

OCF Cloud Specification

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95 **1 Scope**

96 This document defines functional extensions to the capabilities defined in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018
97 to meet the requirements of the OCF Cloud. This document specifies new Resource Types to
98 enable the functionality and any extensions to the existing capabilities defined in ISO/IEC 30118-
99 1:2018.

100 **2 Normative references**

101 The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content
102 constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For
103 undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments)
104 applies.

105 ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 Information technology -- Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF)
106 Specification -- Part 1: Core specification
107 <https://www.iso.org/standard/53238.html>
108 Latest version available at: https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Core_Specification.pdf

109 ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Information technology -- Open Connectivity Foundation (OCF)
110 Specification -- Part 2: Security specification
111 <https://www.iso.org/standard/74239.html>
112 Latest version available at: https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Security_Specification.pdf

113 OCF Wi-Fi Easy Setup, *Open Connectivity Foundation Wi-Fi Easy Setup*, Version 2.0.1
114 Latest version available at:
115 https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Wi-Fi_Easy_Setup_Specification.pdf

116 IETF RFC 6749, *The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework*, October 2012
117 <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749>

118 OpenAPI specification, *fka Swagger RESTful API Documentation Specification*, Version 2.0
119 <https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md>

120 **3 Terms, definitions, and abbreviated terms**

121 **3.1 Terms and definitions**

122 For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 and
123 ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 and the following apply.

124 ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following
125 addresses:

126 – ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

127 – IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

128 **3.1.1**

129 **Cloud Provider**

130 entity or organization that hosts an OCF Cloud (3.1.2).

131 **3.1.2**

132 **OCF Cloud**

133 an OCF Cloud is not an OCF Device, but a logical entity that is owned by the Cloud Provider (3.1.1).

134 An OCF Cloud is authorised to communicate with a Device on behalf of the OCF Cloud User.

135 **3.2 Abbreviated terms**

136 **3.2.1**

137 **UX**

138 User Experience

139

140 **4 Document conventions and organization**

141 **4.1 Conventions**

142 In this document a number of terms, conditions, mechanisms, sequences, parameters, events,
143 states, or similar terms are printed with the first letter of each word in uppercase and the rest
144 lowercase (e.g., Network Architecture). Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal
145 technical English meaning.

146 **4.2 Notation**

147 In this document, features are described as required, recommended, allowed or DEPRECATED as
148 follows:

149 Required (or shall or mandatory)(M).

- 150 – These basic features shall be implemented to comply with Core Architecture. The phrases “shall
151 not”, and “PROHIBITED” indicate behaviour that is prohibited, i.e. that if performed means the
152 implementation is not in compliance.

153 Recommended (or should)(S).

- 154 – These features add functionality supported by Core Architecture and should be implemented.
155 Recommended features take advantage of the capabilities Core Architecture, usually without
156 imposing major increase of complexity. Notice that for compliance testing, if a recommended
157 feature is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these
158 guidelines. Some recommended features could become requirements in the future. The phrase
159 “should not” indicates behaviour that is permitted but not recommended.

160 Allowed (may or allowed)(O).

- 161 – These features are neither required nor recommended by Core Architecture, but if the feature
162 is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these
163 guidelines.

164 DEPRECATED.

- 165 – Although these features are still described in this document, they should not be implemented
166 except for backward compatibility. The occurrence of a deprecated feature during operation of
167 an implementation compliant with the current document has no effect on the implementation’s
168 operation and does not produce any error conditions. Backward compatibility may require that
169 a feature is implemented and functions as specified but it shall never be used by
170 implementations compliant with this document.

171 Conditionally allowed (CA)

- 172 – The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the
173 definition or behaviour is allowed, otherwise it is not allowed.

174 Conditionally required (CR)

- 175 – The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the
176 definition or behaviour is required. Otherwise the definition or behaviour is allowed as default
177 unless specifically defined as not allowed.

178

179 Strings that are to be taken literally are enclosed in “double quotes”.

180 Words that are emphasized are printed in italic.

181 **5 Overview**

182 **5.1 Introduction**

183 An OCF Cloud extends the use of CoAP to enable a Device to interact with a cloud by utilizing
184 following features

- 185 – CoAP over TCP protocol defined in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018
- 186 – Resource Directory defined in ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018
- 187 – The requirements within this document
- 188 – Security requirements and SVRs defined within the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018

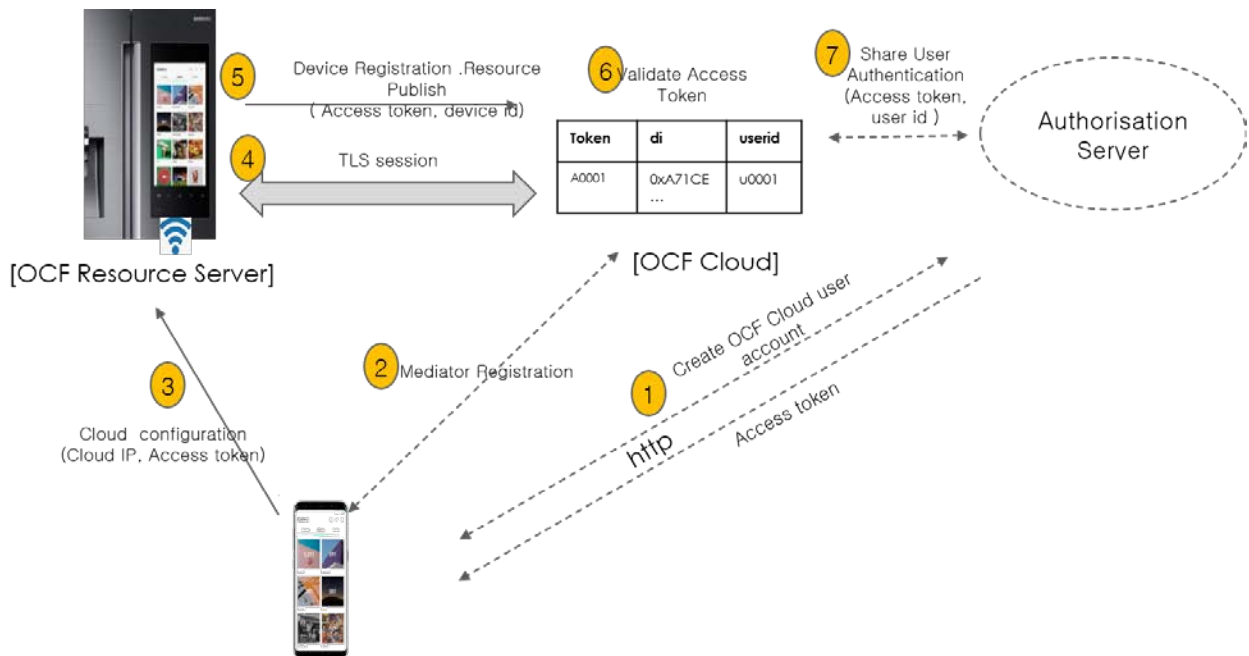
189 Devices which are not within a single local network may interact with each other using CoAP over
190 TCP (see ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018) via an OCF Cloud. At any point in time, a Device is configured
191 to use at most one OCF Cloud. The OCF Cloud groups Devices that belong to same OCF Cloud
192 User under an OCF Cloud created User ID. All the Devices registered to the OCF Cloud and
193 belonging to the same User ID can communicate with each other subject to the Device(s)
194 authorising the OCF Cloud in the ACE2 policies.

