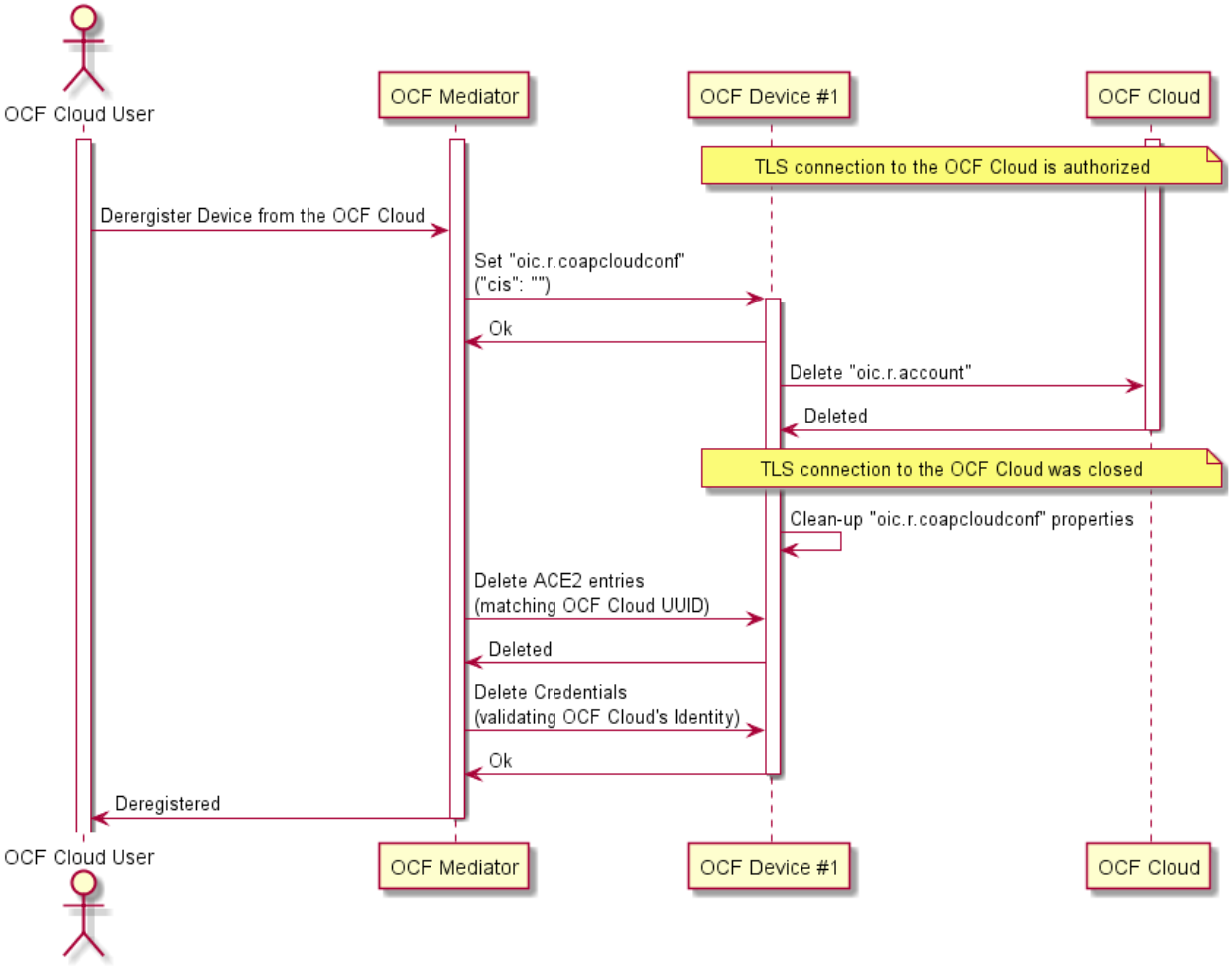

Figure 3 – Device deregistration from a Mediator flow

7 Device authentication with OCF Cloud

7.1 Device authentication with OCF Cloud general

The mechanisms for Device Authentication in clauses 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4 of ISO/IEC 30118-2 imply that a Device is authorized to communicate with any other Device meeting the criteria provisioned in "/oic/sec/cred"; the "/oic/sec/acl2" Resource (or "/oic/sec/acl1" Resource of OIC1.1 Servers) are additionally used to restrict access to specific Resources. The present clause describes Device authentication for OCF Cloud, which uses slightly different criteria as described in ISO/IEC 30118-2. A Device accessing an OCF Cloud shall establish a TLS session. The mutual authenticated TLS session is established using Server certificate and Client certificate.

