OCF Core Specification

VERSION 1.3.0 | November 2017
Part 1
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1 Scope

The OCF specifications are divided into two sets of documents:

- Core Specification documents: The Core Specification documents specify the Framework, i.e., the OCF core architecture, interfaces, protocols and services to enable OCF profiles implementation for Internet of Things (IoT) usages and ecosystems.

- Vertical Profiles Specification documents: The Vertical Profiles Specification documents specify the OCF profiles to enable IoT usages for different market segments such as smart home, industrial, healthcare, and automotive. The Application Profiles Specification is built upon the interfaces and network security of the OCF core architecture defined in the Core Specification.

This document is the OCF Core specification which specifies the Framework and core architecture.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.


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Available at: https://openconnectivity.org/specs/OCF_Device_Specification_v1.3.0.pdf

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http://www.iana.org/assignments/ipv6-multicast-addresses/ipv6-multicast-addresses.xhtml

IANA Media Types Assignment, March 2017
http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml

IANA Link Relations, October 2017
http://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xhtml

JSON Schema Validation, JSON Schema: interactive and non-interactive validation, January 2013
http://json-schema.org/latest/json-schema-validation.html
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

3.1.1 Client

a logical entity that accesses a Resource on a Server

3.1.2 Collection

a Resource that contains zero or more Links

3.1.3 Common Properties

Resource Properties specified for all Resources

3.1.4 Configuration Source

a cloud or service network or a local read-only file which contains and provides configuration related information to the Devices

3.1.5 Core Resources

those Resources that are defined in this specification

3.1.6 Default Interface

an Interface used to generate the response when an Interface is omitted in a request

3.1.7 Device

a logical entity that assumes one or more Roles (e.g., Client, Server)

Note 1 to entry: More than one Device can exist on a physical platform.

3.1.8 Device Type

a uniquely named definition indicating a minimum set of Resource Types that a Device supports

Note 1 to entry: A Device Type provides a hint about what the Device is, such as a light or a fan, for use during Resource discovery.

3.1.9 Endpoint

the source or destination of a request and response messages for a given Transport Protocol Suite

Note 1 to entry: Example of a Transport Protocol Suite would be CoAP over UDP over IPv6.

3.1.10 Entity

an aspect of the physical world that is exposed through a Device

Note 1 to entry: Example of an entity is an LED.
3.1.11 Framework
a set of related functionalities and interactions defined in this specification, which enable interoperability across a wide range of networked devices, including IoT

3.1.12 Interface
provides a view and permissible responses on a Resource

3.1.13 Introspection
mechanism to determine the capabilities of the hosted Resources of a Device

3.1.14 Introspection Device Data
data that describes the payloads per implemented method of the Resources that makes up the Device

Note 1 to entry: See section 11.8 for all requirements and exceptions

3.1.15 Links
extends typed web links according to IETF RFC 5988

3.1.16 Non-OCF Device
A device which does not comply with the OCF Device requirements

3.1.17 Notification
the mechanism to make a Client aware of resource state changes in a Resource

3.1.18 Observe
the act of monitoring a Resource by sending a RETRIEVE request which is cached by the Server hosting the Resource and reprocessed on every change to that Resource

3.1.19 Parameter
an element that provides metadata about a Resource referenced by the target URI of a Link

3.1.20 Partial UPDATE
an UPDATE request to a Resource that includes a subset of the Properties that are visible via the Interface being applied for the Resource Type

3.1.21 Platform
a physical device containing one or more Devices

3.1.22 Resource
represents an Entity modelled and exposed by the Framework

3.1.23 Resource Directory
a set of descriptions of Resources where the actual Resources are held on Servers external to the Device hosting the Resource Directory, allowing lookups to be performed for those resources
Note 1 to entry: This functionality can be used by sleeping Servers or Servers that choose not to listen/respond to multicast requests directly.

3.1.24 Resource Interface
a qualification of the permitted requests on a Resource

3.1.25 Resource Property
a significant aspect or parameter of a resource, including metadata, that is exposed through the Resource

3.1.26 Resource Type
a uniquely named definition of a class of Resource Properties and the interactions that are supported by that class

Note 1 to entry: Each Resource has a Property “rt” whose value is the unique name of the Resource Type.

3.1.27 Scene
a static entity that stores a set of defined Resource property values for a collection of Resources

Note 1 to entry: A Scene is a prescribed setting of a set of resources with each having a predetermined value for the property that has to change.

3.1.28 Scene Collection
a collection Resource that contains an enumeration of possible Scene Values and the current Scene Value

Note 1 to entry: The member values of the Scene collection Resource are Scene Members.

3.1.29 Scene Member
a Resource that contains mappings of Scene Values to values of a property in the resource

3.1.30 Scene Value
a Scene enumerator representing the state in which a Resource can be

3.1.31 Secure Endpoint
an Endpoint with a secure connection (e.g., CoAP)

3.1.32 Server
a Device with the role of providing resource state information and facilitating remote interaction with its resources

Note 1 to entry: A Server can be implemented to expose non-OCF Device resources to Clients (section 5.6)

3.1.33 Unsecure Endpoint
an Endpoint with an unsecure connection (e.g., CoAPS)

3.1.34 Vertical Resource Type
a Resource Type in a vertical domain specification

Note 1 to entry: An example of a Vertical Resource Type would be “oic.r.switch.binary”.

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3.2 Symbols and abbreviations

3.2.1 ACL
Access Control List

Note 1 to entry: The details are defined in OCF Security.

3.2.2 BLE
Bluetooth Low Energy

3.2.3 CBOR
Concise Binary Object Representation

3.2.4 CoAP
Constrained Application Protocol

3.2.5 CoAPS
Secure Constrained Application Protocol

3.2.6 DTLS
Datagram Transport Layer Security

Note 1 to entry: The details are defined in IETF RFC 6347.

3.2.7 EXI
Efficient XML Interchange

3.2.8 IP
Internet Protocol

3.2.9 IRI
Internationalized Resource Identifiers

3.2.10 ISP
Internet Service Provider

3.2.11 JSON
JavaScript Object Notation

3.2.12 mDNS
Multicast Domain Name Service

3.2.13 MTU
Maximum Transmission Unit
3.2.14 NAT

Network Address Translation

3.2.15 OCF

Open Connectivity Foundation

the organization that created this specification

3.2.16 RAML

RESTful API Modeling Language

3.2.17 REST

Representational State Transfer

3.2.18 RESTful

REST-compliant Web services

3.2.19 UDP

User Datagram Protocol

Note 1 to entry: The details are defined in IETF RFC 768.

3.2.20 URI

Uniform Resource Identifier

3.2.21 URN

Uniform Resource Name

3.2.22 UTC

Coordinated Universal Time

3.2.23 UUID

Universal Unique Identifier

3.2.24 XML

Extensible Markup Language

3.3 Conventions

In this specification a number of terms, conditions, mechanisms, sequences, parameters, events, states, or similar terms are printed with the first letter of each word in uppercase and the rest lowercase (e.g., Network Architecture). Any lowercase uses of these words have the normal technical English meaning.
3.4 Data types

Resources are defined using data types derived from JSON values as defined in IETF RFC 7159. However, a Resource can overload a JSON defined value to specify a particular subset of the JSON value, using validation keywords defined in JSON Schema Validation.

Among other validation keywords, section 7 in JSON Schema Validation defines a “format” keyword with a number of format attributes such as “uri” and “date-time”, and a “pattern” keyword with a regular expression that can be used to validate a string. This section defines patterns that are available for use in describing OCF Resources. The pattern names can be used in specification text where JSON format names can occur. The actual JSON schemas shall use the JSON type and pattern instead.

For all rows defined in Table 1 below, the JSON type is string.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern Name</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>csv</td>
<td>&lt;none&gt;</td>
<td>A comma separated list of values encoded within a string. The value type in the csv is described by the property where the csv is used. For example a csv of integers. Note: csv is considered deprecated and an array of strings should be used instead for new Resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>date</td>
<td>^([0-9]{4}-[0-9]{1,2}-[0-9]{1,2}]$</td>
<td>As defined in ISO 8601. The format is [yyyy]-[mm]-[dd].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>int64</td>
<td>^0</td>
<td>(-?-[1-9][0-9]{0,18})$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>language-tag</td>
<td>^[A-Za-z]{1,8}( -[A-Za-z0-9]{1,8})*$</td>
<td>An IETF language tag formatted according to IETF RFC 5646 section 2.1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uint64</td>
<td>^0[(1-9)[0-9]{0,19}]$</td>
<td>A string instance is valid against this attribute if it contains an integer in the range [0, 2^{64}-1]. Also see note for int64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uuid</td>
<td>^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$</td>
<td>A UUID string representation formatted according to IETF RFC 4122 section 3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Strings shall be encoded as UTF-8 unless otherwise specified.

In a JSON schema, “maxLength” for a string indicates the maximum number of characters not octets. However, “maxLength” shall also indicate the maximum number of octets. If no “maxLength” is defined for a string, then the maximum length shall be 64 octets.

4 Document conventions and organization

In this document, features are described as required, recommended, allowed or DEPRECATED as follows:

Required (or shall or mandatory)(M).

- These basic features shall be implemented to comply with Core Architecture. The phrases “shall not”, and “PROHIBITED” indicate behaviour that is prohibited, i.e. that if performed means the implementation is not in compliance.

Recommended (or should)(S).

- These features add functionality supported by Core Architecture and should be implemented. Recommended features take advantage of the capabilities Core Architecture, usually without imposing major increase of complexity. Notice that for compliance testing, if a recommended feature is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines. Some recommended features could become requirements in the future. The phrase “should not” indicates behaviour that is permitted but not recommended.

Allowed (may or allowed)(O).

- These features are neither required nor recommended by Core Architecture, but if the feature is implemented, it shall meet the specified requirements to be in compliance with these guidelines.

DEPRECATED.

- Although these features are still described in this specification, they should not be implemented except for backward compatibility. The occurrence of a deprecated feature during operation of an implementation compliant with the current specification has no effect on the implementation’s operation and does not produce any error conditions. Backward compatibility may require that a feature is implemented and functions as specified but it shall never be used by implementations compliant with this specification.

Conditionally allowed (CA)

- The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the definition or behaviour is allowed, otherwise it is not allowed.

Conditionally required (CR)

- The definition or behaviour depends on a condition. If the specified condition is met, then the definition or behaviour is required. Otherwise the definition or behaviour is allowed as default unless specifically defined as not allowed.

Strings that are to be taken literally are enclosed in “double quotes”.

Words that are emphasized are printed in italic.
5 Architecture

5.1 Overview

The architecture enables resource based interactions among IoT artefacts, i.e. physical devices or applications. The architecture leverages existing industry standards and technologies and provides solutions for establishing connections (either wireless or wired) and managing the flow of information among devices, regardless of their form factors, operating systems or service providers.

Specifically, the architecture provides:

- A communication and interoperability framework for multiple market segments (Consumer, Enterprise, Industrial, Automotive, Health, etc.), OSs, platforms, modes of communication, transports and use cases
- A common and consistent model for describing the environment and enabling information and semantic interoperability
- Common communication protocols for discovery and connectivity
- Common security and identification mechanisms
- Opportunity for innovation and product differentiation
- A scalable solution addressing different device capabilities, applicable to smart devices as well as the smallest connected things and wearable devices

The architecture is based on the Resource Oriented Architecture design principles and described in the sections 5.2 through 5.6 respectively. Section 5.2 presents the guiding principles for OCF operations. Section 5.3 defines the functional block diagram and Framework. Section 5.5 provides an example scenario with roles. Section 5.6 provides an example scenario of bridging to non-OCF ecosystem.

5.2 Principle

In the architecture, Entities in the physical world (e.g., temperature sensor, an electric light or a home appliance) are represented as resources. Interactions with an Entity are achieved through its resource representations (section 7.7) using operations that adhere to Representational State Transfer (REST) architectural style, i.e., RESTful interactions.

The architecture defines the overall structure of the Framework as an information system and the interrelationships of the Entities that make up OCF. Entities are exposed as Resources, with their unique identifiers (URIs) and support interfaces that enable RESTful operations on the Resources. Every RESTful operation has an initiator of the operation (the client) and a responder to the operation (the server). In the Framework, the notion of the client and server is realized through roles (section 5.5). Any Device can act as a Client and initiate a RESTful operation on any Device acting as a Server. Likewise, any Device that exposes Entities as Resources acts as a Server. Conformant to the REST architectural style, each RESTful operation contains all the information necessary to understand the context of the interaction and is driven using a small set of generic operations, i.e., CREATE, RETRIEVE, UPDATE, DELETE and NOTIFY (CRUDN) defined in section 8, which include representations of Resources.

Figure 1 depicts the architecture.
The architecture is organized conceptually into three major aspects that provide overall separation of concern: resource model, RESTful operations and abstractions.

- **Resource model:** The resource model provides the abstractions and concepts required to logically model, and logically operate on the application and its environment. The core resource model is common and agnostic to any specific application domain such as smart home, industrial or automotive. For example, the resource model defines a Resource which abstracts an Entity and the representation of a Resource maps the Entity’s state. Other resource model concepts can be used to model other aspects, for example behaviour.

- **RESTful operations:** The generic CRUDN operations are defined using the RESTful paradigm to model the interactions with a Resource in a protocol and technology agnostic way. The specific communication or messaging protocols are part of the protocol abstraction and mapping of Resources to specific protocols is provided in section 11.8.

- **Abstraction:** The abstractions in the resource model and the RESTful operations are mapped to concrete elements using abstraction primitives. An entity handler is used to map an Entity to a Resource and connectivity abstraction primitives are used to map logical RESTful operations to data connectivity protocols or technologies. Entity handlers may also be used to map Resources to Entities that are reached over protocols that are not natively supported by OCF.


5.3 Functional block diagram

The functional block diagram encompasses all the functionalities required for operation. These functionalities are categorized as L2 connectivity, networking, transport, Framework, and application profiles. The functional blocks are depicted in Figure 2 and listed below.

![Functional block diagram]

- **L2 connectivity**: Provides the functionalities required for establishing physical and data link layer connections (e.g., Wi-Fi™ or Bluetooth® connection) to the network.

- **Networking**: Provides functionalities required for Devices to exchange data among themselves over the network (e.g., Internet).

- **Transport**: Provides end-to-end flow transport with specific QoS constraints. Examples of a transport protocol include TCP and UDP or new Transport protocols under development in the IETF, e.g., Delay Tolerant Networking (DTN).

- **Framework**: Provides the core functionalities as defined in this specification. The functional block is the source of requests and responses that are the content of the communication between two Devices.

- **Application profile**: Provides market segment specific data model and functionalities, e.g., smart home data model and functions for the smart home market segment.

When two Devices communicate with each other, each functional block in a Device interacts with its counterpart in the peer Device as shown in Figure 3.
5.4 Framework

Framework consists of functions which provide core functionalities for operation.

1) **Identification and addressing.** Defines the identifier and addressing capability. The Identification and addressing function is defined in section 6.

2) **Discovery.** Defines the process for discovering available

   a) Devices (Endpoint Discovery in section 10) and

   b) Resources (Resource discovery in section 11.3)

3) **Resource model.** Specifies the capability for representation of Entities in terms of resources and defines mechanisms for manipulating the resources. The resource model function is defined in section 7.

4) **CRUDN.** Provides a generic scheme for the interactions between a Client and Server as defined in section 8.

5) **Messaging.** Provides specific message protocols for RESTful operation, i.e. CRUDN. For example, CoAP is a primary messaging protocol. The messaging function is defined in section 11.8.

6) **Device management.** Specifies the discipline of managing the capabilities of a Device, and includes device provisioning and initial setup as well as device monitoring and diagnostics. The device management function is defined in section 11.5.

7) **Security.** Includes authentication, authorization, and access control mechanisms required for secure access to Entities. The security function is defined in section 13.

5.5 Example Scenario with roles

Interactions are defined between logical entities known as Roles. Three roles are defined: Client, Server and Intermediary.
Figure 4 illustrates an example of the Roles in a scenario where a smart phone sends a request message to a thermostat; the original request is sent over HTTP, but is translated into a CoAP request message by a gateway in between, and then delivered to the thermostat. In this example, the smart phone takes the role of a Client, the gateway takes the role of an Intermediary and the thermostat takes the role of a Server.
5.6 Example Scenario: Bridging to Non-OCF ecosystem

The use case for this scenario is a display (like a wrist watch) that is used to monitor a heart rate sensor that implements a protocol that is not OCF supported.

Figure 5 provides a detailed logical view of the concepts described in Figure 1.
The details may be implemented in many ways, for example, by using a Server with an entity handler to interface directly to a non-OCF device as shown in Figure 6.

On start-up the Server runs the entity handlers which discover the non-OCF systems (e.g., Heart Rate Sensor Device) and create resources for each device or functionality discovered. The entity handler creates a Resource for each discovered device or functionality and binds itself to that Resource. These resources are made discoverable by the Server.

Once the resources are created and made discoverable, then the Display Device can discover these resources and operate on them using the mechanisms described in this specification. The requests to a resource on the Server are then interpreted by the entity handler and forwarded to the non-OCF device using the protocol supported by the non-OCF device. The returned information from the non-OCF device is then mapped to the appropriate response for that resource.

This section describes the architecture of OCF Cloud in Figure 7:
The Cloud architecture comprises of following three network entities:

- **Cloud Interface Server** – A logical entity to which an OCF Device primarily. It encapsulates Account Server and Resource Directory features. The Cloud Interface routes the packet between OCF Devices based on the request URI in the packet header. The Client needs to keep the persistent connection alive to the Server.

- **Account Server** – A logical entity that handles Device registration, Auth Token validation and handles sign-in and token-refresh requests from the Device.


When a Client try to access a Server, the Client connects to Cloud Interface Server then Cloud Interface routes the received message to the indicated Server after checking the privilege.
6 Identification and addressing

6.1 Introduction

Facilitating proper and efficient interactions between elements in the Framework, requires a means to identify, name and address these elements.

The identifier unambiguously identifies an element in a context or domain. The context or domain may be determined by the use or the application. The identifier is expected to be immutable over the lifecycle of that element and is unambiguous within a context or domain.