195 Annex A specifies the Resource Type definitions using the schema defined in the OpenAPI
196 specification as the API definition language that shall be followed by an OCF Device realizing the
197 Resources specified in this document.

198 Note that an OCF Cloud is not an OCF Device, but a logical entity that is owned by the Cloud
199 Provider. An OCF Cloud is authorized to communicate with a Device by the OCF Cloud User

200 **5.2 Interaction Flow**

201 This clause describes how the elements with the overall OCF Cloud interact. Figure 1 provides an
202 overall introduction, Table 1 provides additional context to the elements in the flow.



203

204

Figure 1 – OCF Cloud deployment architecture

205

206

Table 1 – OCF Cloud Deployment Flow

Steps	Description
1	The Mediator obtains an Access Token for the OCF Cloud User from an Authorisation Provider
2	The Mediator registers with the OCF Cloud
3	The Mediator provisions “oic.r.coapcloudconf” on the Device with an Access Token, the URL of the OCF Cloud, the identity (UUID) of the OCF Cloud, and optionally an Authorisation Provider Name.
4, 5	The Device establishes a TLS session to the OCF Cloud and subsequently registers with the OCF Cloud
6, 7	The OCF Cloud validates the registration request and authorises the Access Token. Returning information to the Device in the “uid” of the OCF Cloud User and the expiration information of the Access Token.

207

208 In the case where the OCF Cloud also acts as the Authorisation Server step 1 from Table 1 may
209 be between the Mediator and the OCF Cloud in which case step 7 is not required.

210 The OCF Cloud is a logical entity to which an OCF Device communicates via a persistent TLS
211 connection. It encapsulates two functions:

- 212 – an account server function which is a logical entity that handles Device registration, Access
213 Token validation and handles sign-in and token-refresh requests from the Device.
- 214 – a Resource Directory as defined by the ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018. The Resource Directory
215 exposes Resource information published by Devices. A Client, when discovering Devices,
216 receives a response from the Resource Directory on behalf of the Device. With information
217 included in the response from the Resource Directory, the Client may connect to the Device via
218 the OCF Cloud.

219 **5.3 Cloud Operational Flow**

220 The sub-clauses listed provide an informative overview of the flow which results on a Device being
221 registered with an OCF Cloud and Client interaction with that Device. The clauses provide
222 references to the applicable Clauses within this document and other documents that provide
223 normative details.

224 The flow consists of the following high-level steps:

- 225 – Pre-requisites and OCF Cloud User account creation (see 5.3.1)
- 226 – Mediator registration with the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.2)
- 227 – Device provisioning by the Mediator (see 5.3.3)
- 228 – Device registration with the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.4)
- 229 – Device connection with the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.5)
- 230 – Devices Publishing Links to the OCF Cloud RD (see 5.3.6)
- 231 – Client to Server communication through the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.7)
- 232 – Device refreshing connection with the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.8)
- 233 – Device closing connection with the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.9)
- 234 – Device de-registering from the OCF Cloud (see 5.3.10)

235 **5.3.1 Pre-requisites and OCF Cloud User Account Creation**

236 The OCF Cloud User has a Device that they want to hook up to the OCF Cloud so that they can
237 access it remotely.

238 The Device is onboarded to the OCF Network as defined in ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018.

239 The OCF Cloud User downloads a Mediator onto their personal device (e.g. phone) which will be
240 used to provision the Device. The Mediator is configured with or through some out of band process
241 to obtain the URL of the OCF Cloud (e.g. the Mediator may be an application from the Cloud
242 Provider).

243 The OCF Cloud User has access credentials for authenticating the OCF Cloud User to the
244 Authorisation Provider (i.e. user name/password or similar)

245 **5.3.2 Mediator registration with the OCF Cloud**

246 See 8.1.2.2.

247 Via some trigger (e.g. a UX or other out of bounds mechanism), the Mediator authenticates the
248 OCF Cloud User to the Authorisation Provider and requests Access Token from an Authorisation
249 Provider.

250 The Mediator registers by providing its Access Token to the OCF Cloud which verifies the token
251 and creates a User ID with which the Mediator is associated. All instances of a Mediator for the
252 same OCF Cloud User will be associated with the same User ID. Similarly, this same User ID may
253 be used to assign multiple Devices to the same OCF Cloud User

254 **5.3.3 Device provisioning by the Mediator**

255 See 8.1.2.3; see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 7.5.2

256 The Mediator connects to the Device through normal OCF processes. The Mediator then requests
257 an Access Token from the OCF Cloud for the Device being provisioned. The Mediator updates the
258 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on the Device with the Access Token received from the OCF Cloud,
259 the OCF Cloud URI, and the OCF Cloud UUID. The Mediator may also provide the Auth Provider
260 Name. Note that this Access Token may only be used one time for the initial Device Registration
261 with the OCF Cloud.

262 **5.3.4 Device Registration with the OCF Cloud.**

263 See 8.1.3 and 8.1.4; see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clauses 10.5, 13.11

264 On configuration of the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource by the Mediator, the Device establishes a
265 TLS connection with the OCF Cloud using the URI that was provisioned, and the Device's
266 manufacturer certificate and the trust anchor certificate(s) for OCF Cloud certificate validation, both
267 of which were installed by the Device manufacturer. The combination of the Device's manufacturer
268 certificate and OCF Cloud User's Access Token ensures the interactions between the OCF Cloud
269 and OCF Devices are within the OCF Cloud User's domain.

270 To register with the OCF Cloud, the Device then sends an UPDATE operation to the Account
271 Resource on the OCF Cloud which includes the Access Token that was provisioned in the
272 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource. Note that the OCF Cloud maintains a unique instance of the
273 Account Resource for every Device.

274 If the UPDATE is successfully validated, then the OCF Cloud provides an UPDATE response that
275 may provide updated values for the Access Token and details on the lifetime (expiration) of that
276 Token. The OCF Cloud also includes the User ID to which the Device is associated. All values
277 returned are stored securely on the Device. The returned Access Token is not written to the
278 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource.

279 The Device is now registered with the OCF Cloud.

280 **5.3.5 Connection with the OCF Cloud**

281 See 8.1.4, see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 13.12

282 In order to enable passing data between the Device and the OCF Cloud, the Device sends an
283 UPDATE request to the Session Resource; once validated, the OCF Cloud sends a response
284 message that includes the remaining lifetime of the associated Access Token. The Device now has
285 an active connection and can exchange data.