Each Device is identified by the Access Token obtained from the Device Registration response. The OCF Cloud holds an OCF Cloud association table that maps Access Token, User ID and Device UUID. The Device Registration shall happen while the Device is in RFNOP state. After Device Registration, the updated Access Token, Device UUID and User ID are used by the Device for the subsequent connection with the OCF Cloud.

7.2 Device connection with the OCF Cloud

The Device should establish the TLS connection using the certificate based credential. The connection should be established after Device is provisioned by Mediator.

The TLS session is established between Device and the OCF Cloud as specified in IETF RFC 8323. The OCF Cloud is expected to provide certificate signed by trust anchor that is present in cred entries of the Device. These cred entries are expected to be configured by the Mediator.

The Device shall validate the OCF Cloud's identity based on the credentials that are contained in "/oic/sec/cred" Resource entries of the Device.

The OCF Cloud is expected to validate the manufacturer certificate provided by the Device.

The assumption is that the OCF Cloud User trusts the OCF Cloud that the Device connects. The OCF Cloud connection should not happen without the consent of the OCF Cloud User. The assumption is that the OCF Cloud User has either service agreement with the OCF Cloud provider or uses manufacturer provided OCF Cloud.

If authentication fails, the "clec" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on the Device shall be updated about the failed state, if it is supported by the Device. If authentication succeeds, the Device and OCF Cloud should establish an encrypted link in accordance with the negotiated cipher suite.

Figure 4 depicts sequence for Device connection with OCF Cloud and steps described in Table 2.

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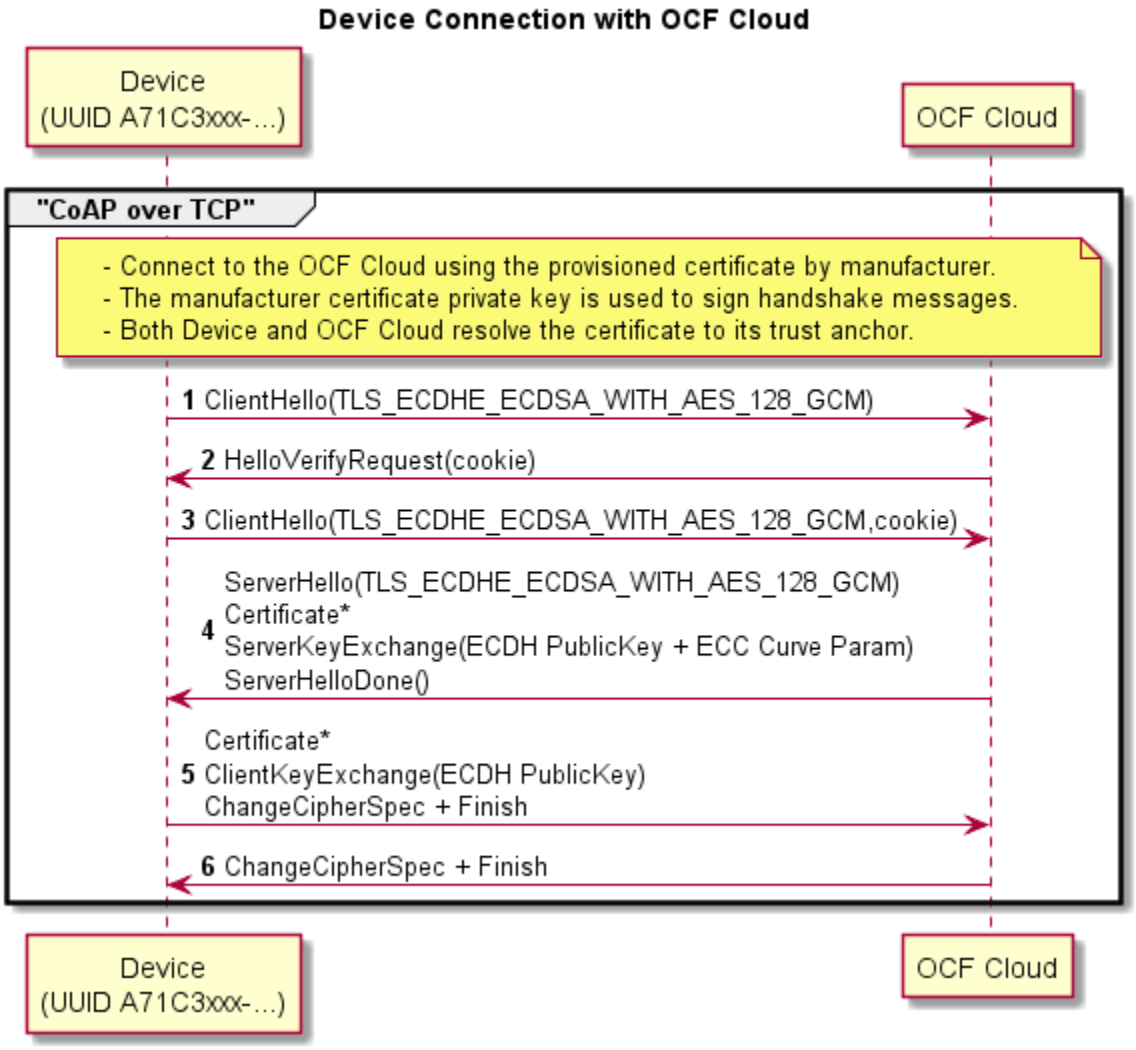