The address is used to define a place, way or means of reaching or accessing the element in order to interact with it. An address may be mutable based on the context.

The name is a handle that distinguishes the element from other elements in the framework. The name may be changed over the lifecycle of that element.

There may be methods or resolution schemes that allow determining any of these based on the knowledge of one or more of others (e.g., determine name from address or address from name).

Each of these aspects may be defined separately for multiple contexts (e.g., a context could be a layer in a stack). So an address may be a URL for addressing resource and an IP address for addressing at the connectivity layer. In some situations, both these addresses would be required. For example, to do RETRIEVE (section 8.3) operation on a particular resource representation, the client needs to know the address of the target resource and the address of the server through which the resource is exposed.

In a context or domain of use, a name or address could be used as identifier or vice versa. For example, a URL could be used as an identifier for a resource and designated as a URI.

The remainder of this section discusses the identifier, address and naming from the point of view of the resource model and the interactions to be supported by the resource model. Examples of interactions are the RESTful interactions, i.e. CRUDN operation (section 8) on a resource. Also the mapping of these to transport protocols, e.g., CoAP is described.

6.2 Identification

An identifier is unambiguous within the context or domain of use. There are many schemes that may be used to generate an identifier that has the required properties. The identifier may be context-specific in that the identifier is expected to be and guaranteed to be unambiguous only within that context or domain. Identifier may also be context-independent where these identifiers
are guaranteed to be unambiguous across all contexts and domains both spatially and temporally. The context-specific identifiers could be defined by simple schemes like monotonic enumeration or may be defined by overloading an address or name, for example an IP address may be an identifier within the private domain behind a gateway in a smart home. On the other hand, context-independent identifiers require a stronger scheme that derives universally unique identities, for example any one of the versions of Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs). Context independent identifier may also be generated using hierarchy of domains where the root of the hierarchy is identified with a UUID and sub-domains may generate context independent identifier by concatenating context-specific identifiers for that domain to the context-independent identifier of their parent.

### 6.2.1 Resource identification and addressing

A resource may be identified using a URI and addressed by the same URI if the URI is a URL. In some cases a resource may need an identifier that is different from a URI; in this case, the resource may have a property whose value is the identifier. When the URI is in the form of a URL, then the URI may be used to address the resource.

An OCF URI is based on the general form of a URI as defined in IETF RFC 3986 as follows:

```
<scheme>://<authority>/<path>?<query>
```

Specifically the OCF URI is specified in the following form:

```
ocf://<authority>/<path>?<query>
```

A description of values that each component takes is given below.

The **scheme** for the URI is `ocf`. The `ocf` scheme represents the semantics, definitions and use as defined in this document. If a URI has the portion preceding the `//` (double slash) omitted, then the `ocf` scheme shall be assumed.

Each transport binding is responsible for specifying how an OCF URI is converted to a transport protocol URI before sending over the network by the requestor. Similarly on the receiver side, each transport binding is responsible for specifying how an OCF URI is converted from a transport protocol URI before handing over to the resource model layer on the receiver.

The authority of an OCF URI shall be the Device ID ("di") value, as defined in [OCF Security], of the Server.

The **path** is a string that unambiguously identifies or references a resource within the context of the Server. In this version of the specification, a path shall not include pct-encoded non-ASCII characters or NUL characters. A path shall be preceded by a `/` (slash). The path may have `/` (slash) separated segments for human readability reasons. In the OCF context, the `/` (slash) separated segments are treated as a single string that directly references the resources (i.e. a flat structure) and not parsed as a hierarchy. On the Server, the path or some substring in the path may be shortened by using hashing or some other scheme provided the resulting reference is unique within the context of the host.

Once a path is generated, a Client accessing the resource or recipient of the URI should use that path as an opaque string and should not parse to infer a structure, organization or semantic.

A query string shall contain a list of `<name>=<value>` segments (aka "name-value pair") each separated by a `&` (ampersand). The query string will be mapped to the appropriate syntax of the protocol used for messaging. (e.g., CoAP).

A URI may be either
• Fully qualified or

• Relative

**Generation of URI:**

A URI may be defined by the Client which is the creator of that resource. Such a URI may be relative or absolute (fully qualified). A relative URI shall be relative to the Device on which it is hosted. Alternatively, a URI may be generated by the Server of that resource automatically based on a pre-defined convention or organization of the resources, based on an interface, based on some rules or with respect to different roots or bases.

**Use of URI:**

The absolute path reference of a URI is to be treated as an opaque string and a Client should not infer any explicit or implied structure in the URI – the URI is simply an address. It is also recommended that Devices hosting a resource treat the URI of each resource as an opaque string that addresses only that resource. (e.g., URI's /a and /a/b are considered as distinct addresses and resource b cannot be construed as a child of resource a).

**6.3 Namespace:**

The relative URI prefix “oic/” is reserved as a namespace for URIs defined in OCF specifications and shall not be used for URIs that are not defined in OCF specifications.

**6.4 Network addressing**

The following are the addresses used in this specification:

- **IP address**

An IP address is used when the device is using an IP configured interface.

When a Device only has the identity information of its peer, a resolution mechanism is needed to map the identifier to the corresponding address.

**7 Resource model**

**7.1 Introduction**

The Resource Model defines concepts and mechanisms that provide consistency and core interoperability between devices in the OCF ecosystems. The Resource Model concepts and mechanisms are then mapped to the transport protocols to enable communication between the devices – each transport provides the communication protocol interoperability. The Resource Model, therefore, allows for interoperability to be defined independent of the transports.

In addition, the concepts in the Resource Model support modelling of the primary artefacts and their relationships to one and another and capture the semantic information required for interoperability in a context. In this way, OCF goes beyond simple protocol interoperability to capture the rich semantics required for true interoperability in Wearable and Internet of Things ecosystems.

The primary concepts in the Resource Model are: Entity, Resources, Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI), Resource Types, Properties, Representations, Interfaces, Collections and Links. In addition, the general mechanisms are CREATE, RETRIEVE, UPDATE, DELETE and NOTIFY. These concepts and mechanisms may be composed in various ways to define the rich semantics and interoperability needed for a diverse set of use cases that the OCF framework is applied to.
In the OCF Resource Model framework, an Entity needs to be visible, interacted with or manipulated, it is represented by an abstraction called a Resource. A Resource encapsulates and represents the state of an Entity. A Resource is identified, addressed and named using URIs.

Properties are "key=value" pairs and represent state of the Resource. A snapshot of these Properties is the Representation of the Resource. A specific view of the Representation and the mechanisms applicable in that view are specified as Interfaces. Interactions with a Resource are done as Requests and Responses containing Representations.

A resource instance is derived from a Resource Type. The uni-directional relationship between one Resource and another Resource is defined as a Link. A Resource that has Properties and Links is a Collection.

A set of Properties can be used to define a state of a Resource. This state may be retrieved or updated using appropriate Representations respectively in the response from and request to that Resource.

A Resource (and Resource Type) could represent and be used to expose a capability. Interactions with that Resource can be used to exercise or use that capability. Such capabilities can be used to define processes like discovery, management, advertisement etc. For example: “discovery of resources on a device” can be defined as the retrieval of a representation of a specific resource where a property or properties have values that describe or reference the resources on the device.

The information for Request or Response with the Representation may be communicated “on the wire” by serializing using a transfer protocol or encapsulated in the payload of the transport protocol – the specific method is determined by the normative mapping of the Request or Response to the transport protocol. See section 11.8 for transport protocols supported.

The RAML definitions used in this document are normative. This also includes that all defined JSON payloads shall comply with the indicated JSON schema. See Annex D for Resource Types defined in this specification.

7.2 Resource

A Resource shall be defined by one or more Resource Type(s) – see Annex D for Resource Type. A request to CREATE a Resource shall specify one or more Resource Types that define that Resource.

A Resource is hosted in a Device. A Resource shall have a URI as defined in section 6. The URI may be assigned by the Authority at the creation of the Resource or may be pre-defined by the specification of the Resource Type.

```
/my/resource/example
{
    "rt": ["oic.r.foobar"],
    "if": ["oic.if.a"],
    "value": "foo value"
}
```

Core Resources are the Resources defined in this specification to enable functional interactions as defined in section 10 (e.g., Discovery, Device Management, etc). Among the Core Resources, "/oic/res", "/oic/p", and "/oic/d" shall be supported on all Devices. Devices may support other Core Resources depending on the functional interactions they support.
7.3 Property

7.3.1 Introduction

A Property describes an aspect that is exposed through a Resource including meta-information related to that resource.

A Property shall have a name i.e. Property Name and a value i.e. Property Value. The Property is expressed as a key-value pair where key is the Property Name and value the Property Value like `<Property Name> = <Property Value>`. For example if the “temperature” Property has a Property Name “temp” and a Property Value “30F”, then the Property is expressed as “temp=30F”. The specific format of the Property depends on the encoding scheme. For example, in JSON, Property is represented as "key": value (e.g., "temp": 30).

In addition, the Property definition shall have a

- **Value Type** – the Value Type defines the values that a Property Value may take. The Value Type may be a simple data type (e.g. string, Boolean) as defined in section 3.4 or may be a complex data type defined with a schema. The Value Type may define
  - Value Rules define the rules for the set of values that the Property Value may take. Such rules may define the range of values, the min-max, formulas, set of enumerated values, patterns, conditional values and even dependencies on values of other Properties. The rules may be used to validate the specific values in a Property Value and flag errors.

- **Mandatory** – specifies if the Property is mandatory or not for a given Resource Type.

- **Access modes** – specifies whether the Property may be read, written or both. Updates are equivalent to a write. “r” is used for read and “w” is used for write – both may be specified. Write does not automatically imply read.

The definition of a Property may include the following additional information – these items are informative:

- **Property Title** - a human-friendly name to designate the Property; usually not sent over the wire

- **Description** – descriptive text defining the purpose and expected use of this Property.

In general, a Property is meaningful only within the Resource to which it is associated. However a base set of Properties that may be supported by all Resources, known as Common Properties, keep their semantics intact across Resources i.e. their “key=value” pair means the same in any Resource. Detailed tables with the above fields for all Common Properties are defined in section 7.3.2.

7.3.2 Common Properties

7.3.2.1 Introduction

The Common Properties defined in this section may be specified for all Resources. The following Properties are defined as Common Properties: “Resource Type”, "Resource Interface", “Name”, and “Resource Identity”.

The name of a Common Property shall be unique and shall not be used by other properties. When defining a new Resource Type, its non-common properties shall not use the name of existing Common Properties (e.g., "rt", "if", "n", "id"). When defining a new “Common Property”, it should be ensured that its name has not been used by any other properties. The uniqueness of a new Common Property name can be verified by checking all the Properties of all the existing OCF defined Resource Types. However, this may become cumbersome as the number of Resource Types grow. To prevent such name conflicts in the future, OCF may reserve a certain name space for common property. Potential approaches are (1) a specific prefix (e.g. "oic") may be designated.
and the name preceded by the prefix (e.g. "oic.psize") is only for Common Property; (2) the names consisting of one or two letters are reserved for Common Property and all other Properties shall have the name with the length larger than the 2 letters; (3) Common Properties may be nested under specific object to distinguish themselves.

The ability to UPDATE a Common Property (that supports write as an access mode) is restricted to the "oic.if.rw" (read-write) Interface; thus a Common Property shall be updatable using the read-write Interface if and only if the Property supports write access as defined by the Property definition and the associated schema for the read-write Interface.

The following Common Properties for all Resources are specified in section 7.3.2.2 through section 7.3.2.6 and summarized as follows:

- **Resource Type ("rt")** – this Property is used to declare the Resource Type of that Resource. Since a Resource could be defined by more than one Resource Type the Property Value of the Resource Type Property can be used to declare more than one Resource type. For example: "rt": ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.airconditioner"] declares that the Resource containing this Property is defined by either the "oic.wk.d" Resource Type or the "oic.d.airconditioner" Resource Type. See section 7.3.2.3 for details.

- **Interface ("if")** – this Property declares the Interfaces supported by the Resource. The Property Value of the Interface Property can be multi-valued and lists all the Interfaces supported. See section 7.3.2.4 for details.

- **Name ("n")** – the Property declares “human-readable” name assigned to the Resource. See section 7.3.2.5.

- **Resource Identity ("id")**: its Property Value shall be a unique (across the scope of the host Server) instance identifier for a specific instance of the Resource. The encoding of this identifier is device and implementation dependent. See section 7.3.2.6 for details.

### 7.3.2.2 Property Name and Property Value definitions

The Property Name and Property Value as used in this specification:

- **Property Name** – the key in "key=value" pair. Property Name is case sensitive and its data type is "string". Property names shall contain only letters A to Z, a to z, digits 0 to 9, hyphen, and dot, and shall not begin with a digit.

- **Property Value** – the value in "key=value" pair. Property Value is case sensitive when its data type is "string". Any enum values shall contain only letters A to Z, a to z, digits 0-9 and underscores, and shall not begin with a digit.

### 7.3.2.3 Resource Type

Resource Type Property is specified in section 7.4.

### 7.3.2.4 Interface

Interface Property is specified in section 7.5.

### 7.3.2.5 Name

A human friendly name for the Resource, i.e. a specific resource instance name (e.g., MyLivingRoomLight), The Name Property is as defined in Table 2

#### Table 2. Name Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
<td>Human understandable name for the resource.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The ‘Name’ Property is read-write unless otherwise restricted by the Resource Type (i.e. the Resource Type does not support UPDATE or does not support UPDATE using read-write).

7.3.2.6 Resource Identity

The Resource Identity Property shall be a unique (across the scope of the host Server) instance identifier for a specific instance of the Resource. The encoding of this identifier is device and implementation dependent as long as the uniqueness constraint is met, noting that an implementation may use a uuid as defined in section 3.4. The Resource Identity Property is as defined in Table 3.

Table 3. Resource Identity Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resource Identity</td>
<td>id</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Implementation</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Unique identifier of the Resource (over all Resources in the Device)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>or uuid</td>
<td>Dependent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.4 Resource Type

7.4.1 Introduction

Resource Type is a class or category of Resources and a Resource is an instance of one or more Resource Types.

The Resource Types of a Resource is declared using the Resource Type Common Property as described in section 7.3.2.3 or in a Link using the Resource Type Parameter.

A Resource Type may either be pre-defined (Core Resource Types in this specification and Vertical Resource Types in vertical domain specifications) or in custom definitions by manufacturers, end users, or developers of Devices (vendor-defined Resource Types). Resource Types and their definition details may be communicated out of band (i.e. in documentation) or be defined explicitly using a meta-language which may be downloaded and used by APIs or applications. OCF has adopted RAML and JSON Schema as the specification method for OCF’s RESTful interfaces and Resource definitions.

Every Resource Type shall be identified with a Resource Type ID which shall be represented using the requirements and ABNF governing the Resource Type attribute in IETF RFC 6690(section 2 for ABNF and section 3.1 for requirements) with the caveat that segments are separated by a "." (period). The entire string represents the Resource Type ID. When defining the ID each segment may represent any semantics that are appropriate to the Resource Type. For example, each segment could represent a namespace. Once the ID has been defined, the ID should be used opaqueley and an implementations should not infer any information from the individual segments. The string "oic", when used as the first segment in the definition of the Resource Type ID, is reserved for OCF-defined Resource Types. All OCF defined Resource Types are to be registered with the IANA Core Parameters registry as described also in IETF RFC 6690.

7.4.2 Resource Type Property

A Resource when instantiated or created shall have one or more Resource Types that are the template for that Resource. The Resource Types that the Resource conforms to shall be declared using the "rt" Common Property for the Resource. The Property Value for the "rt" Common Property shall be the list of Resource Type IDs for the Resource Types used as templates (i.e., "rt"=<list of Resource Type IDs>).
Table 4. Resource Type Common Property definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resource type</td>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array</td>
<td>Array of strings, conveying resource Type IDs</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Resource Type is as described in IETF RFC 6690</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Resource Types may be explicitly discovered or implicitly shared between the user (i.e. Client) and the host (i.e. Server) of the Resource.

7.4.3 Resource Type definition

Resource Type is specified as follows:

- **Pre-defined URI** (optional) – a pre-defined URI may be specified for a specific Resource Type in an OCF specification. When a Resource Type has a pre-defined URI, all instances of that Resource Type shall use only the pre-defined URI. An instance of a different Resource Type shall not use the pre-defined URI.

- **Resource Type Title** (optional) – a human friendly name to designate the Resource Type.

- **Resource Type ID** – the value of "rt" property which identifies the Resource Type, (e.g., "oic.wk.p").

- **Resource Interfaces** – list of the interfaces that may be supported by the Resource Type.

- **Resource Properties** – definition of all the properties that apply to the Resource Type. The Resource Type definition shall define whether a property is mandatory, conditional mandatory, or optional.

- **Related Resource Types** (optional) – the specification of other Resource Types that may be referenced as part of the Resource Type, applicable to collections.

- **Mime Types** (optional) – mime types supported by the resource including serializations (e.g., application/cbor, application/json, application/xml).

Table 5 and Table 6 provide an example description of an illustrative foobar Resource Type and its associated Properties.

Table 5. Example foobar Resource Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
<th>M/CR/O</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>none</td>
<td>foobar</td>
<td>oic.r.foobar</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.a&quot;</td>
<td>Example &quot;foobar&quot; resource</td>
<td>Actuation</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 6. Example foobar properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Resource Type</td>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Resource Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>if</td>
<td>array</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Interface</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foo value</td>
<td>value</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Foo value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An instance of the foobar Resource Type is as shown below
Multi-value "rt" Resource

Multi-value "rt" Resource means a Resource with multiple Resource Types. Such a Resource is associated with multiple Resource Types and so has an "rt" Property Value of multiple Resource Type IDs (e.g. "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.light.brightness"]). The order of the Resource Type IDs in the "rt" Property Value is meaningless. For example, "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.light.brightness"] and "rt": ["oic.r.light.brightness", "oic.r.switch.binary"] have the same meaning.

Resource Types for multi-value "rt" Resources shall satisfy the following conditions.