286 **5.3.6 Publishing Links to the OCF Cloud RD**

287 See 8.2; see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 10.5.

288 Once the TLS connection has been established to the OCF Cloud the Device exposes its Resources
289 in the Resource Directory in the OCF Cloud so that they may be seen/accessed remotely.

290 **5.3.7 Client to Server communication through the OCF Cloud**

291 See 8.4; see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 10.5.

292 As for a Server, Clients follow this same process and register with the OCF Cloud.

293 The OCF Cloud allows communication between all of an OCF Cloud User's Devices based on the
294 fact that they have the same User ID.

295 When the Client attempts CRUDN actions on the Links hosted by the OCF Cloud, the OCF Cloud
296 forwards those requests to the Device. The Device responds to the OCF Cloud which then proxies
297 the response to the Client (i.e. Client -> OCF Cloud -> Device -> OCF Cloud -> Client).

298 **5.3.8 Refreshing connection with the OCF Cloud**

299 See ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 13.13.

300 When (or before) the Access Token expires, the Device refreshes its token by sending an UPDATE
301 request to the Token Refresh Resource.

302 **5.3.9 Closing connection with the OCF Cloud**

303 See ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 13.12.

304 To log out of the OCF Cloud the Device sends an UPDATE request to the Session Resource
305 indicating a "login" status of "false". This does not delete or remove any of the Device Registration
306 information. The Device may log back into the OCF Cloud at any point prior to expiration of the
307 Access Token.

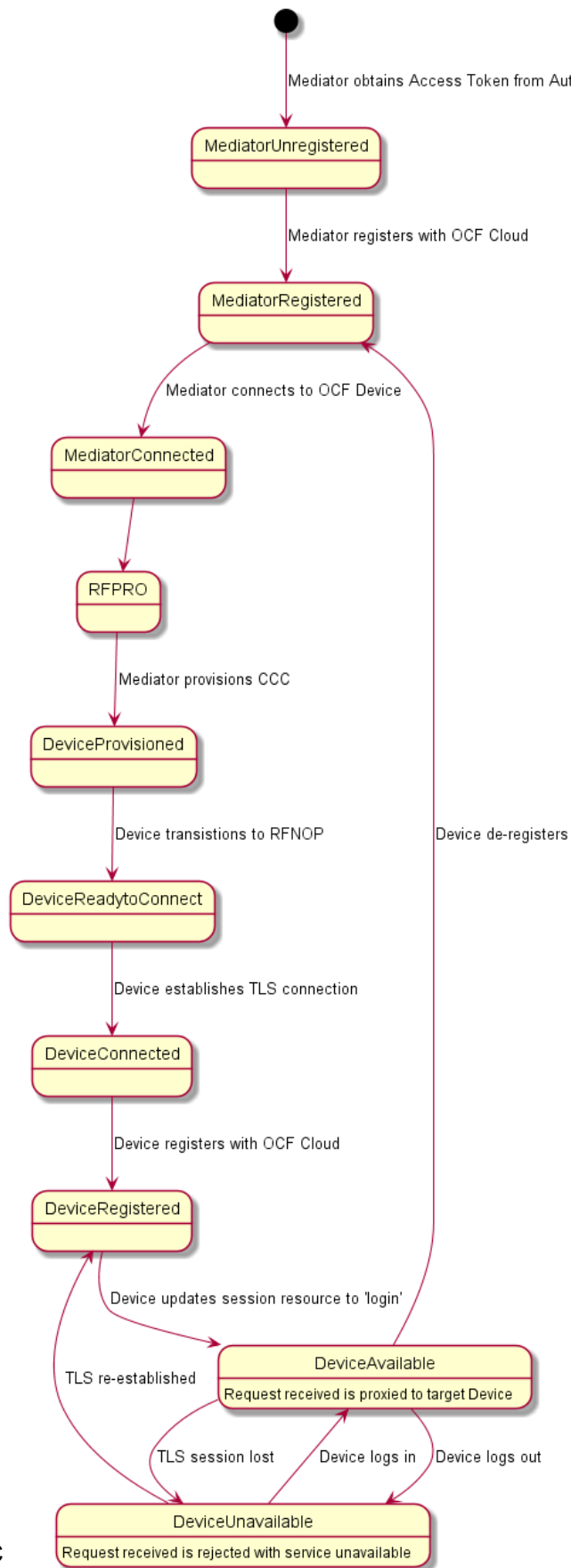
308 **5.3.10 Deregistering from the OCF Cloud**

309 See 8.5; see also ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 13.10.

310 To deregister with the OCF Cloud, the Device sends a DELETE request message to the Account
311 Resource including its Access Token. The OCF Cloud sends a response message confirming that
312 the Device has been deregistered.

313 To connect to the OCF Cloud again, the Device has to re-follow the flow starting with Mediator
314 provisioning (see 5.3.3).

315 Figure 2 captures the state machine that is described by the informative operation flow provided in
316 5.3



318

Figure 2 – Overall Operational State Machine

319

6 Resource model

320

6.1 CoAPCloudConf Resource

321

6.1.1 Introduction

322

The CoAPCloudConf resource exposes configuration information for connecting to an OCF Cloud.

323

This is an optional discoverable Resource, which may additionally be included within the Easy Setup Collection (“oic.r.easysetup”) and so used during the Easy Setup process as defined in .

324

325

The CoAPCloudConf Resource shall expose only secure Endpoints (e.g. CoAPS); see the ISO/IEC

326

30118-1:2018, clause 10.

327

6.1.2 Resource Definition

328

The CoAPCloudConf Resource is as defined in Table 2.

329

Table 2 – CoAPCloudConf Resource

Example URI	Resource Type Title	Resource Type ID (“rt” value)	Interfaces	Description	Related Functional Interaction
/example/CoapCloudConfResURI	CoAPCloudConf	oic.r.coapcloudconf	oic.if.rw, oic.if.baseline	Configuration information for connecting to an OCF Cloud. The Resource properties exposed are listed in Table 3.	N/A

330

331

332 Table 3 defines the details for the “oic.r.coapcloudconf” Resource Type.

333 **Table 3 – oic.r.coapcloudconf Resource Type definition**

Property title	Property name	Value type	Value rule	Unit	Access mode	Mandatory	Description
Auth Provider Name	apn	String	N/A	N/A	RW	No	The name of the Authorisation Provider through which access token was obtained.
OCF Cloud interface URL	cis	String	uri	N/A	RW	Yes	URL of OCF Cloud.
Access Token	at	String	The Access Token is a string of at least one character	N/A	W ¹	Yes (in an UPDATE only)	Access token which is returned by an Authorisation Provider or OCF Cloud.
OCF Cloud UUID	sid	uuid	N/A	N/A	RW	Yes	The identity of the OCF Cloud
Last Error Code during Cloud Provisioning	clec	integer	enum	N/A	R	No	0: No Error, 1: Error response from the OCF Cloud, 2: Failed to connect to the OCF Cloud, 3: Failed to refresh Access Token, 4~254: Reserved, 255: Unknown error

¹ The Access Token is not included in a RETRIEVE response payload. It can only be the target of an UPDATE.