Figure 4 – Device connection with OCF Cloud

Table 2 – Device connection with the OCF Cloud flow

Steps	Description
1 - 6	TLS connection between the OCF Cloud and Device. The Device's manufacturer certificate may contain data attesting to the Device hardening and security properties

7.3 Security considerations

When an OCF Server receives a request sent via the OCF Cloud, then the OCF Server permits that request using the identity of the OCF Cloud rather than the identity of the OCF Client. If there is no mechanism through which the OCF Cloud permits only those interactions which the user intends between OCF Clients and OCF Server via the OCF Cloud, and denies all other interactions, then OCF Clients might get elevated privileges by submitting a request via the OCF Cloud. This is highly undesirable from the security perspective. Consequently, OCF Cloud implementations are expected to provide some mechanism through which the OCF Cloud prevents OCF Clients getting elevated privileges when submitting a request via the OCF Cloud. In the present document release, the details of the mechanism are left to the implementation.

The security considerations about the manufacturer certificate as described in clause 7.3.6.5 of ISO/IEC 30118-2 are also applicable in the Device authentication with the OCF Cloud.

The Device should validate the OCF Cloud's TLS certificate as defined by IETF RFC 6125 and in accordance with its requirements for Server identity authentication.

The "uid" and "di" Property Value of "/oic/d" Resource may be considered personally identifiable information in some regulatory regions, and the OCF Cloud is expected to provide protections appropriate to its governing regulatory bodies.

8 Message integrity and confidentiality

8.1 OCF Cloud session semantics

The messages between the OCF Cloud and Device shall be exchanged only if the Device and OCF Cloud authenticate each other as described in 6.3. The asymmetric cipher suites as described in 8.2 shall be employed for establishing a secured session and for encrypting/decrypting between the OCF Cloud and the Device. The OCF Endpoint sending the message shall encrypt and authenticate the message using the cipher suite as described in 8.2 and the OCF Endpoint shall verify and decrypt the message before processing it.

8.2 Cipher suites for OCF Cloud Credentials

All Devices supporting OCF Cloud Certificate Credentials shall implement:

TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

All Devices supporting OCF Cloud Certificate Credentials should implement:

TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256,

TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256,

TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384,

TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384,

TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384

9 Security Resources

9.1 Account Resource

The Account Resource specifies the Properties based on ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*

https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

IETF RFC 6749 Access Token based account creation. The mechanism to obtain credentials is described in Clause 6. The Account Resource is used for Device Registration. The Account Resource is instantiated on the OCF Cloud as "oic/sec/account" SVR and is used by OCF Cloud-enabled Devices to register with the OCF Cloud. It should be only accessible on a secure channel; non-secure channel should not be able access this Resource.

During the Device Registration process, an OCF Cloud can provide a distinct URI of another OCF Cloud ("redirected-to" OCF Cloud). Both initial and redirected-to OCF Clouds are expected to belong to the same Vendor; they are assumed to have the same UUID and are assumed to have an Out-of-Band Communication Channel established. Device does not have to perform the Device Registration on the redirected-to OCF Cloud and the OCF Cloud may ignore such attempts.

Redirected-to OCF Cloud is expected to accept the Access Token, provided to the Device by the initial OCF Cloud.

The RETRIEVE operation on OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/account" Resource is not allowed and the OCF Cloud is expected to reject all attempts to perform such operation.

The UPDATE operation on the OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/account" Resource behaves as follows:

– A Device intending to register with the OCF Cloud shall send UPDATE with following Properties "di" ("di" Property Value of "/oic/d" Resource), and "accesstoken" as configured by the Mediator ("at" Property Value of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource). The OCF Cloud verifies it is the same "accesstoken" which was assigned to the Mediator for the corresponding "di" Property Value. The "accesstoken" is the permission for the Device to access the OCF Cloud. If the "apn" was included when the Mediator UPDATED the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource, the Device shall also include "authprovider" Property when registering with the OCF Cloud. If no "apn" is specified, then the "authprovider" Property shall not be included in the UPDATE request.