- **Property Name** – Property Names for each Resource Type shall be unique (within the scope of the multi-value "rt" Resource) with the exception of Common Properties, otherwise there will be conflicting Property semantics. If two Resource Types have a Property with the same Property Name, a multi-value "rt" Resource shall not be composed of these Resource Types.

A multi-value "rt" Resource satisfies all the requirements for each Resource Type and conforms to the RAML/JSON definitions for each component Resource Type. Thus the mandatory Properties of a multi-value "rt" Resource shall be the union of all the mandatory Properties of each Resource
Type. For example, mandatory Properties of a Resource with "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.light.brightness"] are "value" and "brightness", where the former is mandatory for "oic.r.switch.binary" and the latter for "oic.r.light.brightness".

The multi-value "rt" Resource Interface set shall be the union of the sets of interfaces from the component Resource Types. The Resource Representation in response to a CRUDN action on an Interface shall be the union of the schemas that are defined for that Interface. The Default Interface for a multi-value "rt" Resource shall be the baseline Interface ("oic.if.baseline") as that is the only guaranteed common Interface between the Resource Types.

For clarity if each Resource Type supports the same set of Interfaces, then the resultant multi-value "rt" Resource has that same set of Interfaces with a Default Interface of baseline ("oic.if.baseline").

See section 7.10.3 for the handling of query parameters as applied to a multi-value "rt" Resource.

7.5 Device Type

A Device Type is a class of Device. Each Device Type defined will include a list of minimum Resource Types that a device shall implement for that Device Type. A device may expose additional standard and vendor defined Resource Types beyond the minimum list. The Device Type is used in Resource discovery as specified in section 11.3.4.

Like a Resource Type, a Device Type can be used in the Resource Type Common Property or in a Link using the Resource Type Parameter.

A Device Type may either be pre-defined (in vertical domain specifications) or in custom definitions by manufacturers, end users, or developers of Devices (vendor-defined Device Types). Device Types and their definition details may be communicated out of band (like in documentation).

Every Device Type shall be identified with a Resource Type ID using the same syntax constraints as a Resource Type.

7.6 Interface

7.6.1 Introduction

An Interface provides first a view into the Resource and then defines the requests and responses permissible on that view of the Resource. So this view provided by an Interface defines the context for requests and responses on a Resource. Therefore, the same request to a Resource when targeted to different Interfaces may result in different responses.

An Interface may be defined by either this specification (a Core Interface), the OCF vertical domain specifications (a "vertical Interface) or manufacturers, end users or developers of Devices (a "vendor-defined Interface").

The Interface Property lists all the Interfaces the Resource support. All resources shall have at least one Interface. The Default Interface shall be defined by an OCF specification and inherited from the Resource Type definition. The Default Interface associated with all Resource Types defined in this specification shall be the supported Interface listed first within the applicable enumeration in the definition of the Resource Type (see Annex D). All Default Interfaces specified in an OCF specification shall be mandatory.

In addition to any OCF specification defined interface, all Resources shall support the Baseline Interface ("oic.if.baseline") as defined in section 7.6.3.2.

See section 7.10.4 for the use of queries to enable selection of a specific interface in a request.
An Interface may accept more than one media type. An Interface may respond with more than one
media type. The accepted media types may be different from the response media types. The media
types are specified with the appropriate header parameters in the transfer protocol. (NOTE: This
feature has to be used judiciously and is allowed to optimize representations on the wire) Each
Interface shall have at least one media type.

7.6.2 Interface Property

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>if</td>
<td>array</td>
<td>Array of strings, conveying interfaces</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Property to declare the Interfaces supported by a Resource.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Interfaces supported by a Resource shall be declared using the Interface Common Property
(Table 7) as "if=<array of Interfaces>". The Property Value of an Interface Property shall be a
lower case string with segments separated by a "." (dot). The string "oic", when used as the first
segment in the Interface Property Value, is reserved for OCF-defined Interfaces. The Interface
Property Value may also be a reference to an authority similar to IANA that may be used to find
the definition of an Interface. A Resource Type shall support one or more of the Interfaces defined
in section 7.6.3.

7.6.3 Interface methods

7.6.3.1 Overview

The OCF -defined Interfaces are listed in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Applicable Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>baseline</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.baseline&quot;</td>
<td>RETRIEVE, UPDATE</td>
<td>The baseline Interface defines a view into all Properties of a Resource including the Meta Properties. This Interface is used to operate on the full Representation of a Resource.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links list</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.ll&quot;</td>
<td>RETRIEVE</td>
<td>The 'links list' Interface provides a view into Links in a Collection (Resource). Since Links represent relationships to other Resources, the links list interfaces may be used to discover Resources with respect to a context. The discovery is done by retrieving Links to these Resources. For example: the Core Resource &quot;/oic/res&quot; uses this Interface to allow discovery of Resource &quot;hosted&quot; on a Device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>batch</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.b&quot;</td>
<td>RETRIEVE, UPDATE</td>
<td>The batch Interface is used to interact with a collection of Resources at the same time. This also removes the need for the Client to first discover the Resources it is manipulating – the Server forwards the requests and aggregates the responses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>read-only</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.r&quot;</td>
<td>RETRIEVE</td>
<td>The read-only Interface exposes the Properties of a Resource that may be ‘read’. This Interface does not provide methods to update Properties or a Resource and so can only be used to ‘read’ Property Values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>read-write</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.rw&quot;</td>
<td>RETRIEVE, UPDATE</td>
<td>The read-write Interface exposes only those Properties that may be both ‘read’ and “written” and provides methods to read and write the Properties of a Resource.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 7.6.3.2 Baseline Interface

#### 7.6.3.2.1 Overview

The Representation that is visible using the “baseline” Interface includes all the Properties of the Resource including the Common Properties. The “baseline” Interface shall be defined for all Resource Types. All Resources shall support the “baseline” Interface.

#### 7.6.3.2.2 Use of RETRIEVE

The “baseline” Interface is used when a Client wants to retrieve all Properties of a Resource; that is the Server shall respond with a Resource representation that includes all of the implemented Properties of the Resource. When the Server is unable to send back the whole Resource representation, it shall reply with an error message. The Server shall not return a partial Resource representation.

An example response to a RETRIEVE request using the baseline Interface is shown below:

```
{
  "rt": ["oic.r.temperature"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a","oic.if.baseline"],
  "temperature": 20,
  "units": "C",
  "range": [0,100]
}
```

#### 7.6.3.2.3 Use of UPDATE

Using the baseline Interface, all Properties of a Resource with the exception of Common Properties may be modified using an UPDATE request with a list of Properties and their desired values if a Resource Type has an associated schema for UPDATE using baseline. If the Interfaces exposed by a Resource in addition to the baseline Interface do not support the UPDATE semantic then UPDATE using the baseline Interface is also not supported.

### 7.6.3.3 Link List Interface

#### 7.6.3.3.1 Overview

The links list Interface provides a view into the list of Links in a Collection (Resource). The Representation visible through this Interface has only the Links defined in the Property Value of the “links” Property – so this Interface is used to manipulate or interact with the list of Links in a Collection. The Links list may be RETRIEVED using this Interface.

The Interface definition and semantics are given as follows:

- The links list Interface name shall be “oic.if.ll”.
- If specified in a request (usually in the request header), the serialization in the response shall be in the format expected in the request.
- In response to a RETRIEVE request on the “links list” Interface, the URIs of the referenced Resources shall be returned as a URI reference.
• If there are no links present in a Resource, then an empty list shall be returned.

• The Representation determined by this Interface depends on the requesting Client. For a Client that includes an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option as defined in section 12.2.5 in the request the response only includes the Property Value of the “links” Property, hence a Collection or /oic/res response with oic.if.ll is an array of OCF Links. For a Client that does not include an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option the response is as defined in E.5.

7.6.3.3.2 Example: “links list” Interface

Example: Request to a Collection

| Request to RETRIEVE the Links in room | GET ocf://<devID>/a/room/1?if=oic.if.ll |
| (the Links could be referencing lights, fans, electric sockets etc) | The response would be the array of OCF Links |
| | [ |
| | { |
| | "href": "/the/light/1",
| | "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
| | "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
| | "eps": [ |
| | {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:55555"]} |
| | }, |
| | { |
| | "href": "/the/light/2",
| | "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
| | "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
| | "eps": [ |
| | {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:55555"]} |
| | }, |
| | { |
| | "href": "/my/fan/1",
| | "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
| | "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
| | "eps": [ |
| | {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:55555"]} |
| | ] |
| | ] |
7.6.3.4 Batch Interface

7.6.3.4.1 Overview

The batch Interface is used to interact with a collection of Resources using a single/same Request. The batch Interface can be used to RETRIEVE or UPDATE the Properties of the "linked" Resources with a single request.

The batch Interface is defined as follows:

- The batch Interface name is "oic.if.b"
- A Collection Resource has linked Resources that are represented as URIs. In the "href" Property of the batch payload the URI shall be fully qualified for remote Resources and a relative reference for local Resources.
- The original request is modified to create new requests targeting each of the linked Resources in the Collection by substituting the URI in the original request with the URI of the linked Resource. The payload in the original request is replicated in the payload of the new requests.
- The requests shall be forwarded assuming use of the Default Interface of the linked Resources unless otherwise stated.
- Requests shall only be forwarded to linked Resources that are identified by relation types "item" or "hosts" ("hosts" is the default relation type should the "rel" Link Parameter not be present). Requests shall not be forwarded to linked Resources that do not contain the "item" or "hosts" relation type values.
- The Collection itself may be included in the batch response by exposing a single Link with the link relation "self" along with "item" within the Collection (i.e. "rel": ["self","item"], see also the example in section 7.6.3.4.2) and ensuring that the "if" Link Parameter of the "self" Link contains an Interface(s) that do(-es) not expose the "links" Property, i.e. "oic.if.b" and not "oic.if.baseline" or "oic.if.ll", otherwise Link resolution becomes an infinite loop.
- Any request forwarded to a linked Resource that is also a Collection (including a "self" Link) shall also have the batch Interface applied.
- All the responses from the linked Resources shall be aggregated into a single Response to the Client. The Server may timeout the response to a time window, the Server may choose any appropriate window based on conditions.
- If a linked Resource cannot process the request, an empty response, i.e. a JSON object with no content ("{}") as the representation for the "rep" Property, or error response should the linked Resource Type provide an error schema or diagnostic payload, shall be returned by the linked Resource. These empty or error responses for all linked Resources that exhibit an error
shall be included in the aggregated response to the original Client request. See the example in section 7.6.3.4.2.

- If any of the linked Resources returns an error response, the aggregated response sent to the Client shall also indicate an error (e.g. 4.xx in CoAP). If any of the other linked Resources returns a successful response, the aggregated response payload shall include that success response payload.

- The aggregated response shall be an array of objects representing the responses from each linked Resource. Each object in the response shall include at least two items: (1) the URI of the linked Resource (fully qualified for remote Resources, or a relative reference for local Resources) as "href": <URI> and (2) the individual response object or array of objects if the linked Resource is itself a Collection using "rep" as the key, e.g. "rep": { < representation of individual response> }.

- Linked Resources referenced in the Collection may be observed using the batch Interface. The observe mechanism shall work as defined in 11.4.2 with the observe request forwarded to each of the linked Resources. All responses to the request shall be aggregated into a single response to the Client using the same representations and status codes as for RETRIEVE operations using the batch Interface.

- Should any one of the observable linked Resources fail to honour the observe request the response to the batch observe request shall also indicate that the entire request was not honoured using the mechanism described in section 11.4.2.3; in this error case the individual successful observe requests shall be cancelled as described in section 11.4.2.6.

- All notifications to the Client that initiated an observe request using the batch Interface shall use the batch representation for the Collection. This is the aggregation of any individual observe notifications received by the Device hosting the Collection from the individual observe requests that were forwarded to the linked Resources.

- The Collection itself may be observed by using the links list or baseline Interfaces.

- The Client may choose to restrict the linked Resources to which the request is forwarded by including additional query parameters in the request. The Server should process any additional query parameters in a request that includes "oic.if.b" as selectors for linked Resources that are to be processed by the request.

- A Client shall perform UPDATE operations using the batch Interface by creating a payload that is similar to a RETRIEVE response payload from a batch Interface request. The Server shall send a separate UPDATE request to each of the linked Resources according to each "href" Property and the corresponding value of the "rep" Property.

- If the "href" value is empty, denoted by a zero length string or "" in JSON, the "rep" Property shall be applied to linked Resources in the Collection.

- Items with the empty "href" and link-specific "href" shall not be mixed in the same UPDATE request.

- All of the Properties in the UPDATE request may not be supported by the linked Resource. In such cases, writable Properties in the UPDATE request that are supported by the linked Resource shall be modified and Properties that are not supported shall be silently ignored.

- The UPDATE response shall contain the updated values using the same payload schema as RETRIEVE operations if provided by the linked Resource, along with the appropriate status code. The aggregated response payload shall reflect the known state of the updated Resource Properties after the batch update was completed. If no payload is provided by the updated Resource then an empty response (i.e. "rep": {}) shall be provided for that Resource.

7.6.3.4.2 Examples: Batch Interface

Note that the examples provided are illustrative and do not include all mandatory schema elements in all cases.
/a/room/1
{
  "rt": ["oic.wk.col","x.org.example.rt.room"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline","oic.if.b","oic.if.ll"],
  "x.org.example.colour": "blue",
  "x.org.example.dimension": "15bx15wx10h",
  "links": [
    {"href": "/a/room/1", "rel": ["self", "item"], "rt": ["oic.wk.col", "x.org.example.rt.room"], "if": ["oic.if.b"], "p": {"bm": 2} },
    {"href": "/the/light/1", "rel": ["item"], "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a","oic.if.baseline"], "ins": "light-1", "p": {"bm": 2} },
    {"href": "/the/light/2", "rel": ["item"], "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a","oic.if.baseline"], "ins": "light-2", "p": {"bm": 2} },
    {"href": "/my/fan/1", "rel": ["item"], "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"], "ins": "fan-1", "p": {"bm": 2} },
    {"href": "/his/fan/2", "rel": ["item"], "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"], "ins": "fan-2", "p": {"bm": 2} },
    {"href": "/the switches/1", "rel": ["item"], "rt": ["oic.wk.col"], "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.baseline"], "ins": "switches-1", "p": {"bm": 2} }
  ]
}

/the/light/1
{
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "value": false
}
/the/light/2
{
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "value": true
}

/my/fan/1
{
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "value": true
}

/his/fan/2
{
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "value": false
}

/the/switches/1
{
  "rt": ["oic.wk.col"],
  "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "links": [?
    {
      "href": "/switch-la",
      "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
      "if": ["oic.if.a","oic.if.baseline"],
      "p": {"bm": 2}
Use of batch, successful response

Request: GET /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b

Becomes the following individual request messages issued by the Device in the Client role:

GET /a/room/1 (NOTE: uses the batch Interface as specified for batch requests sent to Collections)

GET /the/light/1 (NOTE: Uses the Default Interface as specified for this resource)

GET /the/light/2 (NOTE: Uses the Default Interface as specified for this resource)

GET /my/fan/1 (NOTE: Uses the Default Interface as specified for this resource)

GET /his/fan/2 (NOTE: Uses the Default Interface as specified for this resource)

GET /the/switches/1?rt=oic.if.b (NOTE: Uses the batch Interface for the Collection that is within the Collection)

Response:

[ ]

  [ ]

    "href": "/a/room/1",

    "rep": 
      [ 
        
          "href": "/the/switches/1",

          "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],

          "if": ["oic.if.a","oic.if.baseline"],

          "p": {"bm": 2 }

        
      ],

    

  

]
Use of batch, error response

Should any of the RETRIEVE requests in the previous example fail then the response includes an empty payload for that Resource instance and an error code is sent. The example below assumes errors from "/my/fan/1" and "/the/switches/1"

Error Response:

```json
[
]
```
"href": "/a/room/1",
"rep":
  
  {
    "x.org.example.colour": "blue",
    "x.org.example.dimension": "15bx15wx10h"
  }
},
{
  "href": "/the/light/1",
  "rep": { "value": false }
},
{
  "href": "/the/light/2",
  "rep": { "value": true }
},
{
  "href": "/my/fan/1",
  "rep": {}
},
{
  "href": "/his/fan/2",
  "rep": { "value": false }
},
{
  "href": "/the/switches/1",
  "rep": {}
}
]

Use of batch (UPDATE has POST semantics)

UPDATE /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b
[  
  
  {
    "href": "",
    "rep": {  
      "value": false
    }
  }
]
Since the "href" value in the UPDATE request is empty, the request is forwarded to all Resources in the Collection and becomes:

```
UPDATE /a/room/1 { "value": false }
UPDATE /the/light/1 { "value": false }
UPDATE /the/light/2 { "value": false }
UPDATE /my/fan/1 { "value": false }
UPDATE /his/fan/2 { "value": false }
UPDATE /the/switches/1?if=oic.if.b { "value": false }
```

The response will be same as response for GET /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b.

Since /a/room/1 does not have a "value" Property exposed by its Default Interface, the UPDATE request will be silently ignored and it will not be included in the UPDATE response.

```
Use of batch
(UPDATE has POST semantics)
```

```
UPDATE /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b
[
   {
      "href": "/the/light/1",
      "rep": {
      "value": false
    }
   },
   {
      "href": "/the/light/2",
      "rep": {
      "value": true
    }
   },
   {
      "href": "/a/room/1",
      "rep": {"x.org.example.colour": "red"}
   }
]
```

This turns /the/light/1 off, turns /the/light/2 on, and sets the colour of /a/room/1 to "red".

The response will be same as response for GET /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b with the updated Property values as shown below.

```
[
   {
     "href": "/a/room/1",
     "rep":{"x.org.example.colour": "red",
       "x.org.example.dimension": "15bx15wx10h"}
   },
```
Example use of additional query parameters to select items by matching Link Parameters.

Turn on light 1 based on the "ins" Link Parameters value of "light-1"

UPDATE /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b&ins=light-1

[  {
    "href": "",
    "rep": {  
        "value": false
    }
  },
  {
    "href": "/the/light/2",
    "rep": {"value": true}
  }
]

Similar to the earlier example, "href": "" applies the UPDATE request to all of the Resources in the Collection. Since the additional query parameter ins=light-1 selects only links that have a matching "ins" value, only one link is selected. The payload is applied to the target TRsource of that link, /the/light/1.