334

335 If the “clec” Property is implemented by a Device it shall have an initial value of “0” (“No error”).

336 **6.1.3 Error Handling**

337 The "clec" Property of the CoAPCloudConf Resource (i.e. “oic.r.coapcloudconf”) is used to indicate
 338 any error that occurred in the cloud configuration process while trying to connect to the OCF Cloud
 339 (using the information populated by the Mediator in the CoAPCloudConf Resource). This is an
 340 optional Property and if implemented, is set by the Device:

- 341 – The Device shall set the “clec” Property to 1 if it receives an error response from the OCF Cloud
 342 (e.g. error response from the Cloud).
- 343 – The Device shall set the “clec” Property to 2 if there is a failure to connect to the OCF Cloud
 344 (e.g. no reply, timeout, or timeout).
- 345 – The Device shall set the “clec” Property to 3 if it fails to refresh the Access Token (e.g. if it
 346 receives an error response during the token refresh procedure).

347 **7 Network and connectivity**

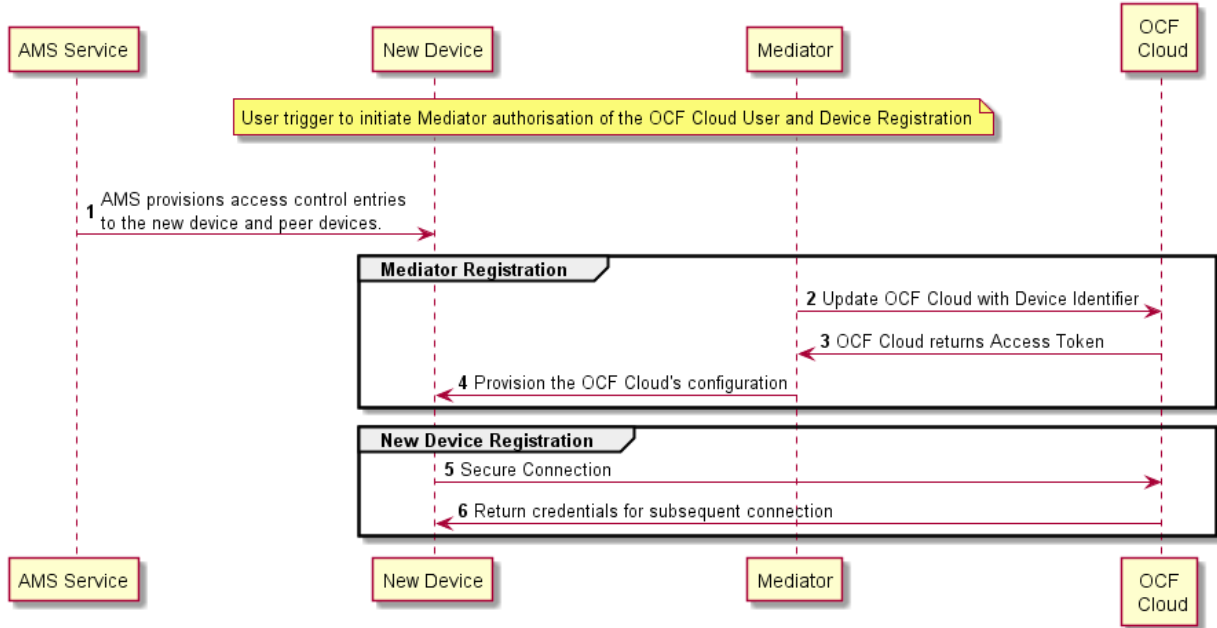
348 A TLS session exists between a Device and the OCF Cloud as specified in RFC 8323; this is
349 established following device configuration as detailed in 8.1.2.3.

350 **8 Functional interactions**

351 **8.1 Onboarding, Provisioning, and Configuration**

352 **8.1.1 Overview**

353 Figure 3 provides an overview of the interaction between the different entities to get the Device
 354 registered with the OCF Cloud. A summary of the flow is provided in Table 4.



355
 356 **Figure 3 – Registration with OCF Cloud**

357
 358 **Table 4 – Device to OCF Cloud Registration Flow**

Steps	Description
2-3	Mediator obtains the OCF Cloud User's information and authorisation.
4	Mediator provisions the credentials for the Device to connect to the OCF Cloud
5-6	Device connects to the OCF Cloud using manufacturer certificate. The OCF Cloud returns credentials to the Device, used for subsequent connection to the OCF Cloud.

359

360 **8.1.2 Use of Mediator**

361 **8.1.2.1 Introduction**

362 The Mediator is a specialised service that is used for provisioning the “oic.r.coapcloudconf”
 363 Resource, and enabling connection of a headless Device to an OCF Cloud. The Mediator is
 364 specified in ISO/IEC 30118-7:2018.

365 The Mediator is implemented as part of the OBT (Onboarding Tool); and so could be part of any
 366 Device that itself hosts an OBT. A Device is authorized to communicate with an OCF Cloud if a
 367 trusted Mediator has provisioned the Device. The Device and Mediator connect over DTLS using
 368 credentials from “/oic/sec/cred”.

369 As part of Device provisioning, the Mediator sets the following information in the
370 "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource exposed by the Device:

- 371 – OCF Cloud Interface URL ("cis") Property
- 372 – OCF Cloud UUID ("sid") Property (to verify Cloud identity)
- 373 – Access Token ("at") Property that is validated by the OCF Cloud
- 374 – Optionally the Authorisation Provider name ("apn") Property through which the Access Token
375 was obtained

376 If an error occurs during the process of registering and authenticating a Device with the OCF Cloud
377 the Mediator may RETRIEVE the "clec" Property if implemented by the "oic.r.coapcloudconf"
378 Resource on the Device to obtain a hint as to the cause of the error.

379 **8.1.2.2 OCF Cloud User Authorisation of the Mediator**

380 The Mediator uses a user authorisation mechanism to enable the OCF Cloud to validate the OCF
381 Cloud User's authorisation and obtain the OCF Cloud User's identity. The Authorisation Provider
382 should be trusted by both the OCF Cloud User and the OCF Cloud. The Mediator may use OAUTH
383 2.0 (see IETF RFC 6749) or another user authentication mechanism to obtain an Access Token as
384 a form of authorisation from an OCF Cloud User via an Authorisation Provider. This authorisation
385 achieves a variety of purposes. Firstly, the authorisation shows OCF Cloud User consent for
386 Mediator to connect to the OCF Cloud. Secondly, the authorisation is used to obtain information to
387 map the Devices to the same OCF Cloud User.

388 A user authorisation mechanism is used to achieve the following:

- 389 – Obtain an Access Token that is validated by the Cloud
- 390 – OCF Cloud User authorisation via an Authorisation Provider; this provides consent to connect
391 to the OCF Cloud.

392 If a different Mediator is used by the same OCF Cloud User, a new Access Token may be obtained
393 from an Authorisation Provider. Mediator Registration with the OCF Cloud

394 The Mediator connects to the OCF Cloud using a provisioned certificate on the Mediator to establish
395 a TLS connection.