OCF Cloud returns "accesstoken", "uid", "refreshtoken", and "expiresin" It may also return "redirecturi". Received "accesstoken" is to be treated by Device as an Access Token with "Bearer" token type as defined in IETF RFC 6750. This "accesstoken" shall be used for the following Account Session start using "oic/sec/session" SVR. Received "refreshtoken" is to be treated by Device as a Refresh Token as defined in ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture*
https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

– IETF RFC 6749. The Device stores the OCF Cloud's Response values. If "redirecturi" is received, Device shall use received value as a new OCF Cloud URI instead of "cis" Property Value of "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource for further connections.

The DELETE operation on the OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/account" Resource should behave as follows:

– To deregister with the OCF Cloud, a DELETE operation shall be sent. If the session has not been created and the TLS connection is not authorized, DELETE operation shall be sent with the "accesstoken" and either the "uid" or "di" Properties to be deregistered with the OCF Cloud as query parameters. In case the "di" Property is omitted in a DELETE operation, the OCF Cloud is expected to deregister the Device with a matching "accesstoken" Property value. In case the session is already created and the TLS connection is already authorized, no query parameters ("accesstoken", "uid", or "di") are required in the DELETE request. On DELETE with the OCF Cloud, the Device should also delete values internally stored. Once deregistered from an OCF Cloud, a Device can connect to any other OCF Cloud. Device deregistered needs to go through the steps in clause 6 again to be registered with the OCF Cloud.

The "oic.r.account" Resource is defined in Table 3. Complete details are provided in annex A.2.

Table 3 – Definition of the "oic.r.account" Resource

Fixed URI	Resource Type Title	Resource Type ID ("rt" value)	OCF Interfaces	Description	Related Functional Interaction
/oic/sec/account	Account	oic.r.account	oic.if.baseline	Resource used for a Device to add itself under a given credential	N/A

Table 4 defines the Properties of the "oic.r.account " Resource Type.

550 **Table 4 – Properties of the "oic.r.account" Resource**

Property Title	Property Name	Value Type	Value Rule	Access Mode	Mandatory	Description
Device UUID	di	string	uuid	W	Yes	Unique Device identifier. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Authorization Provider Name	authprovider	string	N/A	W	No	The name of Authorization Provider through which Access Token was obtained.
Access Token	accesstoken	string	Non-empty string	W	Yes	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID, or the Authorization Code which is then verified and exchanged for the Access Token during Device Registration. Property is not required if the TLS connection is already authorized.
Access Token	accesstoken	string	Non-empty string	R	Yes	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID.
Refresh Token	refreshtoken	string	Non-empty string	R	Yes	Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting expired.
Token Expiration	expiresin	integer	-	R	Yes	Access Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent).
User ID	uid	string	uuid	R	Yes	Unique OCF Cloud User identifier. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Redirect URI	redirecturi	string	-	R	No	Using this URI, the Client needs to reconnect to a redirected OCF Cloud. If provided, this value shall be used by the Device instead of Mediator-provided URI during the Device Registration.

551 ## 9.2 Account Session Resource

552 The "/oic/sec/session" Resource hosted on the OCF Cloud is used for creating connections with
553 the OCF Cloud subsequent to Device registration though "/oic/sec/account" Resource. The
554 "/oic/sec/session" Resource requires the Device UUID, User ID and Access Token which are stored
555 securely on the Device.

556 The "/oic/sec/session" Resource is exposed by the OCF Cloud. It should be only accessible on a
557 secure channel; non-secure channel cannot access this Resource.

558 The RETRIEVE operation on OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/session" Resource is not allowed and the OCF
559 Cloud is expected to reject all attempts to perform such operation.

560 The UPDATE operation is defined as follows for OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/session" Resource:

561 – The Device connecting to the OCF Cloud shall send an UPDATE request message to the OCF
562 Cloud's "/oic/sec/session" Resource. The message shall include the "di" Property Value of
563 "/oic/d" Resource and "uid", "login" Value ("true" to establish connection; "false" to disconnect)
564 and "accesstoken" as returned by OCF Cloud during Device Registration. The OCF Cloud
565 verifies it is the same Access Token which was returned to the Device during Device
566 Registration process or during Token Refresh. If Device was attempting to establish the
567 connection and provided values were verified as correct by the OCF Cloud, OCF Cloud sends
568 a response with remaining lifetime of the associated Access Token ("expiresin" Property Value).