Retrieving the item using the same query parameter:

RETRIEVE /a/room/1?if=oic.if.b&ins=light-1

Response payload:

[  {
    "href": "/the/light/1",
    "rep": {  
        "value": false
    }
  }
]
The actuator Interface is the Interface for viewing Resources that may be actuated i.e. changes some value within or the state of the entity abstracted by the Resource:

- The actuator Interface name shall be “oic.if.a”
- The actuator Interface shall expose in the Resource Representation all mandatory Properties as defined by the applicable JSON; the actuator interface may also expose in the Resource Representation optional Properties as defined by the applicable JSON schema that are implemented by the target Device.

"Heater" Resource (for illustration only):

```json
/a/act/heater
{
    "rt": ["acme.gas"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s"],
    "prm": {"sensitivity": 5, "units": "C", "range": "0 .. 10"},
    "settemp": 10,
    "currenttemp": 7
}
```

"Actuator" interface in respect to "Heater" Resource (for illustration only):

1. Retrieving values of an actuator

   Request: GET /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.a"

   Response:
   ```json
   {
       "prm": {"sensitivity": 5, "units": "C", "range": "0 .. 10"},
       "settemp": 10,
       "currenttemp": 7
   }
   ```

2. Correct use of actuator:

   Request: POST /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.a"
   ```json
   {
       "settemp": 20
   }
   ```

   Response:
   ```json
   {
       "Ok"
   }
   ```

3. Incorrect use of actuator

   Request: POST /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.a"
   ```json
   {
       "if": ["oic.if.s"] ← this is visible through baseline Interface
   }
   ```
A RETRIEVE request using this Interface shall return the Representation for this Resource subject to any query and filter parameters that may also exist.

An UPDATE request using this Interface shall provide a payload or body that contains the Properties that will be updated on the target Resource.

### 7.6.3.6 Sensor Interface

The sensor Interface is the Interface for retrieving measured, sensed or capability specific information from a Resource that senses:

- The sensor Interface name shall be "oic.if.s"
- The sensor Interface shall expose in the Resource Representation all mandatory Properties as defined by the applicable JSON; the sensor interface may also expose in the Resource Representation optional Properties as defined by the applicable JSON schema that are implemented by the target Device.
- A RETRIEVE request using this Interface shall return this Representation for the Resource subject to any query and filter parameters that may also exist

**NOTE: The example here is with respect to**

1. Retrieving values of sensor

   Request: GET /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.s"

   Response:
   ```
   {
     "currenttemp": 7
   }
   ```

2. Incorrect use of sensor

   Request: PUT /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.s" PUT is not allowed
   ```
   {
     "settemp": 20  ← this is possible through actuator Interface
   }
   ```

   Response:
   ```
   {
     "Error"
   }
   ```

3. Incorrect use of sensor

   Request: POST /a/act/heater?if="oic.if.s" POST is not allowed
   ```
   ```
"currenttemp": 15  ← this is possible through actuator

Interface
}
Response:
{
  Error
}

7.6.3.7  Read-only Interface

The read-only Interface exposes only the Properties that may be “read”. This includes Properties
that may be “read-only”, “read-write” but not Properties that are “write-only” or “set-only”. The
applicable methods that can be applied to a Resource is RETRIEVE only. An attempt by a Client
to apply a method other than RETRIEVE to a Resource shall be rejected with an error response
code.

7.6.3.8  Read-write Interface

The read-write Interface exposes only the Properties that may be “read” and “written”. The “read-
only” Properties shall not be included in Representation for the “read-write” Interface. This is a
generic Interface to support “reading” and “setting” Properties in a Resource. The applicable
methods that can be applied to a Resource are RETRIEVE and UPDATE only. An attempt by a
Client to apply a method other than RETRIEVE or UPDATE to a Resource shall be rejected with
an error response code.

7.7  Resource representation

Resource representation captures the state of a Resource at a particular time. The resource
representation is exchanged in the request and response interactions with a Resource. A Resource
representation may be used to retrieve or update the state of a resource.

The resource representation shall not be manipulated by the data connectivity protocols and
technologies (e.g., CoAP, UDP/IP or BLE).

7.8  Structure

7.8.1  Introduction

In many scenarios and contexts, the Resources may have either an implicit or explicit structure
between them. A structure can, for example, be a tree, a mesh, a fan-out or a fan-in. The
Framework provides the means to model and map these structures and the relationships among
Resources. The primary building block for resource structures in Framework is the collection. A
collection represents a container, which is extensible to model complex structures.

7.8.2  Resource Relationships

Resource relationships are expressed as Links. A Link embraces and extends typed web links
concept as a means of expressing relationships between Resources. A Link consists of a set of
Parameters that define:

- a context URI,
- a target URI,
- a relation from the context URI to the target URI
- elements that provide metadata about the target URI, the relationship or the context of the Link.
The target URI is mandatory and the other items in a Link are optional. Additional items in the Link may be made mandatory based on the use of the links in different contexts (e.g. in collections, in discovery, inbridging etc.). Schema for the Link payload is provided in Annex D.

An example of a Link is shown in:

```
{"href": "/switch", "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"], "p": {"bm": 3}, "rel": "item"}
```

Two Links are distinct from each other when at least one parameter is different. For example the two Links shown below are distinct and can appear in the same list of Links.

```
{"href": "/switch", "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"], "p": {"bm": 2}, "rel": "item"}

{"href": "/switch", "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"], "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"], "p": {"bm": 2}}
```

The specification may mandate Parameters and Parameter values as required for certain capabilities. For all Links returned in a response to a RETRIEVE on "/oic/res", if a Link does not explicitly include the "rel" Parameter, a value of "rel"="hosts" shall be assumed. The relation value of "hosts" is defined by IETF RFC 6690, the value of "item" by IETF RFC 6573, and the value of "self" by IETF RFC 4287 and all are registered in the IANA Registry for Link Relations defined in IANA Link Relations.

As shown in D.2.8 the relation between the context URI and target URI in a Link is specified using the "rel" JSON element and the value of this element specifies the particular relation.

The context URI of the Link shall implicitly be the URI of the Resource (or specifically a Collection) that contains the Link unless the Link specifies the anchor parameter. The anchor parameter is used to change the context URI of a Link – the relationship with the target URI is based off the anchor URI when the anchor is specified. Anchor parameter uses transfer protocol URI for OIC 1.1 Link (e.g. "anchor": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:44444") and OCF URI defined in Sec 6 for OCF 1.0 Links (e.g. "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989").

An example of using anchors in the context of Collections – a floor has rooms and rooms have lights – the lights may be defined in floor as Links but the Links will have the anchor set to the URI of the rooms that contain the lights (the relation is contains). This allows all lights in a floor to be turned on or off together while still having the lights defined with respect to the rooms that contain them (lights may also be turned on by using the room URI too). See example use of anchor in Link:
7.8.2.1 Parameters

7.8.2.1.1 "ins" or Link Instance Parameter

The "ins" parameter identifies a particular Link instance in a list of Links. The "ins" parameter may be used to modify or delete a specific Link in a list of Links. The value of the "ins" parameter is set at instantiation of the Link by the OCF Device (Server) that is hosting the list of Links – once it has been set, the "ins" parameter shall not be modified for as long as the Link is a member of that list.

7.8.2.1.2 "p" or Policy Parameter

The Policy Parameter defines various rules for correctly accessing a Resource referenced by a target URI. The Policy rules are configured by a set of key-value pairs as defined below.

The policy Parameter "p" is defined by:

- "bm" key: The "bm" key corresponds to an integer value that is interpreted as an 8-bit bitmask. Each bit in the bitmask corresponds to a specific Policy rule. The following rules are specified for "bm":

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bit Position</th>
<th>Policy rule</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bit 0 (the LSB)</td>
<td>discoverable</td>
<td>The discoverable rule defines whether the Link is to be included in the Resource discovery message via &quot;/oic/res&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• If the Link is to be included in the Resource discovery message, then &quot;p&quot; shall include the &quot;bm&quot; key and set the discoverable bit to value 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• If the Link is NOT to be included in the Resource discovery message, then &quot;p&quot; shall either include the &quot;bm&quot; key and set the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bit 1 (2\textsuperscript{nd} LSB)</td>
<td>observable</td>
<td>discoverable bit to value 0 or omit the &quot;bm&quot; key entirely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The observable rule defines whether the Resource referenced by the target URI supports the NOTIFY operation. With the self-link, i.e. the Link with &quot;rel&quot; value of &quot;self&quot;, &quot;/oic/res&quot; can have a Link with the target URI of &quot;/oic/res&quot; and indicate itself observable. The &quot;self&quot; is defined by IETF RFC 4287 and registered in the IANA Registry for &quot;rel&quot; value defined at IANA Link Relations.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the Resource supports the NOTIFY operation, then "p" shall include the "bm" key and set the observable bit to value 1.
- If the Resource does NOT support the NOTIFY operation, then "p" shall either include the "bm" key and set the observable bit to value 0 or omit the "bm" key entirely.

| Bits 2-7 | -- | Reserved for future use. All reserved bits in "bm" shall be set to value 0. |

Note that if all the bits in "bm" are defined to value 0, then the "bm" key may be omitted entirely from "p" as an efficiency measure. However, if any bit is set to value 1, then "bm" shall be included in "p" and all the bits shall be defined appropriately.

- "sec" and "port" in the remaining bullets shall be used only in a response payload when the request does not include an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option as defined in section 12.2.5. In a payload sent in response to a request that includes an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option "sec" and "port" shall not be used and instead the "eps" Parameter shall provide the information for an encrypted connection. See E.2.8 for the schema for the "p" Parameter that includes "sec" and "port".

- "sec" key: The "sec" key corresponds to a Boolean value that indicates whether the Resource referenced by the target URI is accessed via an encrypted connection. If "sec" is true, the resource is accessed via an encrypted connection, using the "port" specified (see below). If "sec" is false, the resource is accessed via an unencrypted connection, or via an encrypted connection (if such a connection is made using the "port" settings for another Resource, for which "sec" is true).

- "port" key: The "port" key corresponds to an integer value that is used to indicate the port number where the Resource referenced by the target URI may be accessed via an encrypted connection.

- If the Resource is only available via an encrypted connection (i.e. DTLS over IP), then
  - "p" shall include the "sec" key and its value shall be true.
  - "p" shall include the "port" key and its value shall be the port number where the encrypted connection may be established.

- If the Resource is only available via an unencrypted connection, then
  - "p" shall include the "sec" key and its value shall be false or "p" shall omit the "sec" key; the default value of "sec" is false.
  - "p" shall omit the "port" key.

- If the Resource is available via both an encrypted and unencrypted connection, then
"p" shall include the "sec" key and its value shall be false or "p" shall omit the "sec" key; the default value of "sec" is false.

- "p" may omit the "port" key. If the "port" key is omitted, the Resource shall be available using the same "port" information as another Resource on the Device for which "sec" is true.

- Access to the Resource on the port specified by the "port" key shall be made by an encrypted connection (e.g. coaps://). (Note that unencrypted connection to the Resource may be possible on a separate port discovered thru multicast discovery).

- Note that access to the Resource is controlled by the ACL for the Resource. A successful encrypted connection does not ensure that the requested action will succeed. See OCF Security – Access Control section for more information.

Example 1: below shows the Policy Parameter for a Resource that is discoverable but not observable, and for which authenticated accesses shall be done via CoAPS port 33275:

```
"p": { "bm": 1}
```

Example 2: below shows a self-link, i.e. the "/oic/res" Link in itself that is discoverable and observable.

```
{
    "href": "/oic/res",
    "rel": "self",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": { "bm": 3}
}
```

### 7.8.2.1.3 "type" or Media Type Parameter

The "type" Parameter may be used to specify the various media types that are supported by a specific target Resource. The default type of "application/cbor" shall be used when the "type" element is omitted. Once a Client discovers this information for each Resource, it may use one of the available representations in the appropriate header field of the Request or Response.

### 7.8.2.1.4 "di" or Device ID parameter

The "di" Parameter specifies the device ID of the Device that hosts the target Resource defined in the in the "href" Parameter.

The device ID may be used to qualify a relative reference used in the "href" or to lookup endpoint information for the relative reference.

### 7.8.2.1.5 "eps" Parameter

The "eps" Parameter indicates the Endpoint information of the target Resource.

"eps" shall have as its value an array of items and each item represents Endpoint information with "ep" and "pri" as specified in 10.2. "ep" is mandatory but "pri" is optional.

Example of "eps" with multiple Endpoints:

```
"eps": [
```

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When "eps" is present in a link, the Endpoint information in "eps" can be used to access the target Resource referred by the "href" Parameter.

Note that the type of Endpoint – Secure or Unsecure – that a Resource exposes merely determines the connection type(s) guaranteed to be available for sending requests to the Resource. For example, if a Resource only exposes a single CoAP "ep", it does not guarantee that the Resource cannot also be accessed via a Secure Endpoint (e.g. via a CoAPS "ep" from another Resource’s "eps" information). Nor does exposing a given type of Endpoint ensure that access to the Resource will be granted using the "ep" information. Whether requests to the Resource are granted or denied by the Access Control layer is separate from the "eps" information, and is determined by the configuration of the /acl2 Resource (see OCF Security specification section 13.4.2 for details).

When present, max-age information (e.g. Max-Age option for CoAP defined in IETF RFC 7252) determines the maximum time "eps" values may be cached before they are considered stale.

### 7.8.2.2 Formatting

When formatting in JSON, the list of Links shall be an array.

### 7.8.2.3 List of Links in a Collection

A list of Links in a Resource shall be included in that Resource as the value of the "links" Property of that Resource. A Resource that contains Links is a Collection.

A Resource with a list of Links:

```json
{/Room1
 {
  "rt": ["my.room"],
  "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline" ],
  "color": "blue",
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "/oic/d",
      "rt": ["oic.d.light", "oic.wk.d"],
      "if": [ "oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline" ],
      "p": {"bm": 1}
    },
    {
      "href": "/oic/p",
      "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
      "if": [ "oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline" ],
      "p": {"bm": 1}
    },
    {
      "href": "/switch",
      "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
      "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline" ],
      "p": {"bm": 3},
      "mt": [ "application/cbor", "application/exi+xml" ]
    }
  ]
}
```
7.8.3 Collections

7.8.3.1 Overview

A Resource that contains one or more references (specified as Links) to other resources is a Collection. These reference may be related to each other or just be a list; the Collection provides a means to refer to this set of references with a single handle (i.e. the URI). A simple resource is kept distinct from a collection. Any Resource may be turned into a Collection by binding resource references as Links. Collections may be used for creating, defining or specifying hierarchies, indexes, groups, and so on.

A Collection shall have at least one Resource Type and at least one Interface bound at all times during its lifetime. During creation time of a collection the Resource Type and interfaces are specified. The initial defined Resource Types and interfaces may be updated during its life time. These initial values may be overridden using mechanism used for overriding in the case of a Resource. Additional Resource Types and Interfaces may be bound to the Collection at creation or later during the lifecycle of the Collection.

A Collection shall define the “links” Property. The value of the “links” Property is an array with zero or more Links. The target URIs in the Links may reference another Collection or another Resource. The referenced Collection or Resource may reside on the same Device as the Collection that includes that Link (called a local reference) or may reside on another Device (called a remote reference). The context URI of the Links in the “links” array shall (implicitly) be the Collection that contains that “links” property. The (implicit) context URI may be overridden with explicit specification of the “anchor” parameter in the Link where the value of “anchor” is the new base of the Link.

A Resource may be referenced in more than one Collection, therefore, a unique parent-child relationship is not guaranteed. There is no pre-defined relationship between a Collection and the Resource referenced in the Collection, i.e., the application may use Collections to represent a relationship but none is automatically implied or defined. The lifecycles of the Collection and the referenced Resource are also independent of one another.

If the “drel” property is defined for the Collection then all Links that don’t explicitly specify a relationship shall inherit this default relationship in the context of that Collection. The default relationship defines the implicit relationship between the Collection and the target URI in the Link.

A Property "links" represents the list of Links in a Collection. "links" Property has, as its value, an array of items and each item is an OCF Link as shown:
A Collection may be:

- A pre-defined Collection where the Collection has been defined a priori and the Collection is static over its lifetime. Such Collections may be used to model, for example, an appliance that is composed of other devices or fixed set of resource representing fixed functions.

- A Device local Collection where the Collection is used only on the Device that hosts the Collection. Such collections may be used as a short-hand on a client for referring to many Servers as one.

- A centralized Collection where the Collection is hosted on an Device but other Devices may access or update the Collection.

- A hosted Collection where the collection is centralized but is managed by an authorized agent or party.

### 7.8.3.2 Collection Properties

A Collection shall define the “links” Property. In addition, other Properties may be defined for the Collection by the Resource Type. The mandatory and recommended Common Properties for a Collection are shown in Table 9. This list of Common Properties is in addition to those defined for Resources in section 7.3.2.
Table 9. Common Properties for Collections (in addition to Common Properties defined in section 7.3.2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value Type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Links</td>
<td>The set of links in the collection</td>
<td>&quot;links&quot;</td>
<td>json Array of Links</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resource Types</td>
<td>The list of allowed Resource Types for links in the collection. Requests for addition of links using link list or link batch interfaces will be validated against this list. If this property is not defined or is null string then any Resource Type is permitted</td>
<td>&quot;rts&quot;</td>
<td>json Array of Resource Type names</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Properties of a Collection may not be modified.

7.8.3.3 Default Resource Type

A default Resource Type, "oic.wk.col", shall be available for Collections. This Resource Type shall be used only when another type has not been defined on the Collection or when no Resource Type has been specified at the creation of the Collection.

The default Resource Type provides support for the Common Properties including the "links" Property. For the default Resource Type, the value of "links" shall be a simple array of Links.

The default Resource Type shall support the 'baseline' and 'links list' Interfaces. The default Interface shall be the 'links list' Interface.