396 On its first connection, the Mediator starts the registration process with the OCF Cloud. The
397 Mediator provides the OCF Cloud with the Mediator's Access Token received from the Authorisation
398 Provider in 8.1.2.2 in order to register with the OCF Cloud.

399 The OCF Cloud then verifies the Access Token with the Authorisation Provider. If the Authorisation
400 Provider validates the Access Token successfully, then it will return information about the OCF
401 Cloud User to whom the Access Token belongs. The OCF Cloud generates a unique Access Token
402 for the Mediator (which may be the original Access Token from the Mediator or a new Access Token)
403 and a User ID (i.e. "uid" Property of "oic.r.account") if this is the first instance of registering a
404 Mediator with this OCF Cloud User. The User ID acts as a unique identity for the OCF Cloud User.
405 All instances of a Mediator for the same OCF Cloud User will be associated with the same User ID.
406 This information is returned to the Mediator over TLS. The returned Access Token and User ID are
407 used by the OCF Cloud to identify the Mediator. This returned Access Token is used by the
408 Mediator in subsequent interactions with the OCF Cloud.

409 All Devices registering with the OCF Cloud receive the same User ID from the OCF Cloud when
410 registering with the same Mediator.

411 **8.1.2.3 Device Provisioning by the Mediator**

412 The Mediator obtains the OCF Cloud User's permission before the Mediator and OCF Cloud interact to preregister the Device with the OCF Cloud. This clause provides an informative description of the expected subsequent exchange between a Mediator and an OCF Cloud.

415 Once the OCF Cloud has associated the Mediator with a User ID, the Mediator can request the OCF Cloud to associate OCF Devices with the same User ID. To register the Device with the OCF Cloud, the Mediator first requests an Access Token for the Device from the OCF Cloud. The Mediator may provide the following information to the OCF Cloud to obtain an Access Token for the Device:

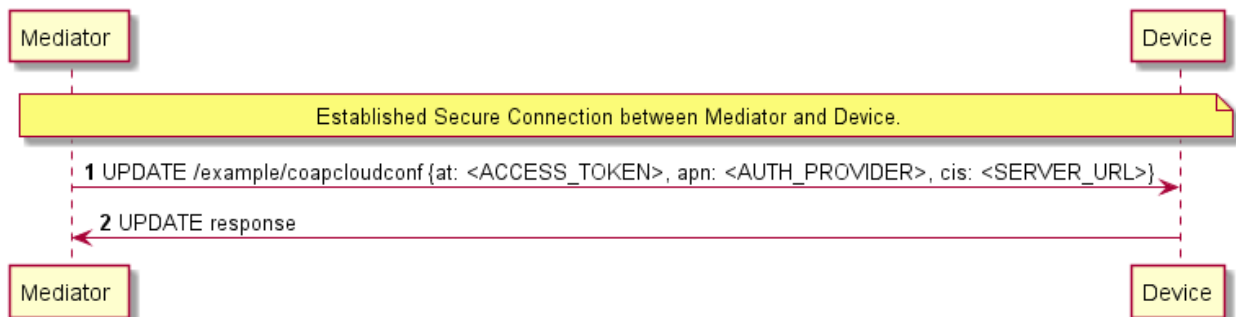
- 420 – Device ID (i.e. "di" Property Value of "/oic/d" of the Device)

421 The OCF Cloud then returns a unique Access Token for the Device. The OCF Cloud maintains a map where Access Token and Mediator-provided Device ID are stored. At the time of Device Registration OCF Cloud validates the Access Token and associates the TLS session with corresponding Device ID. The OCF Cloud may also return an Authorisation Provider Name associated with the Access Token if the Access Token for the Device was created by an entity other than the OCF Cloud.

427 The Mediator provides this Access Token to the Device ("at" Property) via an UPDATE to the Device's "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource. The provisioned Access Token is to be treated by Device as an Access Token with "Bearer" token type as defined in RFC 6750. The Mediator also provisions the OCF Cloud URI ("cis" Property), where the OCF Cloud URI can be either pre-configured or provided to the Mediator via OCF Cloud User input. The Mediator further provisions the OCF Cloud UUD ("sid" Property) to the identity of the OCF Cloud. If the OCF Cloud also returned an Authorisation Provider Name in association with the Access Token for the Device then this is also provisioned by the Mediator on the Device ("apn" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf").

435 See ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 clause 7.5.2 for details on the population of ACE2 entries on the Device to allow CRUDN operations from the Mediator and OCF Cloud.

437 Figure 4 describes the flow for provisioning of the Device by a Mediator. Table 5 provides additional context around the flow.



439

440 **Figure 4 – Device Provisioning by the Mediator**

441

442 **Table 5 – Device Provisioning by the Mediator**

Steps	Description
1 - 2	Mediator updates the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on the Device with configuration information to enable the Device to connect to the OCF Cloud

443

444 Please see ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 7.5.2 for further details on the mapping of Properties
445 between the Device and OCF Cloud.

446 **8.1.3 Device Connection to the OCF Cloud**

447 On conclusion of Device provisioning as defined in 8.1.2.3 and after transitioning to a state of
448 RFNOP (if not already in RFNOP) the Device shall establish a TLS connection with the OCF Cloud
449 as defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 10.5. Further see the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018
450 Clause 10.5.3 for additional security considerations.

451 If authentication of the TLS session being established as defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 fails,
452 the "clec" Property of the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on the Device (if supported) shall be
453 updated about the failed state. If authentication succeeds, the Device and OCF Cloud establish an
454 encrypted link in accordance with the negotiated cipher suite. Further, if the TLS connection is lost
455 due to a failure the "clec" Property of the "oic.r.coapcloudconf" Resource on the Device (if
456 supported) should be updated about the failed state (value of "2").

457 If the TLS connection is lost either via a failure or closed by the OCF Cloud then it may be re-
458 established by following the procedures in the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 10.5. A Device may
459 automatically attempt to re-establish the TLS connection, alternatively a Device may require some
460 user trigger to initiate the re-establishment of the TLS connection.

461 **8.1.4 Device Registration with the OCF Cloud**

462 The OCF Cloud maintains a map of User IDs ("uid" Property of "oic.r.account"), Device IDs ("di"
463 Property of "oic.r.account") and Access Tokens ("accesstoken" Property of "oic.r.account";
464 populated with the same value as the "at" Property obtained from "oic.r.coapcloudconf") to
465 authenticate Devices connecting to the OCF Cloud.

466 After the TLS connection is established with the OCF Cloud, the Device shall register with the OCF
467 Cloud by sending an UPDATE request to "/oic/sec/account" as defined in Clause 13.10 of the
468 ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018. The OCF Cloud consequently associates the TLS connection with the
469 corresponding "uid" and "di" Properties populated in the "/oic/sec/account/" Resource. Any other
470 Device registering with the OCF Cloud is assigned the same User ID by the OCF Cloud when
471 registering with any Mediator associated with that User ID. Device Registration permits a Client to
472 access Resources on the OCF Cloud which are associated with the same User ID as the Client.