569 The "oic.r.session" Resource is defined in Table 5.

570 **Table 5 – Definition of the "oic.r.session" Resource**

Fixed URI	Resource Type Title	Resource Type ID ("rt" value)	OCF Interfaces	Description	Related Functional Interaction
/oic/sec/session	Account Session	oic.r.session	oic.if.baseline	Resource that enables a Device to manage its session using login or logout	N/A

571 Table 6 defines the Properties of the "oic.r.session" Resource. Complete details are provided in
572 annex A.3.

573 **Table 6 – Properties of the "oic.r.session" Resource**

Property Title	Property Name	Value Type	Value Rule	Access Mode	Mandatory	Description
User ID	uid	string	uuid	W	Yes	User ID provided by Device Registration process. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Device UUID	di	string	uuid	W	Yes	Unique Device UUID registered for a Device. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Access Token	accesstoken	string	A string of at least one character	W	Yes	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID
Login Status	login	boolean	N/A	W	Yes	Action for the request: true = login, false = logout
Token Expiration	expiresin	integer	N/A	R	Yes	Remaining Access Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent) This Property is only provided to Device during connection establishment (when "login" Property Value equals "true"), it's not available otherwise

574 ## 9.3 Account Token Refresh Resource

575 The "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" Resource is used by the Device for refreshing the Access Token.

576 The "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" Resource is hosted by the OCF Cloud. It should be only accessible on
577 a secure channel; non-secure channel cannot access this Resource.

578 The Device should use "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" to refresh the Access Token with the OCF Cloud,
579 when the time specified in "expiresin" is near.

580 The RETRIEVE operation on OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/ tokenrefresh" Resource is not allowed and the
581 OCF Cloud is expected to reject all attempts to perform such operation.

582 The UPDATE operation is defined as follows for "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" Resource

583 – The Device attempting to refresh the Access Token shall send an UPDATE request message
584 to the OCF Cloud's "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" Resource. The message shall include the "di"
585 Property Value of "/oic/d" Resource, "uid" and "refreshtoken", as returned by OCF Cloud.

586 OCF Cloud response is expected to include a "refreshtoken", new "accesstoken", and "expiresin".
587 Received "accesstoken" is to be treated by Device as an Access Token with "Bearer" token type
588 as defined in IETF RFC 6750. This Access Token is the permission for the Device to access the
589 OCF Cloud. Received "refreshtoken" is to be treated by Device as a Refresh Token as defined in
590 ISO/IEC 17788 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Overview and vocabulary*
591 https://www.iso.org/standard/60544.html

ISO/IEC 17789 *Information technology – Cloud computing – Reference architecture* https://www.iso.org/standard/60545.html

– IETF RFC 6749. Received "refreshtoken" may be the new Refresh Token or the same one as provided by the Device in the UPDATE request. In case when new distinct "refreshtoken" is provided by the OCF Cloud, the Device shall discard the old value. The OCF Cloud's response values "refreshtoken", "accesstoken" and "expiresin" are securely stored on the Device.

The "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource is defined in Table 7. Complete details are provided in annex A.4.

Table 7 – Definition of the "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource

Fixed URI	Resource Type Title	Resource Type ID ("rt" value)	OCF Interfaces	Description	Related Functional Interaction
/oic/sec/tokenrefresh	Token Refresh	oic.r.tokenrefresh	oic.if.baseline	Resource to manage the access-token using refresh token	N/A

Table 8 defines the Properties of the "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource.

Table 8 – Properties of the "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource

Property Title	Property Name	Value Type	Value Rule	Access Mode	Mandatory	Description
User ID	uid	string	uuid	W	Yes	User ID provided by Sign-up process. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Device UUID	di	string	uuid	W	Yes	Unique Device UUID registered for an OCF Cloud User account. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
Refresh Token	refreshtoken	string	A string of at least one character	RW	Yes	Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting expired.
Access Token	accesstoken	string	A string of at least one character	R	Yes	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID.
Token Expiration	expiresin	integer	-	R	Yes	Access Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent).

10 Security hardening guidelines

10.1 Security hardening guidelines general

In addition to the Sensitive Data list outlined in Table 75 of ISO/IEC 30118-2, any Device implementing OCF Cloud connection capabilities should also provide reasonable protection for the information in Table 9.

Table 9 – Sensitive Data related to OCF Cloud

Data	Integrity protection	Confidentiality protection
OCF Cloud URL	Yes	Not required
OCF Cloud Identity	Yes	Not required

Annex A
(normative)
Resource Type definitions

A.1 List of Resource Type definitions

All the clauses in Annex A describe the Resource Types with a RESTful API definition language. The Resource Type definitions presented in Annex A are formatted for readability, and so may appear to have extra line breaks.

Table A.1 contains the list of defined security Resources in this document.

Table A.1 – Alphabetized list of security Resources

Friendly Name (informative)	Resource Type (rt)	Clause
Account	oic.r.account	A.2
Account Session	oic.r.session	A.3
Account Token Refresh	oic.r.tokenrefresh	A.4

A.2 Account Token

A.2.1 Introduction

Sign-up using generic account provider.