7.9 Third (3rd) party specified extensions

This section describes how a 3rd party may add Device Types, Resource Types, 3rd party defined Properties to an existing or 3rd party defined Resource Type, 3rd party defined enumeration values to an existing enumeration and 3rd party defined parameters to an existing defined Property.

A 3rd party may specify additional (non-OCF) Resources within an OCF Device. A 3rd party may also specify additional Properties within an existing OCF defined Resource Type. Further a 3rd party may extend an OCF defined enumeration with 3rd party defined values.

A 3rd party defined Device Type may expose both 3rd party and OCF defined Resource Types. A 3rd party defined Device Type must expose the mandatory Resources for all OCF Devices defined within this specification.

A 3rd party defined Resource Type shall include any mandatory Properties defined in this specification and also any vertical specified mandatory Properties. All Properties defined within a 3rd party defined Resource Type that are part of the OCF namespace that are not Common Properties as defined in this specification shall follow the 3rd party defined Property rules in Table 10.

The following table defines the syntax rules for 3rd party defined Resource Type elements. Within the table the term "Domain_Name" refers to a domain name that is owned by the 3rd party that is defining the new element.
Table 10. 3rd party defined Resource elements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource Element</th>
<th>Vendor Definition Rules</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New 3rd party defined Device Type</td>
<td>&quot;rt&quot; Property Value of &quot;/oic/d&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x.&lt;Domain_Name&gt;.&lt;resource identification&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New 3rd party defined Resource Type</td>
<td>&quot;rt&quot; Property Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x.&lt;Domain_Name&gt;.&lt;resource identification&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New 3rd party defined Property within the OCF namespace</td>
<td>Resource Property Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x.&lt;Domain_Name&gt;.&lt;property&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional 3rd party defined values in an OCF specified enumeration</td>
<td>Enumeration Property Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x.&lt;Domain_Name&gt;.&lt;enum value&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional 3rd party defined parameter in an OCF specified Property</td>
<td>Parameter key word</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x.&lt;Domain_Name&gt;.&lt;parameter keyword&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

With respect to the use of the Domain_Name in this scheme the labels are reversed from how they appear in DNS or other resolution mechanisms. The 3rd party defined Device Type and Resource Type otherwise follow the rules defined in section 7.4.2 Resource Type Property. 3rd party defined Resource Types should be registered in the IANA Constrained RESTful Environments (CoRE) Parameters registry.

For example:

- x.com.samsung.galaxyphone.accelerator
- x.com.cisco.ciscorouterport
- x.com.hp.printerhead
- x.org.allseen.newinterface.newproperty

7.10 Query Parameters

7.10.1 Introduction

Properties and Parameters (including those that are part of a Link) may be used in the query part of a URI (see section 6.2.1) as one criterion for selection of a particular Resource. This is done by declaring the Property (i.e. <Property Name> = <desired Property Value>) as one of the segments of the query. Only ASCII strings are permitted in query filters, and NULL characters are disallowed in query filters. This means that only Property Values with ASCII characters may be matched in a query filter.

The Resource is selected when all the declared Properties or Link Parameters in the query match the corresponding Properties or Link Parameters in the target.

7.10.2 Use of multiple parameters within a query

When a query contains multiple separate query parameters these are delimited by an "&" as described in section 6.2.1.

A Client may apply multiple separate query parameters, for example "?ins=light&rt=oic.r.switch.binary". If such queries are supported by the Server this shall be accomplished by matching "all of" the different query parameter types ("rt", "ins", "if", etc) against the target of the query. In the example, this resolves to an instance of oic.r.switch.binary that also has an "ins" populated as "light". There is no significance applied to the order of the query parameters.
A Client may select more than one Resource Type using repeated query parameters, for example 
"rt=oic.r.switch.binary&rt=oic.r.ramptime". If such queries are supported by the Server this shall 
be accomplished by matching "any of" the repeated query parameters against the target of the 
query. In the example, any instances of "oic.r.switch.binary" and/or "oic.r.ramptime" that may exist 
are selected.

A Client may combine both multiple repeated parameters and multiple separate parameters in a 
single query, for example "?if=oic.if.b&ins=light&rt=oic.r.switch.binary&rt=oic.r.ramptime". If such 
queries are supported by the Server this shall be accomplished by matching "any of" the repeated 
query parameters and then matching "all of" the different query parameter types. In the example 
any instances of "oic.r.switch.binary" and/or "oic.r.ramptime" that also have an "ins" of "light" that 
may exist are selected in a batch response.

Note that the parameters within a query string are represented within the actual messaging 
protocol as defined in section 12.

7.10.3 Application to multi-value "rt" Resources

An "rt" query for a multi-value "rt" Resource with the Default Interface of "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s", "oic.if.r", 
"oic.if.rw" or "oic.if.baseline" is an extension of a generic "rt" query. When a Server receives a 
RETRIEVE request for a multi-value "rt" Resource with an "rt" query, (i.e. GET 
/ResExample?rt=oic.r.foo), the Server should respond only when the query value is an item of the 
"rt" Property Value of the target Resource and should send back only the Properties associated 
with the query value(s). For example, upon receiving GET /ResExample?rt=oic.r.switch.binary 
targeting a Resource with "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.light.brightness"], the Server responds 
with only the Properties of oic.r.switch.binary.

7.10.4 Interface specific considerations for queries

7.10.4.1 Interface selection

When an Interface is to be selected for a request, it shall be specified as a query parameter in the 
URI of the Resource in the request message. If no query parameter is specified, then the Default 
Interface shall be used. If the selected Interface is not one of the permitted Interfaces on the 
Resource then selecting that Interface is an error and the Server shall respond with an error 
response code.

For example, the baseline Interface may be selected by adding "if=oic.if.baseline" to the list of 
query parameters in the URI of the target Resource. For example: "GET /oic/res?if=oic.if.baseline".

7.10.4.2 Batch Interface

See section 7.6.3.4 for details on the batch Interface itself. Query parameters may be used with 
the batch Interface in order to select particular Resources in a Collection for retrieval or update; 
these parameters are used to select items in the Collection by matching Link Parameter Values.

When Link selection query parameters are used with RETRIEVE operations applied using the 
batch Interface, only the Resources in the Collection with matching Link Parameters should be 
returned.

When Link selection query parameters are used with UPDATE operations applied using the batch 
Interface, only the Resources having matching Link Parameters should be updated.

See 7.6.3.4.2 for examples of RETRIEVE and UPDATE operations that use Link selection query 
parameters.
8 CRUDN

8.1 Overview

CREATE, RETRIEVE, UPDATE, DELETE, and NOTIFY (CRUDN) are operations defined for manipulating Resources. These operations are performed by a Client on the resources contained in Server.

On reception of a valid CRUDN operation Server hosting the Resource that is the target of the request shall generate a response depending on the Interface included in the request; or based on the Default Interface for the Resource Type if no Interface is included.

CRUDN operations utilize a set of parameters that are carried in the messages and are defined in Table 11. A Device shall use CBOR as the default payload (content) encoding scheme for resource representations included in CRUDN operations and operation responses; a Device may negotiate a different payload encoding scheme (e.g., see in section 12.2.4 for CoAP messaging). The following subsections specify the CRUDN operations and use of the parameters. The type definitions for these terms will be mapped in the messaging section for each protocol.

Table 11. Parameters of CRUDN messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicability</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Denotation</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All messages</td>
<td>fr</td>
<td>From</td>
<td>The URI of the message originator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to</td>
<td>To</td>
<td>The URI of the recipient of the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ri</td>
<td>Request Identifier</td>
<td>The identifier that uniquely identifies the message in the originator and the recipient.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cn</td>
<td>Content</td>
<td>Information specific to the operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requests</td>
<td>op</td>
<td>Operation</td>
<td>Specific operation requested to be performed by the Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>obs</td>
<td>Observe</td>
<td>Indicator for an observe request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responses</td>
<td>rs</td>
<td>Response Code</td>
<td>Indicator of the result of the request; whether it was accepted and what the conclusion of the operation was. The values of the response code for CRUDN operations shall conform to those as defined in section 5.9 and 12.1.2 in IETF RFC 7252.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>obs</td>
<td>Observe</td>
<td>Indicator for an observe response.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 CREATE

The CREATE operation is used to request the creation of new Resources on the Server. The CREATE operation is initiated by the Client and consists of three steps, as depicted in Figure 9 and described below.

Figure 9. CREATE operation

8.2.1 CREATE request

The CREATE request message is transmitted by the Client to the Server to create a new Resource by the Server. The CREATE request message will carry the following parameters:

- fr: Unique identifier of the Client
- to: URI of the target resource responsible for creation of the new resource.
- ri: Identifier of the CREATE request
- cn: Information of the resource to be created by the Server
  1) cn will include the URI and Resource Type property of the resource to be created.
  2) cn may include additional properties of the resource to be created.
- op: CREATE

8.2.2 Processing by the Server

Following the receipt of a CREATE request, the Server may validate if the Client has the appropriate rights for creating the requested resource. If the validation is successful, the Server creates the requested resource. The Server caches the value of ri parameter in the CREATE request for inclusion in the CREATE response message.
8.2.3 CREATE response
The Server shall transmit a CREATE response message in response to a CREATE request message from a Client. The CREATE response message will include the following parameters.

- **fr**: Unique identifier of the Server
- **to**: Unique identifier of the Client
- **ri**: Identifier included in the CREATE request
- **cn**: Information of the resource as created by the Server.
  - i) **cn** will include the URI of the created resource.
  - ii) **cn** will include the resource representation of the created resource.
- **rs**: The result of the CREATE operation

8.3 RETRIEVE
The RETRIEVE operation is used to request the current state or representation of a Resource. The RETRIEVE operation is initiated by the Client and consists of three steps, as depicted in Figure 10 and described below.

**Figure 10. RETRIEVE operation**

8.3.1 RETRIEVE request
RETRIEVE request message is transmitted by the Client to the Server to request the representation of a Resource from a Server. The RETRIEVE request message will carry the following parameters.

- **fr**: Unique identifier of the Client
- **to**: URI of the resource the Client is targeting
- **ri**: Identifier of the RETRIEVE request
- **op**: RETRIEVE

8.3.2 Processing by the Server
Following the receipt of a RETRIEVE request, the Server may validate if the Client has the appropriate rights for retrieving the requested data and the properties are readable. The Server caches the value of **ri** parameter in the RETRIEVE request for use in the response.

8.3.3 RETRIEVE response
The Server shall transmit a RETRIEVE response message in response to a RETRIEVE request message from a Client. The RETRIEVE response message will include the following parameters.
8.4 UPDATE

The UPDATE operation is either a Partial UPDATE or a complete replacement of the information in a Resource in conjunction with the interface that is also applied to the operation. The UPDATE operation is initiated by the Client and consists of three steps, as depicted in Figure 11 and described below.

**Figure 11. UPDATE operation**

8.4.1 UPDATE request

The UPDATE request message is transmitted by the Client to the Server to request the update of information of a Resource on the Server. The UPDATE request message will carry the following parameters:

- **fr**: Unique identifier of the Client
- **to**: URI of the resource targeted for the information update
- **ri**: Identifier of the UPDATE request
- **op**: UPDATE
- **cn**: Information, including properties, of the resource to be updated at the target resource
8.4.2 Processing by the Server

Following the receipt of an UPDATE request, the Server may validate if the Client has the appropriate rights for updating the requested data. If the validation is successful the Server updates the target Resource information according to the information carried in $cn$ parameter of the UPDATE request message. The Server caches the value of $ri$ parameter in the UPDATE request for use in the response.

An UPDATE request that includes Properties that are read-only shall be rejected by the Server with an $rs$ indicating a bad request.

An UPDATE request shall be applied only to the Properties in the target resource visible via the applied interface that support the operation. An UPDATE of non-existent Properties is ignored.

8.4.3 UPDATE response

The UPDATE response message will include the following parameters:

- $fr$: Unique identifier of the Server
- $to$: Unique identifier of the Client
- $ri$: Identifier included in the UPDATE request
- $rs$: The result of the UPDATE request

The UPDATE response message may also include the following parameters:

- $cn$: The Resource representation following processing of the UPDATE request

8.5 DELETE

The DELETE operation is used to request the removal of a Resource. The DELETE operation is initiated by the Client and consists of three steps, as depicted in Figure 12 and described below.
DELETE request

DELETE request message is transmitted by the Client to the Server to delete a Resource on the Server. The DELETE request message will carry the following parameters:

- `fr`: Unique identifier of the Client
- `to`: URI of the target resource which is the target of deletion
- `ri`: Identifier of the DELETE request
- `op`: DELETE

Processing by the Server

Following the receipt of a DELETE request, the Server may validate if the Client has the appropriate rights for deleting the identified resource, and whether the identified resource exists. If the validation is successful, the Server removes the requested resource and deletes all the associated information. The Server caches the value of `ri` parameter in the DELETE request for use in the response.

DELETE response

The Server shall transmit a DELETE response message in response to a DELETE request message from a Client. The DELETE response message will include the following parameters.

- `fr`: Unique identifier of the Server
- `to`: Unique identifier of the Client
- `ri`: Identifier included in the DELETE request
- `rs`: The result of the DELETE operation

NOTIFY

The NOTIFY operation is used to request asynchronous notification of state changes. Complete description of the NOTIFY operation is provided in section 11.4. The NOTIFY operation uses the NOTIFICATION response message which is defined here.

NOTIFICATION response

The NOTIFICATION response message is sent by a Server to notify the URLs identified by the Client of a state change. The NOTIFICATION response message carries the following parameters.

- `fr`: Unique identifier of the Server
- `to`: URI of the Resource target of the NOTIFICATION message
- `ri`: Identifier included in the CREATE request
• \textit{op}: NOTIFY
• \textit{cn}: The updated state of the resource

9 Network and connectivity

9.1 Introduction
The Internet of Things is comprised of a wide range of applications which sense and actuate the physical world with a broad spectrum of device and network capabilities: from battery powered nodes transmitting 100 bytes per day and able to last 10 years on a coin cell battery, to mains powered nodes able to maintain MBit video streams. It is estimated that many 10s of billions of IoT devices will be deployed over the coming years.

It is desirable that the connectivity options be adapted to the IP layer. To that end, IETF has completed considerable work to adapt Bluetooth®, Wi-Fi, 802.15.4, LPWAN, etc. to IPv6. These adaptations, plus the larger address space and improved address management capabilities, make IPv6 the clear choice for the OCF network layer technology.

9.2 Architecture
While the aging IPv4 centric network has evolved to support complex topologies, its deployment was primarily provisioned by a single Internet Service Provider (ISP) as a single network. More complex network topologies, often seen in residential home, are mostly introduced through the acquisition of additional home network devices, which rely on technologies like private Network Address Translation (NAT). These technologies require expert assistance to set up correctly and should be avoided in a home network as they most often result in breakage of constructs like routing, naming and discovery services.

The multi-segment ecosystem OCF addresses will not only cause a proliferation of new devices and associated routers, but also new services introducing additional edge routers. All these new requirements require advance architectural constructs to address complex network topologies like the one shown in Figure 13.
In terms of IETF RFC 6434, IPv6 nodes assume either a router or host role. Nodes may further implement various specializations of those roles:

- A Router may implement Customer Edge Router capabilities as defined in IETF RFC 7084.
- Nodes limited in processing power, memory, non-volatile storage or transmission capacity requires special IP adaptation layers (6LoWPAN) and/or dedicated routing protocols (RPL). Examples include devices transmitting over low power physical layer like IEEE 802.14.5, ITU G9959, Bluetooth Low Energy, DECT Ultra Low Energy, Near Field Communication (NFC).
- A node may translate and route messaging between IPv6 and non-IPv6 networks.

9.3 IPv6 network layer requirements

9.3.1 Introduction

Projections indicate that many 10s of billions of new IoT endpoints and related services will be brought online in the next few years. These endpoint’s capabilities will span from battery powered nodes with limited compute, storage, and bandwidth to more richly resourced devices operating over Ethernet and WiFi links.

Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4), deployed some 30 years ago, has matured to support a wide variety of applications such as Web browsing, email, voice, video, and critical system monitoring and control. However, the capabilities of IPv4 are at the point of exhaustion, not the least of which is that available address space has been consumed.
The IETF long ago saw the need for a successor to IPv4, thus the development of IPv6. OCF recommends IPv6 at the network layer. Amongst the reasons for IPv6 recommendations are:

- Larger address space. Side-effect: greatly reduce the need for NATs.
- More flexible addressing architecture. Multiple addresses and types per interface: Link-local, ULA, GUA, variously scoped Multicast addresses, etc. Better ability to support multi-homed networks, better re-numbering capability, etc.
- More capable auto configuration capabilities: DHCPv6, SLAAC, Router Discovery, etc.
- Technologies enabling IP connectivity on constrained nodes are based upon IPv6.
- All major consumer operating systems (IoS, Android, Windows, Linux) are already IPv6 enabled.
- Major Service Providers around the globe are deploying IPv6.

**9.3.2 IPv6 node requirements**

**9.3.2.1 Introduction**

In order to ensure network layer services interoperability from node to node, mandating a common network layer across all nodes is vital. The protocol should enable the network to be: secure, manageable, scalable and to include constrained and self-organizing meshed nodes. OCF mandates IPv6 as the common network layer protocol to ensure interoperability across all Devices. More capable devices may also include additional protocols creating multiple-stack devices. The remainder of this section will focus on interoperability requirements for IPv6 hosts, IPv6 constrained hosts and IPv6 routers. The various protocol translation permutations included in multi-stack gateway devices may be addresses in subsequent addendums of this specification.

**9.3.2.2 IP Layer**

An IPv6 node shall support IPv6 and it shall conform to the requirements as specified in IETF RFC 6434.

**10 Endpoint**

**10.1 Endpoint definition**

The specific definition of an Endpoint depends on the Transport Protocol Suite being used. For the example of CoAP over UDP over IPv6, the endpoint is identified by an IPv6 address and UDP port number.

Each OCF Device shall associate with at least one Endpoint with which it can exchange request and response messages. When a message is sent to an Endpoint, it shall be delivered to the OCF Device which is associated with the Endpoint. When a request message is delivered to an Endpoint, path component is enough to locate the target Resource.