473 If the Property values in the UPDATE to "/oic/sec/account" do not match the equivalents provided
474 to the Mediator by the OCF Cloud the OCF Cloud should close the TLS connection with the Device.
475 Note that the OCF Cloud may also apply additional out-of-band measures, for example the OCF
476 Cloud may send an email to the OCF Cloud User for additional verification to register the Device.

477 If the UPDATE operation is accepted by the OCF Cloud, the OCF Cloud responds as defined in
478 clause 13.10 of the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018.

479 The "accesstoken" Property that is returned in the UPDATE response may be valid for limited
480 duration; in this instance the Device may use the "/oic/sec/tokenrefresh" Resource to renew the
481 "accesstoken" before the Access Token expires at the time specified in the "expiresin" Property.

482 On completion of Device Registration the Device shall send an UPDATE to "/oic/sec/session" as
483 defined in clause 13.11 of the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 to ensure that the established TLS session
484 is maintained for subsequent interaction with the OCF Cloud Resource Directory as defined in
485 clause 8.2.

486 **8.2 Resource Publication**

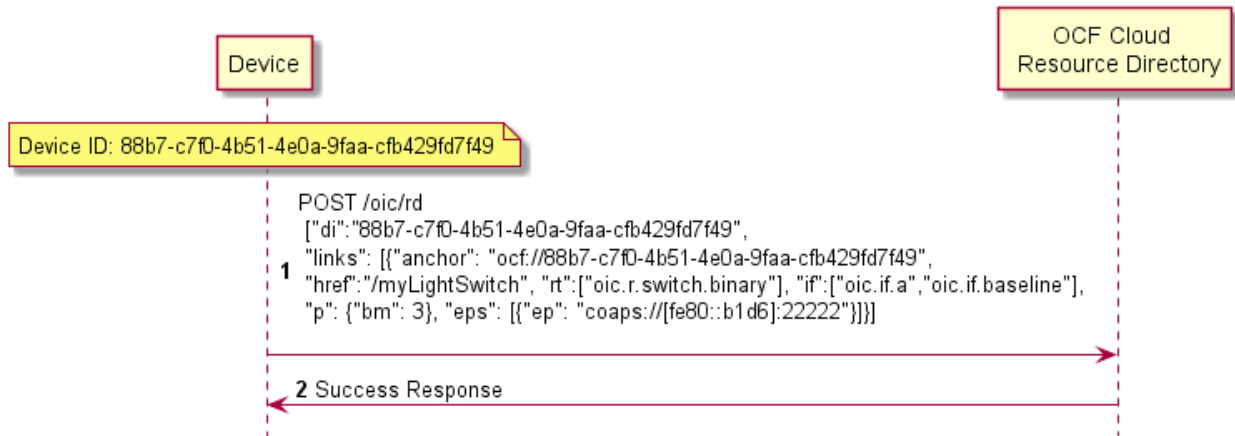
487 An OCF Cloud exposes a Resource Directory as defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018 Clause
488 11.3.6. After a Device is registered with an OCF Cloud, the Device should publish its Resources to
489 the OCF Cloud's Resource Directory following the procedures defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-1:2018

490 Clause 11.3.6. The Device and OCF Cloud maintain a persistent TLS connection over which
491 requests received by the OCF Cloud for the Device are routed.

492 The OCF Cloud maintains an internal association between the published Endpoint information from
493 the Device and the Endpoint information that it (the OCF Cloud) exposes in the Links within the
494 OCF Cloud's Resource Directory. The Endpoint exposed by the OCF Cloud for all Resources
495 published to it is that of the OCF Cloud itself and not the publishing Device. These Endpoints use
496 a scheme of "coaps+tcp".

497 There is potential ambiguity where different instances of Devices from the same vendor (e.g.
498 multiple lights) publish their Resources; this is because the local "href" Link Parameter that is
499 provided to the RD is likely to be the same in each case. In order to avoid this ambiguity the
500 Resource Directory shall prepend the "href" that is published with the Device ID for the publishing
501 Device. Thus ensuring that all requests received by the OCF Cloud have a unique URI per
502 published Resource.

503 Figure 5 provides an example showing the provided Device ID from the Device; Figure 6 shows the
504 pre-pending of the Device ID to the "href" Link Parameter in the Resource Directory itself.



505

506

Figure 5 – Resource publication to the OCF Cloud

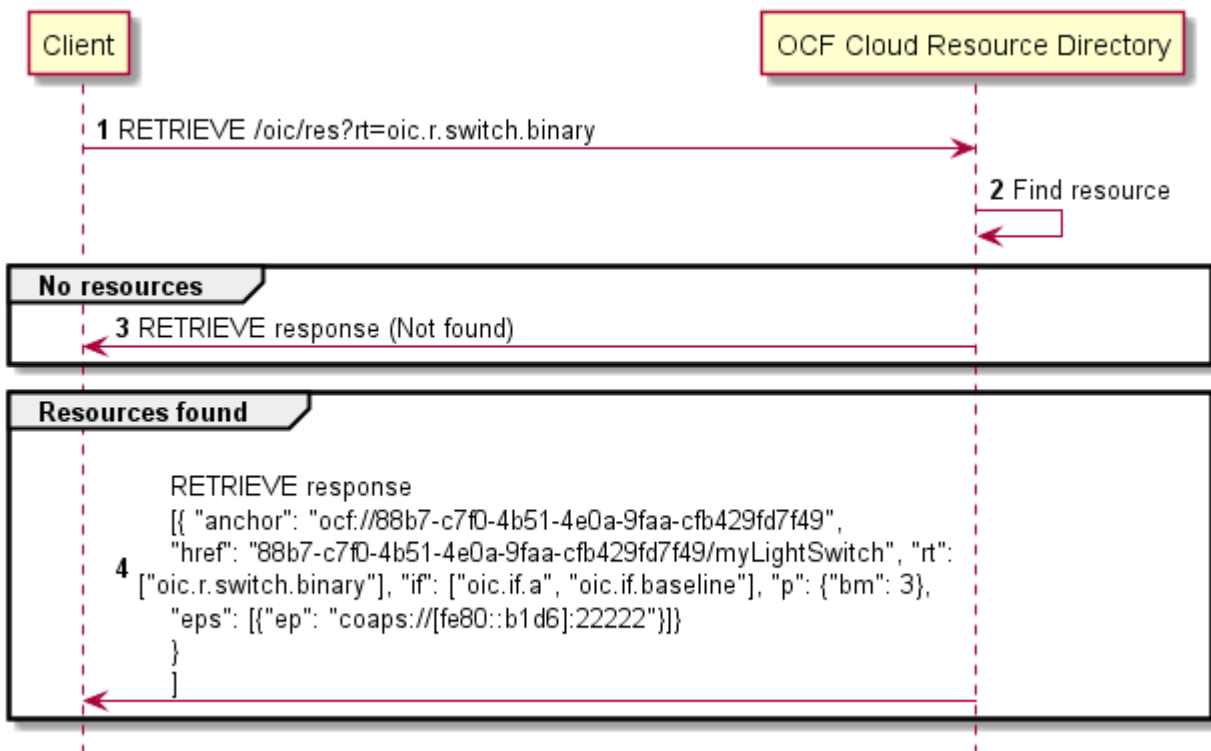
507 8.3 Client Registration with the OCF Cloud

508 A Device acting in the Client role follows the same procedures as a Device in the Server role
509 registering with the OCF Cloud. This Client is associated with a User ID in the same manner in
510 which a Server is associated with the same User ID

511 8.4 Resource Discovery

512 A remote Device may query "/oic/res" to discover Resources published to the OCF Cloud. The OCF
513 Cloud's Resource Directory responds with Links for the Resources published to the OCF Cloud by
514 Devices that are registered to the OCF Cloud for the User ID with which the remote Device is
515 associated. The "eps" Link Parameter in the "/oic/res" response are for the OCF Cloud and not the
516 publishing Device.