A.2.2 Well-known URI

/oic/sec/account

A.2.3 Resource type

The Resource Type is defined as: "oic.r.account".

A.2.4 OpenAPI 2.0 definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Account Token",
    "version": "20190111",
    "license": {
      "name": "OCF Data Model License",
      "url":
"https://github.com/openconnectivityfoundation/core/blob/e28a9e0a92e17042ba3e83661e4c0fbce8bdc4ba/LI
CENSE.md",
      "x-copyright": "copyright 2016-2017, 2019 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
reserved."
    },
    "termsOfService": "https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/DISCLAIMER.md"
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/oic/sec/account" : {
      "post": {
        "description": "Sign-up using generic account provider.\n",
        "parameters": [
          {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface"},
          {
            "name": "body",
            "in": "body",
            "required": true,
            "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Account-request" },
            "x-example":
              {
```

```
                  "di" : "9cfbeb8e-5a1e-4d1c-9d01-00c04fd430c8",
                  "authprovider" : "github",
                  "accesstoken" : "8802f2eaf8b5e147a936"
                }
            }
          ],
          "responses": {
              "204": {
                "description" : "2.04 Changed respond with required and optional information\n",
                "x-example":
                  {
                    "rt": ["oic.r.account"],
                    "accesstoken" : "0f3d9f7fe5491d54077d",
                    "refreshtoken" : "00fe4644a6fbe5324eec",
                    "expiresin" : 3600,
                    "uid" : "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-d6e313b71d9f",
                    "redirecturi" : "coaps+tcp://example.com:443"
                  },
                "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Account-response" }
              }
          }
        },
        "delete": {
          "description": "Delete a device. This also removes all resources in the device on cloud
side.\nexample: /oic/account?di=9cfbeb8e-5a1e-4d1c-9d01-
00c04fd430c8&accesstoken=0f3d9f7fe5491d54077d\n",
          "parameters": [
            {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface"}
          ],
          "responses": {
              "202": {
                "description" : "2.02 Deleted response informing the device is successfully
deleted.\n"
              }
          }
        }
      }
    },
    "parameters": {
      "interface" : {
        "in" : "query",
        "name" : "if",
        "type" : "string",
        "enum" : ["oic.if.baseline"]
      }
    },
    "definitions": {
      "Account-request" : {
        "properties": {
          "authprovider": {
            "description": "The name of Authorization Provider through which Access Token was
obtained",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "accesstoken" : {
            "description": "Access-Token used for communication with OCF Cloud after account
creation",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "di": {
            "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "type" : "object",
        "required": ["di", "accesstoken"]
      },
      "Account-response": {
        "properties": {
```