OCF Device can be associated with multiple Endpoints. For example, an OCF Device can have several IP addresses or port numbers or support both CoAP and HTTP transfer protocol.

On the other hand, an Endpoint can be shared among multiple OCF Devices, only when there is a way to clearly designate the target Resource with request URI. For example, when multiple CoAP servers use uniquely different URI paths for all their hosted Resources, and the CoAP implementation demuxes by path, they can share the same CoAP Endpoint. However, this is not possible for OIC 1.1 and OCF 1.0 because pre-determined URI (e.g. "/oic/d") is mandatory for some mandatory Resources (e.g. "oic.wk.d").
10.2 Endpoint information

10.2.1 Introduction

Endpoint is represented by Endpoint information which consists of two items of key-value pair, "ep" and "pri".

10.2.2 "ep"

"ep" represents Transport Protocol Suite and Endpoint Locator specified as follows:

- **Transport Protocol Suite** - a combination of protocols (e.g. CoAP + UDP + IPv6) with which request and response messages can be exchanged for RESTful transaction (i.e. CRUDN). A Transport Protocol Suites shall be indicated by a URI scheme name. All OCF-defined schemes are IANA registered, but URI scheme names in general can be IANA registered or vendor-defined (e.g., "com.example.foo"), as explained in IETF RFC 7595.

- **Endpoint Locator** – an address (e.g. IPv6 address + Port number) through which a message can be sent to the Endpoint and in turn associated OCF Device. The Endpoint Locator for "coap", "coaps", "coap+tcp", "coaps+tcp", "http", and "https" shall be specified as "IP address: port number". Temporary addresses should not be used because Endpoint Locators are for the purpose of accepting incoming sessions, whereas temporary addresses are for initiating outgoing sessions (IETF RFC 4941). Moreover its inclusion in "/oic/res" can cause a privacy concern (IETF RFC 7721).

"ep" shall have as its value a URI (as specified in IETF RFC 3986) with the scheme component indicating Transport Protocol Suite and the authority component indicating the Endpoint Locator:

```
"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111"
```

The current list of "ep" with corresponding Transport Protocol Suite is shown in Table 12:

Table 12. "ep" value for Transport Protocol Suite

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transport Protocol Suite</th>
<th>scheme</th>
<th>Endpoint Locator</th>
<th>&quot;ep&quot; Value example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>coap + udp + ip</td>
<td>coap</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coaps + udp + ip</td>
<td>coaps</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coap + tcp + ip</td>
<td>coap+tcp</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coaps + tcp + ip</td>
<td>coaps+tcp</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>coaps+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>http + tcp + ip</td>
<td>http</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>http://[2001:db8:a::123]:1111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>https + tcp + ip</td>
<td>https</td>
<td>IP address + port number</td>
<td>https://[2001:db8:a::123]:1122</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10.2.3 "pri"

When there are multiple Endpoints, "pri" indicates the priority among them.

"pri" shall be represented as a positive integer (e.g. "pri": 1) and the lower the value, the higher the priority.

The default "pri" value is 1, i.e. when "pri" is not present, it shall be equivalent to "pri": 1.
To carry Endpoint information, a new Link Parameter "eps" is defined in 7.8.2.1.5. "eps" has an array of items as its value and each item represents Endpoint information with two key-value pairs, "ep" and "pri", of which "ep" is mandatory and "pri" is optional. A link with "eps":

```
{
  "anchor": "ocf://light_device_id",
  "href": "/myLightSwitch",
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2}, {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"}]
}
```

In the previous example, "anchor" represents the hosting OCF Device, "href", target Resource and "eps" the two Endpoints for the target Resource.

If the target Resource of a Link requires a secure connection (e.g. CoAPS), "eps" Parameter shall be used to indicate the necessary information (e.g. port number) in OCF 1.0 payload, because "sec" and "port" shall be used only in OIC 1.1 payload.

### 10.3 Endpoint discovery

#### 10.3.1 Introduction

"Endpoint discovery" is defined as the process for a Client to acquire the Endpoint information for OCF Device or Resource.

#### 10.3.2 Implicit discovery

If a Device is the source of a CoAP message (e.g. "/oic/res" response), the source IP address and port number can be combined to form the Endpoint Locator for the Device. Along with a "coap" scheme and default "pri" value, Endpoint information for the Device can be constructed.

In other words, an "/oic/res" response message with CoAP can implicitly carry the Endpoint information of the responding Device and in turn all the hosted Resources, which can be accessed with the same transfer protocol of CoAP.

#### 10.3.3 Explicit discovery with "/oic/res" response

Endpoint information can be explicitly indicated with the "eps" Parameter of the Links in "/oic/res".

As in 10.3.2, an "/oic/res" response can implicitly indicate the Endpoint information for the target Resources hosted by the responding Device. However "/oic/res" may expose a target Resource which belongs to another Device. When the Endpoint for a target Resource of a Link cannot be implicitly inferred, the "eps" Parameter shall be included to provide explicit Endpoint information with which a Client can access the target Resource.

This applies to the case of "/oic/res" for a Resource Directory or Bridge Device which usually carries the Links for Resources which another Device hosts.

An "/oic/res" response with the "eps" Parameter in Links:

```
[
]
```
"if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
"p": {"bm": 1},
"eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:11111"}]
},

{ "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
 "href": "/myIntrospection",
 "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
 "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
 "p": {"bm": 3},
 "eps": ["ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:11111"]}
},

{ "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
 "href": "/myIntrospection",
 "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
 "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
 "p": {"bm": 3},
 "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:11111"}]
},

{ "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
 "href": "/myIntrospection",
 "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
 "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
 "p": {"bm": 3},
 "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:11111"}]
},

{ "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
 "href": "/myIntrospection",
 "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
 "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
 "p": {"bm": 3},
 "eps": [{"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:11111"}]
}

The exact format of the "/oic/res" response and a way for a Client to acquire a "/oic/res" response message is specified in D.9 and 11.3.5 respectively.

10.4 CoAP based Endpoint discovery

The following describes CoAP based Endpoint discovery:

a) Advertising or publishing Devices shall join the ‘All OCF Nodes’ multicast groups (as defined in [IANA IPv6 Multicast Address Space Registry]) with scopes 2, 3, and 5 (i.e., ff02::158, ff03::158 and ff05::158) and shall listen on the port 5683. For compliance to IETF RFC 7252 a Device may additionally join the ‘All CoAP Nodes’ multicast groups.

b) Clients intending to discover resources shall join the multicast groups as defined in a).

c) Clients shall send discovery requests (GET request) to the ‘All OCF Nodes’ multicast group address with scope 2 (ff02::158) at port 5683. The requested URI shall be "/oic/res". For compliance to IETF RFC 7252 a Client may additionally send to the ‘All CoAP Nodes’ multicast groups.
d) If the discovery request is intended for a specific Resource Type, the Query parameter "rt" shall be included in the request (section 6.2.1) with its value set to the desired Resource Type. Only Devices hosting the Resource Type shall respond to the discovery request.

e) When the "rt" Query parameter is omitted, all Devices shall respond to the discovery request.

f) Handling of multicast requests shall be as described in section 8 of IETF RFC 7252 and section 4.1 in IETF RFC 6690.

g) Devices which receive the request shall respond using CBOR payload encoding. A Device shall indicate support for CBOR payload encoding for multicast discovery as described in section 12.3.6. Later versions of the specification may support alternate payload encodings (JSON, XML/EXI, etc.).

Note: Unsecured endpoint is used for multicast discovery.

11 Functional interactions

11.1 Introduction

The functional interactions between a Client and a Server are described in section 11.2 through section 11.6 respectively. The functional interactions use CRUDN messages (section 8) and include Discovery, Notification, and Device management. These functions require support of core defined resources as defined in Table 13. More details about these resources are provided later in this section.

Table 13. List of Core Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Name</th>
<th>Resource Type</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/res&quot;</td>
<td>Default</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.res&quot;</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/p&quot;</td>
<td>Platform</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.p&quot;</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/d&quot;</td>
<td>Device</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.d&quot;</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(none)</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.con&quot;</td>
<td>Device Management</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/mnt&quot;</td>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.mnt&quot;</td>
<td>Device Management</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.2 Onboarding, Provisioning and Configuration

Onboarding and Provisioning are fully defined by the OCF Security Specification.

Should a Device support Client update of configurable information it shall do so via exposing an oic.wk.con Core Resource (Table 14) in "/oic/res";

Table 14. Configuration Resource

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/example/oic/con&quot;</td>
<td>Device Configuration</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.con&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.rw&quot;</td>
<td>The Resource Type through which configurable information specific to the Device is exposed. The resource properties exposed in &quot;oic.wk.con&quot; are listed in Table 15.</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 15 defines the “oic.wk.con” resource type.

### Table 15. “oic.wk.con” Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Device) Name</td>
<td>n (Common Property of “/example/oic/con”)</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Human friendly name configurable by the end user (e.g. Bob’s thermostat). The &quot;n&quot; Common Property of the oic.wk.con Core Resource and the &quot;n&quot; Common Property of the &quot;oic/d&quot; Core Resource shall have the same Value. When the &quot;n&quot; Common Property Value of the oic.wk.con Core Resource is modified, it shall be reflected to the &quot;n&quot; Common Property of &quot;oic/d&quot; Core Resource.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location Name</td>
<td>locn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Provides location information where available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>c</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R,W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Indicates the currency that is used for any monetary transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region</td>
<td>r</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R,W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Free form text indicating the current region in which the device is located geographically.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Localized Names| ln (Array of objects) | array     |            |      | R,W         | no        | Human-friendly name of the Device, in one or more languages. This property is an array of objects where each object has a ‘language’ field (containing an IETF RFC 5646 language tag) and a ‘value’ field containing the device name in the

The optional Resource Type through which configurable information specific to the Platform is exposed. The resource properties exposed in "oic.wk.con.p" are listed in Table 16.
Table 16. "oic.wk.con.p" Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Platform Names          | mnpn          | array      |            |      | R,W         | no        | Friendly name of the Platform. This property is an array of objects where each object has a 'language' field (containing an IETF RFC 5646 language tag) and a 'value' field containing the platform friendly name in the indicated language. For example, 
[{"language":"en", "value":"Dave's Laptop"}] |

11.3 Resource discovery

11.3.1 Introduction

Discovery is a function which enables endpoint discovery as well as resource based discovery. Endpoint discovery is described in detail in section 10. This section mainly describes the resource based discovery.

11.3.2 Resource based discovery: mechanisms

11.3.2.1 Overview

As part of discovery, a Client may find appropriate information about other OCF peers. This information could be instances of Resources, Resource Types or any other information represented in the resource model that an OCF peer would want another OCF peer to discover.

At the minimum, Resource based discovery uses the following:

1) A resource to enable discovery shall be defined. The representation of that resource shall contain the information that can be discovered.
2) The resource to enable discovery shall be specified and commonly known a-priori. A Device for hosting the resource to enable discovery shall be identified.

3) A mechanism and process to publish the information that needs to be discovered with the resource to enable discovery.

4) A mechanism and process to access and obtain the information from the resource to enable discovery. A query may be used in the request to limit the returned information.

5) A scope for the publication

6) A scope for the access.

7) A policy for visibility of the information.

Depending on the choice of the base aspects defined above, the Framework defines three resource based discovery mechanisms:

- Direct discovery, where the Resources are published locally at the Device hosting the resources and are discovered through peer inquiry.

- Indirect discovery, where Resources are published at a third party assisting with the discovery and peers publish and perform discovery against the resource to enable discovery on the assisting 3rd party.

- Advertisement discovery, where the resource to enable discovery is hosted local to the initiator of the discovery inquiry but remote to the Devices that are publishing discovery information.

A Device shall support direct discovery.

11.3.2.2 Direct discovery

In direct discovery,

1) The Device that is providing the information shall host the resource to enable discovery.

2) The Device publishes the information available for discovery with the local resource to enable discovery (i.e. local scope).

3) Clients interested in discovering information about this Device shall issue RETRIEVE requests directly to the resource. The request may be made as a unicast or multicast. The request may be generic or may be qualified or limited by using appropriate queries in the request.

4) The “server” Device that receives the request shall send a response with the discovered information directly back to the requesting “client” Device.

5) The information that is included in the request is determined by the policies set for the resource to be discovered locally on the responding Device.

11.3.2.3 Indirect discovery of Resources (resource directory based discovery)

In indirect discovery the information about the resource to be discovered is hosted on a Server that is not hosting the resource. See section 11.3.6 for details on resource directory based discovery.

In indirect discovery:

a) The resource to be discovered is hosted on a Device that is neither the client initiating the discovery nor the Device that is providing or publishing the information to be discovered. This Device may use the same resource to provide discovery for multiple agents looking to discover and for multiple agents with information to be discovered.
b) The Device to be discovered or with information to discover, publishes that information with resource to be discovered on a different Device. The policies on the information shared including the lifetime-validity are specified by the publishing Device. The publishing Device may modify these policies as required.

c) The client doing the discovery may send a unicast discovery request to the Device hosting the discovery information or send a multicast request that shall be monitored and responded to by the Device. In both cases, the Device hosting the discovery information is acting on behalf of the publishing Device.

d) The discovery policies may be set by the Device hosting the discovery information or by the party that is publishing the information to be discovered. The discovery information that is returned in the discovery response shall adhere to the policies that are in effect at the time of the request.

### 11.3.2.4 Advertisement Discovery

In advertisement discovery:

a) The resource to enable discovery is hosted local to the Device that is initiating the discovery request (client). The resource to enable discovery may be a Core Resource or discovered as part of a bootstrap.

b) The request could be an implementation dependent lookup or be a local RETRIEVE request against the resource that enables discovery.

c) The Device with information to be discovered shall publish the appropriate information to the resource that enables discovery.

d) The publishing Device is responsible for the published information. The publishing Device may UPDATE the information at the resource to enable discovery based on its needs by sending additional publication requests. The policies on the information that is discovered including lifetime is determined by the publishing Device.

### 11.3.3 Resource based discovery: Information publication process

The mechanism to publish information with the resource to enable discovery can be done either locally or remotely. The publication process is depicted in

```
Client
(Registering resources)

Server
(Hosting the designated Resource)
```

1. UPDATE Request

2. Entry updated in /oic/res

3. UPDATE Response

Figure 14. The Device which has discovery information to publish shall a) either update the resource that enables discovery if hosted locally or b) issue an UPDATE request with the information to the Device which hosts the resource that enables discovery. The Device hosting the resource to enable discovery adds/updates the resource to enable discovery with the provided
information and then responds to the Device which has requested the publication of the resource with an UPDATE response.

![Diagram of Resource based discovery: Information publication process]

**Figure 14. Resource based discovery: Information publication process**

### 11.3.4 Resource based discovery: Finding information

The discovery process (Figure 15) is initiated as a RETRIEVE request to the resource to enable discovery. The request may be sent to a single Device (as in a Unicast) or to multiple Devices (as in Multicast). The specific mechanisms used to do Unicast or Multicast are determined by the support in the data connectivity layer. The response to the request has the information to be discovered based on the policies for that information. The policies can determine which information is shared, when and to which requesting agent. The information that can be discovered can be resources, types, configuration and many other standards or custom aspects depending on the request to appropriate resource and the form of request. Optionally the requester may narrow the information to be returned in the request using query parameters in the URI query.
Figure 15. Resource based discovery: Finding information

**Discovery Resources**

Some of the Core Resources shall be implemented on all Devices to support discovery. The Core Resources that shall be implemented to support discovery are:

- "/oic/res" for discovery of resources
- "/oic/p" for discovery of platform
- "/oic/d" for discovery of device information

Details for these mandatory Core Resources are described in Table 17.

**Platform resource**

The OCF recognizes that more than one instance of Device may be hosted on a single platform. Clients need a way to discover and access the information on the platform. The core resource, "/oic/p" exposes platform specific properties. All instances of Device on the same Platform shall have the same values of any properties exposed (i.e. a Device may choose to expose optional properties within "/oic/p" but when exposed the value of that property should be the same as the value of that property on all other Devices on that Platform).

**Device resource**

The device resource shall have the pre-defined URI "/oic/d". The resource "/oic/d" exposes the properties pertaining to a Device as defined in Table 17. The properties exposed are determined by the specific instance of Device and defined by the Resource Type(s) of "/oic/d" on that Device. Since all the Resource Types of "/oic/d" are not known a priori, the Resource Type(s) of "/oic/d" shall be determined by discovery through the core resource "/oic/res". The device resource "/oic/d" shall have a default Resource Type that helps in bootstrapping the interactions with this device (the default type is described in Table 17.)

**Protocol indication**

A Device may need to support different messaging protocols depending on requirements for different application profiles. For example, the Smart Home profile may use CoAP and the Industrial profile may use DDS. To enable interoperability, a Device uses the protocol indication to indicate the transport protocols they support and can communicate over.
Table 17. Mandatory discovery Core Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/res&quot;</td>
<td>Default</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.res&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.ll&quot;</td>
<td>The resource through which the corresponding Server is discovered and introspected for available resources. &quot;/oic/res&quot; shall expose the resources that are discoverable on a Device. When a Server receives a RETRIEVE request targeting &quot;/oic/res&quot; (e.g., &quot;GET /oic/res&quot;), it shall respond with the link list of all the discoverable resources of itself. The &quot;/oic/d&quot; and &quot;/oic/p&quot; are discoverable resources, hence their links are included in &quot;/oic/res&quot; response. The resource properties exposed by &quot;/oic/res&quot; are listed in Table 18.</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/p&quot;</td>
<td>Platform</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.p&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.r&quot;</td>
<td>The discoverable resource through which platform specific information is discovered. The resource properties exposed by &quot;/oic/p&quot; are listed in Table 21</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/d&quot;</td>
<td>Device</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.d&quot; and/or one Device Specific Resource Type ID</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.r&quot;</td>
<td>The discoverable via &quot;/oic/res&quot; resource which exposes properties specific to the Device instance. The resource properties exposed by &quot;/oic/d&quot; are listed in Table 20. &quot;/oic/d&quot; may have one Resource Type that is specific to the Device in addition to the default Resource Type or if present overriding the default Resource Type. The base type &quot;oic.wk.d&quot; defines the properties that shall be exposed by all Devices. The device specific Resource Type exposed is dependent on the class of device (e.g. air conditioner, smoke alarm); applicable values are defined by the vertical specifications.</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 18 defines "oic.wk.res" Resource Type.