517 Figure 6 provides an illustrative flow for Resource Discovery, note the population of the 'href' for
518 instance of "oic.r.switch.binary" including the Device ID of the target Device in accordance with 8.2:



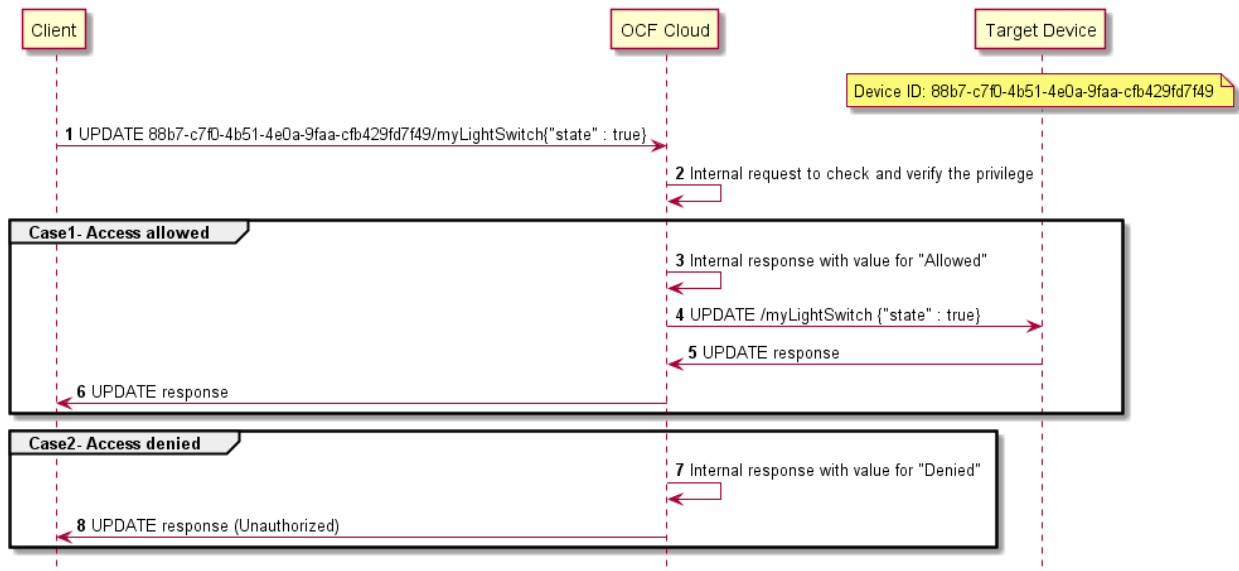
519

520

Figure 6 – Resource discovery through OCF Cloud

521 The OCF Cloud acts as a simple proxy, forwarding the messages to the publishing Devices. The
 522 remote Device sends a RETRIEVE to the OCF Cloud to obtain the content of the Server's published
 523 Resources, the OCF Cloud will route the message to the target Device after first removing the
 524 Device ID that had been prepended to the 'href' Link Parameter by the Cloud RD. Similarly, other
 525 CRUDN operations originated by a Client are routed to the Server via the OCF Cloud. The
 526 publishing Device treats the forwarded request message as a request from the OCF Cloud. The
 527 publishing Device authorises the request as specified in ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018, using the UUID of
 528 the OCF Cloud configured in the "sid" Property of "oic.r.coapcloudconf". The publishing Device
 529 sends a response message to the OCF Cloud, and the OCF Cloud forwards the response to the
 530 Client which sent the corresponding request.

531 Figure 7 illustrates request routing via the OCF Cloud



532

533

Figure 7 – Request routing through OCF Cloud

534 If it is not possible for whatever reason for the OCF Cloud to route a Client request to the Server
 535 that OCF Cloud may reject the request with a final response (e.g. “Service Unavailable”).

536 **8.5 Device Deregistration from the OCF Cloud**

537 To deregister from the OCF Cloud the Device first sends a DELETE operation to the
 538 “/oic/sec/account” Resource as defined in the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018 Clause 13.11.

539 Upon completion of deregistration of the Device the OCF Cloud deletes the links for the
 540 deregistered Device from the Resource Directory that is exposed by the OCF Cloud.

541 **9 Security**

542 OCF Cloud shall follow the security requirements captured in the ISO/IEC 30118-2:2018.

543

Annex A (normative)

Swagger2.0 definitions

A.1 List of Resource Type definitions

Table A.1 contains the list of defined resources in this document.

Table A.1 – Alphabetized list of resources

Friendly Name (informative)	Resource Type (rt)	Clause
CoAP Cloud Configuration	"oic.r.coapcloudconf"	A.2

A.2 CoAP Cloud Configuration Resource

A.2.1 Introduction

The CoAPCloudConf Resource exposes configuration information for connecting to an OCF Cloud.

A.2.2 Example URI

/CoAPCloudConfResURI

A.2.3 Resource type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.r.coapcloudconf'].

A.2.4 OpenAPI 2.0 definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "CoAP Cloud Configuration Resource Read Write Interface",
    "version": "v0.0.3-20180116",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2019 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:\n      1.
Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and
the following disclaimer.\n      2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above
copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or
other materials provided with the distribution.\n\n      THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE Open
Connectivity Foundation, INC. \AS IS\ AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR
WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, ARE DISCLAIMED.\n      IN NO EVENT SHALL THE Open Connectivity
Foundation, INC. OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY,
OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR
SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION)\n      HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON
ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR
OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF
SUCH DAMAGE.\n"
    }
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/CoAPCloudConfResURI?if=oic.if.rw" : {
      "get": {
        "description": "The CoAPCloudConf Resource exposes configuration information for connecting
to an OCF Cloud.\nRetrieve properties of CoAPCloudConf resource.\n",
        "parameters": [
          {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface-rw"}
        ],
        "responses": {
```