```
          "expiresin" : {
            "description": "Access-Token remaining life time in seconds (-1 if permanent)",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "integer"
          },
          "rt": {
            "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
            "items": {
              "maxLength": 64,
              "type": "string",
              "enum" : ["oic.r.account"]
            },
            "minItems": 1,
            "maxItems": 1,
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "array"
          },
          "refreshtoken" : {
            "description": "Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting
expired",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
          },
          "uid" : {
            "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "accesstoken" : {
            "description": "Access-Token used for communication with cloud after account creation",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "n": {
            "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/n"
          },
          "id": {
            "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/id"
          },
          "redirecturi" : {
            "description": "Using this URI, the Client needs to reconnect to a redirected OCF Cloud.
If provided, this value shall be used by the Device instead of Mediator-provided URI during the
Device Registration.",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
          },
          "if": {
            "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
            "items": {
              "enum": [
                "oic.if.baseline"
              ],
              "type": "string"
            },
            "minItems": 1,
            "maxItems": 1,
            "uniqueItems": true,
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "array"
          }
        },
        "type" : "object",
        "required": ["accesstoken", "refreshtoken", "expiresin", "uid"]
      }
    }
```


801 }
802

803 ### A.2.5 Property definition

804 Table A.2 defines the Properties that are part of the "oic.r.account" Resource Type.

805 **Table A.2 – The Property definitions of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.account".**

Property name	Value type	Mandatory	Access mode	Description
di	string	Yes	Write Only	Unique Device identifier. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
authprovider	string	No	Write Only	The name of Authorization Provider through which Access Token was obtained.
accesstoken	string	Yes	Write Only	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID, or the Authorization Code which is then verified and exchanged for the Access Token during Device Registration.
id	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	
refreshtoken	string	Yes	Read Only	Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting expired.
rt	array: see schema	No	Read Only	Resource Type of the Resource
accesstoken	string	Yes	Read Only	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID.
uid	string	Yes	Read Only	Unique OCF Cloud User

				identifier. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
expiresin	integer	Yes	Read Only	Access-Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent)
if	array: see schema	No	Read Only	The interface set supported by this Resource
redirecturi	string	No	Read Only	Using this URI, the Client needs to reconnect to a redirected OCF Cloud. If provided, this value shall be used by the Device instead of Mediator-provided URI during the Device Registration.
n	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	

A.2.6 CRUDN behaviour

Table A.3 defines the CRUDN operations that are supported on the "oic.r.account" Resource Type.

Table A.3 – The CRUDN operations of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.account".

Create	Read	Update	Delete	Notify
		post	delete	

A.3 Session

A.3.1 Introduction

Resource that manages the persistent session between a Device and OCF Cloud.

A.3.2 Well-known URI

/oic/sec/session

A.3.3 Resource type

The Resource Type is defined as: "oic.r.session".

A.3.4 OpenAPI 2.0 definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Session",
    "version": "v1.0-20181001",
    "license": {
      "name": "OCF Data Model License",
      "url":
"https://github.com/openconnectivityfoundation/core/blob/e28a9e0a92e17042ba3e83661e4c0fbce8bdc4ba/LI
CENSE.md",
      "x-copyright": "copyright 2016-2017, 2019 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
reserved."
    },
```

```
      "termsOfService": "https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/DISCLAIMER.md"
    },
    "schemes": ["http"],
    "consumes": ["application/json"],
    "produces": ["application/json"],
    "paths": {
      "/oic/sec/session" : {
        "post": {
          "description": "Resource that manages the persistent session between a Device and OCF
Cloud.",
          "parameters": [
            {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface"},
            {
              "name": "body",
              "in": "body",
              "required": true,
              "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Account-Session-Request" },
              "x-example":
                {
                  "uid" : "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-d6e313b71d9f",
                  "di" : "9cfbeb8e-5a1e-4d1c-9d01-00c04fd430c8",
                  "accesstoken" : "0f3d9f7fe5491d54077d",
                  "login" : true
                }
            }
          ],
          "responses": {
              "204": {
                "description" : "",
                "x-example":
                  {
                    "rt": ["oic.r.session"],
                    "expiresin" : 3600
                  },
                "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Account-Session-Response" }
              }
          }
        }
      }
    },
    "parameters": {
      "interface" : {
        "in" : "query",
        "name" : "if",
        "type" : "string",
        "enum" : ["oic.if.baseline"]
      }
    },
    "definitions": {
      "Account-Session-Request" : {
        "properties": {
          "uid": {
            "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "di": {
            "description": "The Device UUID\nFormat pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "accesstoken": {
            "description": "Access-Token used to grant access right for the Device to sign-in.",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "login": {
            "description": "Action for the request: true = login, false = logout.",
            "type": "boolean"
          }
```



```
      },
      "type" : "object",
      "required": ["uid", "di", "accesstoken", "login"]
    },
    "Account-Session-Response" : {
      "properties": {
        "expiresin": {
          "description": "Access-Token remaining life time in seconds (-1 if permanent).",
          "readOnly": true,
          "type": "integer"
        },
        "rt": {
          "description": "Resource Type of the Resource.",
          "items": {
            "maxLength": 64,
            "type": "string",
            "enum": ["oic.r.session"]
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "readOnly": true,
          "type": "array"
        },
        "n": {
          "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/n"
        },
        "id": {
          "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/id"
        },
        "if": {
          "description": "The interface set supported by this Resource.",
          "items": {
            "enum": [
              "oic.if.baseline"
            ],
            "type": "string"
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "readOnly": true,
          "type": "array"
        }
      },
      "type" : "object",
      "required" : ["expiresin"]
    }
  }
}
```

A.3.5 Property definition

Table A.4 defines the Properties that are part of the "oic.r.session" Resource Type.

Table A.4 – The Property definitions of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.session".

Property name	Value type	Mandatory	Access mode	Description
if	array: see schema	No	Read Only	The interface set supported by this Resource.
expiresin	integer	Yes	Read Only	Remaining Access Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent). This Property is only provided to

				Device during connection establishment (when "login" Property Value equals "true"), it's not available otherwise.
rt	array: see schema	No	Read Only	Resource Type of the Resource.
id	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	
n	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	
di	string	Yes	Write Only	Unique Device UUID registered for a Device. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
accesstoken	string	Yes	Write Only	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID.
uid	string	Yes	Write Only	User ID provided by Device Registration process. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
login	boolean	Yes	Write Only	Action for the request: true = login, false = logout.

A.3.6 CRUDN behaviour

Table A.5 defines the CRUDN operations that are supported on the "oic.r.session" Resource Type.

Table A.5 – The CRUDN operations of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.session".