Table 18. "oic.wk.res" Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Human-friendly name defined by the vendor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links</td>
<td>links</td>
<td>array</td>
<td>See 7.8.2</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>The array of Links describes the URI, supported Resource Types and interfaces, and access policy.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messaging Protocol</td>
<td>mpro</td>
<td>SSV</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>String with Space Separated Values (SSV) of messaging protocols supported as a SI Number from Table 19. For example, &quot;1 and 3&quot; indicates that the Device supports coap and http as messaging protocols.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Device which wants to indicate its messaging protocol capabilities may add the property 'mpro' in response to a request on "/oic/res". A Device shall support CoAP based discovery as the baseline discovery mechanism (see section 10.4). A Client which sees this property in a discovery...
response can choose any of the supported messaging protocols for communicating with the Server for further messages. For example, if a Device supporting multiple protocols indicates it supports a value of “1 3” for the ‘mpro’ property in the discovery response, then it cannot be assumed that there is an implied ordering or priority. But a vertical service specification may choose to specify an implied ordering or priority. If the ‘mpro’ property is not present in the response, A Client shall use the default messaging protocol as specified in the vertical specification for further communication.

The "/oic/res" shall list all Resources that are indicated as discoverable (see section 11.3). Also the following architecture Resource Types shall be listed:

- Introspection resource indicated with an “rt” value of “oic.wk.introspection”
- "/oic/p" indicated with an “rt” value of “oic.wk.p”
- “/oic/d” indicated with an “rt” value of “oic.wk.d”
- "/oic/sec/doxm" indicated with an “rt” value of “oic.r.doxm” as defined in the OCF Security Specification
- “/oic/sec/pstat" indicated with an “rt” value of “oic.r.pstat” as defined in the OCF Security Specification
- “/oic/sec/acl2" indicated with an “rt” value of "oic.r.acl2" as defined in the OCF Security Specification
- “/oic/sec/cred" indicated with an “rt” value of "oic.r.cred" as defined in the OCF Security Specification

Conditionally required:

- “/oic/res" with an "rt" value of "oic.wk.res" as self-reference, on the condition that "oic/res" has to signal that it is observable by a Client.

The Introspection Resource is only applicable for Devices that host Vertical Resource Types (e.g. “oic.r.switch.binary”) or vendor-defined Resource Types. Devices that only host Resources required to onboard the Device as a Client do not have to implement the Introspection Resource.

Table 19 provides an OCF registry for protocol schemes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SI Number</th>
<th>Protocol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>coap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>coaps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>http</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>https</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>coap+tcp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>coaps+tcp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The discovery of an endpoint used by a specific protocol is out of scope. The mechanism used by a Client to form requests in a different messaging protocol other than discovery is out of scope.

The following applies to the use of "/oic/d" as defined above:

- A Device may choose to expose its Device Type (e.g., refrigerator or A/C) by adding the Device Type to the list of Resource Types associated with "/oic/d".
For example; "rt" of "/oic/d" becomes ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.<thing>"]; where "oic.d.<thing>" is defined in another spec such as the Smart Home vertical.

This implies that the properties exposed by "/oic/d" are by default the mandatory properties in Table 20.

- A vertical may choose to extend the list of properties defined by the Resource Type "oic.wk.d". In that case, the vertical shall assign a new Device Type specific Resource Type ID. The mandatory properties defined in Table 20 shall always be present.

- A Device may choose to expose a separate, discoverable Resource with its Resource Type ID set to an OCF defined Device Type. In this case the Resource is equivalent to an instance of "oic.wk.d" and adheres to the definition thereof. As such the Resource shall at a minimum expose the mandatory Resource Properties of "oic.wk.d". In the case where the Resource tagged in this manner is defined to be an instance of a Collection (i.e. it also includes the "rt" value of "oic.wk.col") then the Resources that are part of that Collection shall at a minimum include the Resource Types mandated for the Device Type. For example, if a Resource has an "rt" value of ["oic.d.light", "oic.wk.col"], that Resource follows the definitions of both "oic.wk.d" and "oic.wk.col". In this example, the collection includes an instance of "oic.r.switch.binary" which is mandatory for an "oic.d.light" as per the OCF Smart Home Device specification.

Table 20 "oic.wk.d" Resource Type definition defines the base Resource Type for the "/oic/d" resource.

Table 20. "oic.wk.d" Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Device) Name</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Human friendly name defined by the vendor. In the presence of &quot;n&quot; Property of &quot;/oic/con&quot;, both have the same Property Value. When &quot;n&quot; Property Value of &quot;/oic/con&quot; is modified, it shall be reflected to &quot;n&quot; Property Value of &quot;/oic/d&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spec Version</td>
<td>icv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Spec version of the core specification this device is implemented to. The syntax is &quot;ocf.&lt;major&gt;.&lt;minor&gt;.&lt;sub-version&gt;&quot;, where &lt;major&gt;, &lt;minor&gt;, and &lt;sub-version&gt; are the major, minor and sub-version numbers of the specification respectively. This version of the specification the string value shall be &quot;ocf.1.0.0&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>di</td>
<td>uuid</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Unique identifier for Device. This value shall be the same value (i.e. mirror) as the doxm.deviceuuid Property as defined in OCF Security. Handling privacy-sensitivity for the &quot;di&quot; Property, refer to section 13.8 in OCF Security.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Model Version</td>
<td>dmv</td>
<td>csv</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Spec version of the Resource Specification to which this device data model is implemented; if implemented against a Vertical specific device specification(s), then the Spec version of the vertical specification this device model is implemented to. The syntax is a comma separated list of</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
<res>, <major>, <minor>, <sub-version> or <vertical>, <major>, <minor>, <sub-version>. <res> is the string "ocf.res" and <vertical> is the name of the vertical defined in the Vertical specific resource specification. The <major>, <minor>, and <sub-version> are the major, minor and sub-version numbers of the specification respectively. One entry in the csv string shall be the applicable version of the Resource Type Specification for the Device (e.g. "ocf.res.1.0.0"). If applicable, additional entry(-ies) in the csv shall be the vertical(s) being realized (e.g. "ocf.sh.1.0.0"). This value may be extended by the vendor. The syntax for extending this value, as a comma separated entry, by the vendor shall be by adding x.<Domain_Name>, <vendor_string>. For example "ocf.res.1.0.0, ocf.sh.1.0.0, x.com.example.string", The order of the values in the comma separated string can be in any order (i.e. no prescribed order). This property shall not exceed 256 octets.

### Protocol Independent ID

| piid | uuid | R | yes | A unique and immutable Device identifier. A Client can detect that a single Device supports multiple communication protocols if it discovers that the Device uses a single Protocol Independent ID value for all the protocols it supports. Handling privacy-sensitivity for the "piid" Property, refer to section 13.8 in OCF Security. |

###Localized Descriptions

| Id | array | R | no | Detailed description of the Device, in one or more languages. This property is an array of objects where each object has a 'language' field (containing an IETF RFC 5646 language tag) and a 'value' field containing the device description in the indicated language. |

### Software Version

| sv | string | R | no | Version of the device software. |

### Manufacturer Name

| dmn | array | R | no | Name of manufacturer of the Device, in one or more languages. This property is an array of objects where each object has a 'language' field (containing an IETF RFC 5646 language tag) and a 'value' field containing the manufacturer name in the indicated language. |

### Model Number

| dmno | string | R | no | Model number as designated by manufacturer. |

The additional Resource Type(s) of the "/oic/d" resource are defined by the vertical specification.
Table 21 defines "oic.wk.p" Resource Type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Platform ID</td>
<td>pi</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Unique identifier for the physical platform (UUID); this shall be a UUID in accordance with IETF RFC 4122. It is recommended that the UUID be created using the random generation scheme (version 4 UUID) specific in the RFC. Handling privacy-sensitivity for the &quot;pi&quot; Property, refer to section 13.8 in OCF Security.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer Name</td>
<td>mnmn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Name of manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer Details Link</td>
<td>mnml</td>
<td>uri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Reference to manufacturer, represented as a URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model Number</td>
<td>mnmo</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Model number as designated by manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Manufacture</td>
<td>mndt</td>
<td>date</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Manufacturing date of Platform as defined in ISO 8601.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platform Version</td>
<td>mnpv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Version of platform – string (defined by manufacturer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OS Version</td>
<td>mnos</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Version of platform resident OS – string (defined by manufacturer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Version</td>
<td>mnhw</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Version of platform hardware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware version</td>
<td>mnfv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Version of Platform firmware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support link</td>
<td>mnsl</td>
<td>uri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>URI that points to support information from manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemTime</td>
<td>st</td>
<td>date-time</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Reference time for the Platform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>vid</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Vendor defined string for the platform. The string is freeform and up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Composite Device

A physical device may be modelled as a single device or as a composition of other devices. For example a refrigerator may be modelled as a composition, as such part of its definition of may include a sub-tending thermostat device which itself may be composed of a sub-tending thermometer device.

There may be more than one way to model a server as a composition. One example method would be to have Platform which represents the composite device to have more than one instance of a Device on the Platform. Each Device instance represents one of the distinct devices in the composition. Each instance of Device may itself have or host multiple instances of other resources.

An implementation irrespective of how it is composed shall only expose a single instance of "*/oic/d" with an 'rt' of choice for each logical Server.

Thus, for the above refrigerator example if modeled as a single Server; "*/oic/res" would expose "*/oic/d" with a Resource Type name appropriate to a refrigerator. The sub-tending thermostat and thermometer devices would be exposed simply as instances of a resource with a device appropriate Resource Type with an associated URI assigned by the implementation; e.g., /MyHost/MyRefrigerator/Thermostat and /MyHost/MyRefrigerator/Thermostat/Thermometer.

Resource discovery using "*/oic/res"

Discovery using "*/oic/res" is the default discovery mechanism that shall be supported by all Devices as follows:

a) Every Device updates its local "*/oic/res" with the resources that are discoverable (see section 7.3.2.2). Every time a new resource is instantiated on the Device and if that resource is discoverable by a remote Device then that resource is published with the "*/oic/res" resource that is local to the Device (as the instantiated resource).

b) A Device wanting to discover resources or Resource Types on one or more remote Devices makes a RETRIEVE request to the "*/oic/res" on the remote Devices. This request may be sent multicast (default) or unicast if only a specific host is to be probed. The RETRIEVE request may optionally be restricted using appropriate clauses in the query portion of the request. Queries may select based on Resource Types, interfaces, or properties.

c) The query applies to the representation of the resources. "*/oic/res" is the only resource whose representation has "rt". So "*/oic/res" is the only resource that can be used for Multicast discovery at the transport protocol layer.

d) The Device receiving the RETRIEVE request responds with a list of resources, the Resource Type of each of the resources and the interfaces that each resource supports. Additionally, information on the policies active on the resource can also be sent. The policy supported includes observability and discoverability. (More details below)

e) The receiving Device may do a deeper discovery based on the resources returned in the request to "*/oic/res".

The information that is returned on discovery against "*/oic/res" is at the minimum:
- The URI (relative or fully qualified URL) of the resource
- The Resource Type(s) of each resource. More than one Resource Type may be returned if the resource enables more than one type. To access resources of multiple types, the specific Resource Type that is targeted shall be specified in the request.
- The Interfaces supported by that Resource. Multiple interfaces may be returned. To access a specific interface that interface shall be specified in the request. If the interface is not specified, then the Default Interface is assumed.

Different "/oic/res" responses are returned according to requesting Clients, which indicate their preference via inclusion or otherwise of an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option.

For Clients that do not include the OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option, an "/oic/res" response shall use "sec" and "port" to provide the information for an encrypted connection. See E.2.8 for the schema for the Link.

For Clients that do include the OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option, an "/oic/res" response includes an "array of Links" to conform to IETF RFC 6690. Each Link shall use an "eps" Parameter to provide the information for an encrypted connection and carry "anchor" of the value OCF URI where the authority component of <deviceID> indicates the Device hosting the target Resource.

The JSON schema for discovery using "/oic/res" is described in D.9; the schema that is applicable to requesting Clients that do not include an OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version option is described in E.4 and E.5. Also refer to section 10 (Endpoint Discovery) for details of Multicast discovery using "/oic/res" on a CoAP transport.

For example, a Light device might return the following to OIC 1.1 clients:

```json
[
  {
    "di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
    "links": [
      {
        "href": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:44444/oic/res",
        "rel": "self",
        "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
        "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3}
      },
      {
        "href": "/oic/p",
        "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
        "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 11111}
      },
      {
        "href": "/oic/d",
        "rt": ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.light"],
        "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 11111}
      },
      {
        "href": "/myLight",
        "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
        "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 11111}
      }
    ]
  }
]
```
The light device might return the following to clients that request with the Content Format of "application/vnd.ocf+cbor" in Accept Option:

```
[
  {
    "href": "/oic/res",
    "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989/oic/res",
    "rel": "self",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:44444"}]
  },
  {
    "href": "/oic/p",
    "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989,
    "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:44444"},
             {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:11111"}]
  },
  {
    "href": "/oic/d",
    "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989,
    "rt": ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.light"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:44444"},
             {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:11111"}]
  },
  {
    "href": "/myLight",
    "anchor": "ocf://dc70373c-1e8d-4fb3-962e-017eaa863989,
    "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
    "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:44444"},
             {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:11111"}]
  }
]
```

After performing discovery using "/oic/res", Clients may discover additional details about Server by performing discovery using "/oic/p", /oic/cts etc. If a Client already knows about Server it may discover using other resources without going through the discovery of "/oic/res".

11.3.6 Resource directory (RD) based discovery

11.3.6.1 Introduction

11.3.6.1.1 Indirect discovery for lookup of the Resources

Direct discovery is the mechanism used currently to find Resources in the network. When needed, Resources are queried at a particular Device directly or a multicast packet is sent to all Devices. Each queried Device responds directly with its Resources to the discovering Device. Resources available locally are registered on the same Device.

In some situations, one of the other mechanisms described in section 11.3.2.3, called indirect discovery, may be required. Indirect discovery is when a 3rd party Device, other than the...
discovering Device and the discovered Device, assists with the discovery process. The 3rd party Device, called Resource Directory (RD), only provides information on Resources on behalf of another Device but does not host Resources on part of that Device.

In Figure 16, Device B acts as Resource Directory for Device A and Device D. Device A and Device D publish their Resource information to Device B. Device C may query Device B to acquire the Resource information of Device A and Device D. Device A and Device D may not respond to a multicast query when Device B, as a Resource Directory, responds to the query on their behalf.

Indirect discovery is useful for a constrained Device that needs to sleep to manage power and cannot process every discovery request, or when Devices may not be on the same network and requires optimization for discovery. Once Resources are discovered using indirect discovery, i.e., RD query, then the access to the Resource is done by a request sent directly to the Device that hosts that Resource.

### 11.3.6.1.2 Resource directory

A Resource Directory (RD) is a Device that assists with indirect discovery. A Device which acts as an RD will be involved in the following operations.

- **RD discovery** – the procedure with which publishing Devices discover an RD and acquire the criteria to select from among multiple detected RDs.
- **Resource publish** – the procedures with which Devices publish their Resource information, i.e., Links, subsequently update the published Links or delete the existing ones.
- **Resource exposure** – the feature with which RDs expose the Links hosted by the 3rd party Devices via their own "/oic/res".

For the above, RDs make use of Resource Type "oic.wk.rd" defined in Table 22 and Table 23. A Device that supports the capability to host indirect discovery shall expose an instance of "oic.wk.rd" in its "/oic/res" to announce that it serves as an RD. The discoverable instance of "oic.wk.rd" shall allow only secure connections (e.g. endpoint with a scheme of "coaps" or "coaps+tcp"). A publishing Device may send a RETRIEVE request to "/oic/rd" to acquire the selection criteria.

---

**Figure 16. Indirect discovery of Resources by via an RD**

In Figure 16, Device B acts as Resource Directory for Device A and Device D. Device A and Device D publish their Resource information to Device B. Device C may query Device B to acquire the Resource information of Device A and Device D. Device A and Device D may not respond to a multicast query when Device B, as a Resource Directory, responds to the query on their behalf.
among multiple RDs. Then it may send an UPDATE request to "/oic/rd" with its Links in the payload to publish or change the Links in "/oic/res" of the RD. Also the publishing Device may send a DELETE request to "/oic/rd" to remove the existing Links from "/oic/res" of the RD. A publishing Device is responsible to insure an RD has the correct published Links to expose via its "/oic/res". The publishing Device needs to keep the RD updated with any changes (e.g., a new IP address) and remove the Links with stale information, which it accomplishes with suitable UPDATE or DELETE request.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/rd&quot;</td>
<td>Resource Directory</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.rd&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.baseline&quot;</td>
<td>The discoverable Resource Type through which an RD 1) facilitates its discovery and provides the criteria to select an RD and 2) allows OCF Devices to publish, update and delete their Links in &quot;/oic/res&quot; of the RD.</td>
<td>Discovery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 23. "oic.wk.rd" Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Selector</td>
<td>sel</td>
<td>Integer</td>
<td>rule</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Provides the criteria for RD selection. An integer representing a value calculated by the RD. The value is in the range of 0 to 100. The lower the value, the more preferable the RD is.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An RD may be queried at its "/oic/res" Resource to find Resources hosted on other Devices. These Devices can be sleepy nodes or any other device that cannot or may not respond to discovery requests. A publishing Device may publish all or a partial list of Resources they host to an RD. The RD then responds to queries for Resource discovery on behalf of the publishing Device (for example: when a Device may go to sleep). For general Resource discovery, the RD behaves like any other Server in responding to requests to "/oic/res".

The remainder of section 11.3.6 is divided into three parts. The first part covers "RD Discovery" (section 11.3.6.2), i.e., discovering and selecting of an RD. The second part covers "Resource publish" (section 11.3.6.3), i.e., publishing, updating and deleting of Resources. The third part covers "Resource exposure" (section 11.3.6.4) where the RD replies to queries from Devices looking to discover Resources.