```

596         "200": {
597             "description": "",
598             "x-example":
599                 {
600                     "rt": ["oic.r.coapcloudconf"],
601                     "apn": "github",
602                     "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
603                     "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237",
604                     "clec": 0
605                 },
606             "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConf" }
607         }
608     },
609 },
610 "post": {
611     "description": "Update properties of CoAPCloudConf resource.\n",
612     "parameters": [
613         { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-rw" },
614         {
615             "name": "body",
616             "in": "body",
617             "required": true,
618             "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConfUpdate" },
619             "x-example":
620                 {
621                     "at": "0f3d9f7fe5491d54077d",
622                     "apn": "github",
623                     "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
624                     "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237"
625                 }
626         }
627     ],
628     "responses": {
629         "200": {
630             "description": "",
631             "x-example":
632                 {
633                     "apn": "github",
634                     "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
635                     "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237",
636                     "clec": 0
637                 },
638             "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConf" }
639         }
640     }
641 },
642 },
643 "/CoAPCloudConfResURI?if=oic.if.baseline" : {
644     "get": {
645         "description": "The CoAPCloudConf Resource exposes configuration information for connecting
646 to an OCF Cloud.\n",
647         "parameters": [
648             { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-baseline" }
649         ],
650         "responses": {
651             "200": {
652                 "description": "",
653                 "x-example":
654                     {
655                         "rt": ["oic.r.coapcloudconf"],
656                         "if" : ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.rw"],
657                         "apn": "github",
658                         "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
659                         "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237",
660                         "clec": 0
661                     },
662                 "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConf" }
663             }
664         }
665     },
666     "post": {

```

```

667     "description": "Update properties of CoAPCloudConf resource.\n",
668     "parameters": [
669       { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-baseline"},
670       {
671         "name": "body",
672         "in": "body",
673         "required": true,
674         "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConfUpdate" },
675         "x-example":
676           {
677             "at": "0f3d9f7fe5491d54077d",
678             "apn": "github",
679             "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
680             "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237"
681           }
682       }
683     ],
684     "responses": {
685       "200": {
686         "description": "",
687         "x-example":
688           {
689             "apn": "github",
690             "cis": "coaps+tcp://example.com:443",
691             "sid": "987e6543-a21f-10d1-a112-421345746237",
692             "clec": 0
693           },
694         "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/CoAPCloudConf" }
695       }
696     }
697   }
698 },
699 },
700 "parameters": {
701   "interface-rw" : {
702     "in" : "query",
703     "name" : "if",
704     "type" : "string",
705     "enum" : ["oic.if.rw"]
706   },
707   "interface-baseline" : {
708     "in" : "query",
709     "name" : "if",
710     "type" : "string",
711     "enum" : ["oic.if.baseline"]
712   },
713   "interface-all" : {
714     "in" : "query",
715     "name" : "if",
716     "type" : "string",
717     "enum" : ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.rw"]
718   }
719 },
720 "definitions": {
721   "CoAPCloudConf" : {
722     "properties": {
723       "rt" : {
724         "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
725         "items": {
726           "maxLength": 64,
727           "type": "string"
728         },
729         "minItems": 1,
730         "readOnly": true,
731         "type": "array"
732       },
733       "n" : {
734         "description": "Friendly name of the resource",
735         "maxLength": 64,
736         "readOnly": true,
737         "type": "string"

```

```

738     },
739     "cis" : {
740         "description": "URL of OCF Cloud",
741         "format": "uri",
742         "type": "string"
743     },
744     "apn" : {
745         "description": "The Authorisation Provider through which an Access Token was obtained.",
746         "type": "string"
747     },
748     "sid" : {
749         "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
750         "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-
751 9]{12}$",
752         "type": "string"
753     },
754     "clec" : {
755         "description": "Last Error Code during Cloud Provisioning (0: No Error, 1: Error response
756 from the OCF Cloud, 2: Failed to connect to the OCF Cloud, 3: Failed to refresh Access Token, 4~254:
757 Reserved, 255: Unknown error)",
758         "enum": [
759             0,
760             1,
761             2,
762             3,
763             255
764         ],
765         "readOnly": true
766     },
767     "id" : {
768         "description": "Instance ID of this specific resource",
769         "maxLength": 64,
770         "readOnly": true,
771         "type": "string"
772     },
773     "if" : {
774         "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
775         "items": {
776             "enum": [
777                 "oic.if.baseline",
778                 "oic.if.ll",
779                 "oic.if.b",
780                 "oic.if.lb",
781                 "oic.if.rw",
782                 "oic.if.r",
783                 "oic.if.a",
784                 "oic.if.s"
785             ],
786             "type": "string"
787         },
788         "minItems": 1,
789         "readOnly": true,
790         "type": "array"
791     }
792 },
793 "type" : "object",
794 "required":["cis", "sid"]
795 },
796 "CoAPCloudConfUpdate" : {
797     "properties": {
798         "cis" : {
799             "description": "URL of OCF Cloud",
800             "format": "uri",
801             "type": "string"
802         },
803         "apn" : {
804             "description": "The Authorisation Provider through which an Access Token was obtained.",
805             "type": "string"
806         },
807         "at" : {
808             "description": "Access Token which is returned by an Authorisation Provider or OCF

```

```

809 Cloud.",
810     "type": "string"
811   },
812   "sid" : {
813     "description": "Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.",
814     "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
815     "type": "string"
816   }
817 },
818 },
819 "type" : "object",
820 "required":["cis", "at", "sid"]
821 }
822 }
823 }
824

```

825 A.2.5 Property definition

826 Table A.2 defines the Properties that are part of the ['oic.r.coapcloudconf'] Resource Type

827 **Table A.2 – The Property definitions of the Resource with type 'rt' = ['oic.r.coapcloudconf']**

Property name	Value type	Mandatory	Access mode	Description
if	array: see schema	No	Read Only	The interface set supported by this resource
cis	string	Yes	Read Write	URL of OCF Cloud
apn	string	No	Read Write	The Authorisation Provider through which an Access Token was obtained.
id	string	No	Read Only	Instance ID of this specific resource
sid	string	Yes	Read Write	Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
clec	multiple types: see schema	No	Read Only	Last Error Code during Cloud Provisioning (0: No Error, 1: Error response from the OCF Cloud, 2: Failed to connect to the OCF Cloud, 3: Failed to refresh Access Token, 4~254: Reserved, 255: Unknown error)
n	string	No	Read Only	Friendly name of the resource
rt	array: see schema	No	Read Only	Resource Type of the Resource
at	string	Yes	Read Write	Access Token which is returned

				by an Authorisation Provider or OCF Cloud.
cis	string	Yes	Read Write	URL of OCF Cloud
sid	string	Yes	Read Write	Format pattern according to IETF RFC 4122.
apn	string	No	Read Write	The Authorisation Provider through which an Access Token was obtained.

828 **A.2.6 CRUDN behaviour**

829 Table A.3 defines the CRUDN operations that are supported on the ['oic.r.coapcloudconf']
830 Resource Type

831 **Table A.3 – The CRUDN operations of the Resource with type 'rt' = ['oic.r.coapcloudconf']**

Create	Read	Update	Delete	Notify
	get	post		observe

832