Create	Read	Update	Delete	Notify
		post		

A.4 Token Refresh

A.4.1 Introduction

Obtain fresh Access Token using the refresh token, client should refresh Access Token before it expires.

A.4.2 Well-known URI

/oic/sec/tokenrefresh

A.4.3 Resource type

The Resource Type is defined as: "oic.r.tokenrefresh".

A.4.4 OpenAPI 2.0 definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Token Refresh",
    "version": "v1.0-20181001",
    "license": {
      "name": "OCF Data Model License",
      "url":
"https://github.com/openconnectivityfoundation/core/blob/e28a9e0a92e17042ba3e83661e4c0fbce8bdc4ba/LI
CENSE.md",
      "x-copyright": "copyright 2016-2017, 2019 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
reserved."
    },
    "termsOfService": "https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/DISCLAIMER.md"
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" : {
      "post": {
        "description": "Obtain fresh access-token using the refresh token, client should refresh
access-token before it expires.\n",
        "parameters": [
          {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface"},
          {
            "name": "body",
            "in": "body",
            "required": true,
            "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/TokenRefresh-Request" },
            "x-example":
              {
                "uid" : "123e4567-e89b-12d3-a456-d6e313b71d9f",
                "di" : "9cfbeb8e-5a1e-4d1c-9d01-00c04fd430c8",
                "refreshtoken" : "00fe4644a6fbe5324eec"
              }
          }
        ],
        "responses": {
            "204": {
              "description" : "2.04 Changed respond with new access-token.\n",
              "x-example":
                {
                  "rt": ["oic.r.tokenrefresh"],
                  "accesstoken" : "8ce598980761869837be",
                  "refreshtoken" : "d4922312b6df0518e146",
                  "expiresin" : 3600
                }
                ,
              "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/TokenRefresh-Response" }
            }
        }
      }
    }
  },
  "parameters": {
    "interface" : {
      "in" : "query",
      "name" : "if",
      "type" : "string",
      "enum" : ["oic.if.baseline"]
    }
  },
  "definitions": {
    "TokenRefresh-Request" : {
      "properties": {
        "refreshtoken": {
```

```
            "description": "Refresh token received by account management or during token refresh
procedure.",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "uid": {
            "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "di": {
            "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "type" : "object",
        "required": ["uid", "di", "refreshtoken"]
      },
      "TokenRefresh-Response" : {
        "properties": {
          "expiresin": {
            "description": "Access-Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent).",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "integer"
          },
          "rt": {
            "description": "Resource Type of the Resource.",
            "items": {
              "maxLength": 64,
              "type": "string",
              "enum": ["oic.r.tokenrefresh"]
            },
            "minItems": 1,
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "array"
          },
          "refreshtoken": {
            "description": "Refresh token received by account management or during token refresh
procedure.",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "accesstoken": {
            "description": "Granted Access-Token.",
            "pattern": "(?!$|\\s+).*",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
          },
          "n": {
            "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/n"
          },
          "id": {
            "$ref":
"https://openconnectivityfoundation.github.io/core/schemas/oic.common.properties.core-
schema.json#/definitions/id"
          },
          "if" :
                  {
            "description": "The interface set supported by this Resource.",
            "items": {
              "enum": [
                "oic.if.baseline"
              ],
              "type": "string"
            },
            "minItems": 1,
            "readOnly": true,
```



```
            "type": "array"
          }
        },
        "type" : "object",
        "required": ["accesstoken", "refreshtoken", "expiresin"]
      }
    }
}
```

A.4.5 Property definition

Table A.6 defines the Properties that are part of the "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource Type.

Table A.6 – The Property definitions of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.tokenrefresh".

Property name	Value type	Mandatory	Access mode	Description
refreshtoken	string	Yes	Write Only	Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting expired.
uid	string	Yes	Write Only	User ID provided by Sign-up process. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
di	string	Yes	Write Only	Unique Device UUID registered for an OCF Cloud User account. Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
if	array: see schema	No	Read Only	The interface set supported by this Resource.
expiresin	integer	Yes	Read Only	Access Token life time in seconds (-1 if permanent).
accesstoken	string	Yes	Read Only	Access Token used to authorize and associate the TLS connection for communication with the OCF Cloud with the Device UUID.
refreshtoken	string	Yes	Read Only	Refresh token can be used to refresh the Access Token before getting expired.
n	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	

rt	array: see schema	No	Read Only	Resource Type of the Resource.
id	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Write	

A.4.6 CRUDN behaviour

Table A.7 defines the CRUDN operations that are supported on the "oic.r.tokenrefresh" Resource Type.

Table A.7 – The CRUDN operations of the Resource with type "rt" = "oic.r.tokenrefresh".

Create	Read	Update	Delete	Notify
		post		