11.3.6.2 RD discovery

11.3.6.2.1 Discovering an RD

An RD shall support RD discovery.
Figure 17. RD discovery and RD supported query of Resources support

As shown in

Figure 17, a Device that wishes to publish its Resources first discovers an RD and then publishes the desired Resource information. Once a set of Resources have been published to an RD then the publishing Device should not respond to multicast Resource discovery queries for those published Resources when the RD is on the same multicast domain. In that case, only the RD should respond to multicast Resource discovery requests on the Resource published to it.
It is allowed for more than one Device to act as an RD. The reason to have multiple RD support is
to make networks scalable, handle network failures and prevent centralized Device failure
bottlenecks. This does not preclude a scenario where a use case or deployment environment may
require a single Device in the environment to be deployed as the only RD (e.g. gateway model).

Discovering an RD may result in responses from more than one RD. If more than one RD responds,
the discovering Device may select one of them based on the weighting parameter(s) provided in the
response from the RD.

A Client that performs Resource discovery uses an RD just like it uses any other Server for
discovery. It may send a unicast request to the RD when it needs only the Resources published
on the RD or do a multicast query when it does not require or have explicit knowledge of an RD.

RDs may also be discovered in the following ways:

- Pre-configuration: Devices wishing to publish Resource information may be configured a priori
  with the information (e.g. IP address, port, transport etc.) of a specific RD. This pre-
  configuration may be done at onboarding or may be updated on the Device using an out-of-
  band method. This pre-configuration may be done by the manufacturer.

- Query-oriented: A publishing Device wanting to discover resource directories using query-
  oriented discovery may issue a multicast Resource discovery request for "/oic/res?rt=oic.wk.rd". Only and all Devices that can be an RD shall respond to this query. The "/oic/rd" response shall include information about the RD i.e., the presence of "oic.wk.rd" Link (as defined by the Resource Type) and a subsequent query to "/oic/rd" would produce weighting parameters to allow the discovering Device to select between RDs (see details in RD selection section 11.3.6.2.2). The "oic.wk.rd" resource shall be instantiated on the Devices acting as RDs. The "oic.wk.rd" schema is as defined in D.13.

11.3.6.2.2 RD selection process

The Device that wants to use an RD will find zero or more RDs on the network. There may not be
an RD within the network. When discovering RDs, the Device needs to select an RD of all RDs
found on the network. The Device may send a RETRIEVE request to "/oic/rd" of a specific RD, the
RD shall respond with the representation of "/oic/rd/" containing selection criteria as defined by
the "sel" Property. The lower the "sel" Property value is, the more preferable the responding RD is. The creation of the "sel" value is vendor defined.

For example an "/oic/rd" response may return the following.

```json
{
  "rt": ["oic.wk.rd"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "sel": 50
}
```

The selection based on the "sel" Property value will ensure that a Device can judge if the found RD is suitable for its needs.

The following situations may occur during the selection of an RD:

1) A single or multiple RDs are present in the network
2) No RD is present in the network
3) an additional RD arrives on the network

In the first scenario, the RDs are already present. If a single RD is detected then that RD may be used. When multiple RDs are detected the Device may use the "sel" Property value to select the RD.

In the second scenario, the publishing Device may continue looking for an RD until one is found or give up using an RD altogether.

In the third scenario, the Device has already published its resources to an existing RD, then discovers a new RD on the network. After judging the "sel" Property value, the Device may choose to move to the new RD. The Device should delete its Resource information from the currently used RD and publish the information to the new RD.

11.3.6.3 Resource publish

11.3.6.3.1 Overview

An RD shall provide the facility to allow Devices to publish their Resource information to a RD, to update Resource information in an RD and to delete Resource information from an RD. The following sections describe the requirements for each.

11.3.6.3.2 Publish resources

11.3.6.3.2.1 Overview

After the selection process of an RD, a device may push its Resource information to the selected RD, i.e., publish the Links in its "/oic/res" to the "/oic/res" of the RD.

The publishing Device may decide to publish all Resources or just a few of the Resources on the RD. The publishing Device should only publish Resources that are otherwise published to its own "/oic/res"; a publishing Device should not publish non-discoverable Resources or Resources hosted by some other Device. A publishing Device shall respond to discovery requests on its "/oic/res" resource unless all its discoverable Resources have been published in an RD.

11.3.6.3.2.2 Publish: Push Resource information

Resource information may be published using an UPDATE request sent to "/oic/rd".
A Device which hosts a Resource may publish the Resource information, i.e. the Link targeting the Resource, to an RD by sending an UPDATE request with the Link in the payload. The published Link shall be exposed through the "/oic/res" of the RD.

When a Device first publishes a Link or Links, it shall send an UPDATE request to the "/oic/rd" Resource of the RD including the following key-value pairs in the payload:

- **di** – its value shall be the Device ID of the publishing Device, i.e. the "di" value of "/oci/d".
- **links** – its value shall be the array of Links to be published. Links may omit the "ins" parameter in which case the RD will assign a value for each Link. The supplied "ins" parameter by the Client is allowed to be overruled by the RD, e.g. an RD can ignore the supplied "ins" value.
- **ttl** – its value indicates how long (in seconds) the publishing Device requests the RD to keep this published Link.

Take notice that the payload shall carry the appropriate Content-Format of "application/vnd.ocf+cbor":

```
{
    "di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
    "links": [
      {
        "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
        "href": "/myLightSwitch",
        "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
        "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3},
        "eps": [
          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
          {"ep": "coaps+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
        ]
      },
      {
        "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
        "href": "/myLightBrightness",
        "rt": ["oic.r.brightness"],
        "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
        "p": {"bm": 3},
        "eps": [
          {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222"}
        ]
      }
    ],
    "ttl": 600
}
When an RD receives this initial UPDATE request, it determines whether to grant the request or not. Upon granting the request, the RD shall send back an UPDATE response to the publishing Device. The response shall include a payload with the same information as the original UPDATE request with the following possible differences:

- For each Link, an "ins" Parameter shall be included in the response. The RD shall assign a unique "ins" value identifying the Link among all the Links it advertises. If the publishing Device included an "ins" value in the UPDATE request, the RD may use it as long as it doesn't match any existing "ins" value in the published Links. The "ins" value needs to be retained to modify the newly published Link. The publishing Device may use the "ins" value for further UPDATE or DELETE of the Link.

- The "ttl" Property Value shall be assigned by the RD and it shall be included in the response. The RD should use the value included in the UPDATE request but may assign a value that is lower if it is not able to honour the requested "ttl" value. After this time elapses, the RD shall remove the Links. To keep a Link alive the publishing Device may update the "ttl" using the UPDATE schema.

The RD shall add the new Links to its "/oic/res" and expose them to a valid discovery query, i.e. RETRIEVE request:

```
{
  "di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
  "links": [  
    {
      "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
      "href": "/myLightSwitch",
      "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
      "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
      "p": {"bm": 3},
      "eps": [  
        {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
        {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
        {"ep": "coaps+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
      ],
      "ins": 11235
    },
    {
      "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
      "href": "/myLightBrightness",
      "rt": ["oic.r.brightness"],
      "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
      "p": {"bm": 3},
      "eps": [
```
Once a publishing Device has published Resources to an RD, it may choose not to respond to the multicast discovery queries for the same Resources against its own "oic/res", especially when on the same multicast domain as the RD. After publishing Resources, primarily it is the RDs responsibility to reply to the queries for the published Resources.

There is another possibility that the RD and the publishing Device both respond to the multicast query from the discovering Device. This will create a duplication of the information but is an alternative that may be used for non-robust networks. It is not a recommended option but for industrial scenarios, this is one of the possibilities. Either way, discovering Clients need to be prepared to process duplicate information in responses to multicast discovery requests. The "oic/rd" schema is as defined in D.13 to specify publishing to the "oic/rd" Resource.

11.3.6.3.3 UPDATE Resource information

An RD shall hold the published Link until the time specified in the "ttl" field expires. A publishing Device may send an UPDATE if it seeks the RD to keep holding the Link or modify the published Link (e.g., changing Endpoint information). In case of a change in published Resource information (e.g., IP address change), UPDATE is needed to maintain the published Link up-to-date. An UPDATE request may be used to modify all Resources that are published on an RD or per Resource published.

Only the publishing Device may change the Links for the Resources published to an RD. If a Client sends an UPDATE request to modify Links that belong to a different publishing Device, the RD shall respond with an appropriate error message. The RD may verify whether the UPDATE request is from the same publishing Device with the "deviceuuid", i.e., "di", associated with the secured channel through which the request is received.

Changes are done using the same UPDATE request to "oic/rd". An UPDATE request message shall use the same payload format but each Link to be modified shall include the "ins" Parameter which the RD previously provided in the UPDATE response message.

Upon granting the request, the RD shall reflect the change to the Link in its "oic/res" and sends back the UPDATE response using the same format as the initial publishing.

11.3.6.3.4 Delete Resource information

Resource information held by the RD is only allowed to be removed by the publishing Device. The removal may occur at any time during the publication of the Links. If a Client sends a DELETE request to remove Links that belong to a different publishing Device, the RD shall respond with an appropriate error message. The RD may verify whether the DELETE request is from the same publishing Device with the "deviceuuid", i.e., "di", associated with the secured channel through which the request is received. The DELETE request may be either for the whole Device information or for a particular Resource.

A publishing Device may remove its published Link or Links from an RD by sending a DELETE request with the query parameter "di" or "ins" indicating the Links to be removed. If the DELETE
request does not contain one of these two query parameters, the RD shall ignore the DELETE request and send an appropriate error message. Upon granting the request, the RD shall remove the identified Links and send back a DELETE response.

- **di** – When present, the entire set of Links corresponding to the Device ID shall be removed, i.e. the Links published by the publishing Device with the same Device ID are removed.
- **ins** – When present, the Link with the same instance value shall be removed.

```plaintext
DELETE /oic/rd?di=0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1
DELETE /oic/rd?ins=112358
```

11.3.6.3.5 Transfer Resource information from one RD to another

When a publishing Device identifies an RD that is better suited, it may decide to publish to that RD. The publishing Device may delete previously published information from the currently used RD before publishing to the newly selected RD. The deletion of the Resource(s) may be done either by allowing the "ttl" to expire or explicitly sending a DELETE request to remove the Resource information. After the publishing Device has removed the Resources from one RD and before it has added them to another RD, the publishing Device shall respond to any Resource discovery request. RDs may not transfer Resource information between themselves due to the restriction on publishable Resources. It is the publishing Device’s responsibility to choose the RD and to manage the published Resources.

11.3.6.4 Resource exposure

11.3.6.4.1 "/oic/res" and retrieving of the Resources

The "/oic/res" based discovery process remains the same as that in the absence of an RD. Resources may be discovered by retrieving the "/oic/res" Resource by sending a multicast or unicast request. In the case of a multicast discovery request, an RD shall include in its response any published Resources on behalf of the Device that hosts the Resources. Clients should be prepared to process duplicate Resource information from more than one RD responding with the same information or from an RD and the hosting Device (publishing the Resource information) both responding to the request. Interaction with Resources discovered using the RD is done using the same mechanism and methods as with Resources discovered by retrieving the "/oic/res" Resource of the Device hosting the Resources (e.g., connect to the hosting Device and perform CRUDN operations on the Resource).

Resource Directories provide different "/oic/res" responses according to the requesting Clients, which indicate their preference with content format. OCF 1.0 Clients request with a "Content Format of "application/vnd.ocf+cbor" in the Accept Option, whereas the the Content-Format "application/cbor" in the Accept Option indicates OIC 1.1 Clients. For OIC 1.1 Clients, the "/oic/res" response includes Links conforming to OIC 1.1 specification, which OIC 1.1 Clients can understand. In this case the Resources hosted by the same Device shall be grouped together within a single JSON Object with "di" indicating the hosting Device. For a 3rd party Resource, i.e., a Resource which doesn't belong to the responding RD, its "href" value shall be a fully qualified transfer protocol URI with an IP address and port number as its authority component (e.g., coaps://[2001:db8:b::c2e5]:22222/myLightSwitch).

For example, an RD might return the following to an OIC 1.1 Clients:

```json
[
  {
    "di": "88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
    "links": []
  }
]"
{
    "href": "/oic/res",
    "rel": "self",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": false}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/d",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.fan"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": false}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/p",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/myFanIntrospection",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/rd",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.rd"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/myFanSwitch",
    "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
    "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/sec/doxm",
    "rt": ["oic.r.doxm"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 1, "sec": false}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/sec/pstat",
    "rt": ["oic.r.pstat"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 1, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/sec/cred",
    "rt": ["oic.r.cred"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 1, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
},
{
    "href": "/oic/sec/acl2",
    "rt": ["oic.r.acl2"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 1, "sec": true, "port": 33333}
}
For OCF 1.0 Clients, the "/oic/res" response includes the OCF 1.0 Links with the "anchor" Parameter containing an OCF URI. The "/oic/res" response has a single array of Links to conform to IETF RFC 6690. Each Link shall contain the "anchor" Parameter of the value OCF URI where the authority component of <deviceID> indicates the Device hosting the target Resource.

For example, an RD may return the following to an OCF 1.0 Client.

```json
[
  {
    "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
    "href": "/oic/res",
    "rel": "self",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": ["ep": "coap://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:77777"],
    "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"
  },
  {
    "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
    "href": "/oic/d",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.d", "oic.d.fan"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": ["ep": "coap://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:77777"],
    "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"
  },
  {
    "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
    "href": "/oic/p",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
    "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3, "sec": true, "port": 22222}
  }
]
```
"rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
"if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
"p": {"bm": 3},
"eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/myFanIntrospection",
  "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
  "if": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/oic/rd",
  "rt": ["oic.wk.rd"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/myFanSwitch",
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/oic/sec/doxm",
  "rt": ["oic.r.doxm"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 1},
  "eps": ["coap://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:77777"],
  ["ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/oic/sec/pstat",
  "rt": ["oic.r.pstat"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 1},
  "eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
},
{
  "anchor": "ocf://88b7c7f0-4b51-4e0a-9faa-cfb439fd7f49",
  "href": "/oic/sec/cred",
  "rt": ["oic.r.cred"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 1},
  "eps": ["coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d4]:33333"]
}
11.4 Notification

11.4.1 Overview

A Server shall support NOTIFY operation to enable a Client to request and be notified of desired states of one or more Resources in an asynchronous manner. Section 11.4.2 specifies the observe mechanism in which updates are delivered to the requester.

11.4.2 Observe

In observe mechanism the Client utilizes the RETRIEVE operation to require the Server for updates in case of Resource state changes. The Observe mechanism consists of five steps which are depicted in Figure 19 and described below.

Note: the observe mechanism can only be used for a resource with a property of observable (section 7.3.2.2).
11.4.2.1 RETRIEVE request with observe indication

The Client transmits a RETRIEVE request message to the Server to request updates for the Resource on the Server if there is a state change. The RETRIEVE request message carries the following parameters:

- fr: Unique identifier of the Client
- to: Resource that the Client is requesting to observe
- ri: Identifier of the RETRIEVE request
- op: RETRIEVE
- obs: Indication for observe request

11.4.2.2 Processing by the Server

Following the receipt of the RETRIEVE request, the Server may validate if the Client has the appropriate rights for the requested operation and the properties are readable and observable. If the validation is successful, the Server caches the information related to the observe request. The Server caches the value of the ri parameter from the RETRIEVE request for use in the initial response and future responses in case of a change of state.

11.4.2.3 RETRIEVE response with observe indication

The Server shall transmit a RETRIEVE response message in response to a RETRIEVE request message from a Client. The RETRIEVE response message shall include the following parameters. If validation succeeded, the response includes an observe indication. If not, the observe indication is omitted from the response which signals to the requesting client that registration for notification was not allowed.

The RETRIEVE response message shall include the following parameters:

- fr: Unique identifier of the Server
- to: Unique identifier of the Client
• \textit{ri}: Identifier included in the RETRIEVE request
• \textit{cn}: Information resource representation as requested by the Client
• \textit{rs}: The result of the RETRIEVE operation
• \textit{obs}: Indication that the response is made to an observe request

11.4.2.4 Resource monitoring by the Server

The Server shall monitor the state the Resource identified in the observe request from the Client. Anytime there is a change in the state of the observed resource, the Server sends another RETRIEVE response with the observe indication. The mechanism does not allow the client to specify any bounds or limits which trigger a notification, the decision is left entirely to the server.

11.4.2.5 Additional RETRIEVE responses with observe indication

The Server shall transmit updated RETRIEVE response messages following observed changes in the state of the Resources indicated by the Client. The RETRIEVE response message shall include the parameters listed in section 11.4.2.3.

11.4.2.6 Cancelling Observe

The Client can explicitly cancel observe by sending a RETRIEVE request without the observe indication field to the same resource on Server which it was observing. For certain protocol mappings, the client may also be able to cancel an observe by ceasing to respond to the RETRIEVE responses.

11.5 Device management

11.5.1 Overview

The Device Management includes the following functions:

• Diagnostics and maintenance

The device management functionalities specified in this version of specification are intended to address the basic device management features. Addition of new device management features in the future versions of the specification is expected.

11.5.2 Diagnostics and maintenance

The Diagnostics and Maintenance function is intended for use by administrators to resolve issues encountered with the Devices while operating in the field. If diagnostics and maintenance is supported by a Device, the Core Resource "/oic/mnt" shall be supported as described in Table 24.

Table 24. Optional diagnostics and maintenance device management Core Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;/oic/mnt&quot;</td>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.mnt&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.rw&quot;</td>
<td>The resource through which the device is maintained and can be used for diagnostic purposes. The resource properties exposed by &quot;/oic/mnt&quot; are listed in Table 25.</td>
<td>Device Management</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 25 defines the "oic.wk.mnt" Resource Type. At least one of the Factory_Reset, and Reboot properties shall be implemented.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Factory_Reset  | fr            | boolean    |            |      | R, W        | no        | When writing to this Property:  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | 0 – No action (Default*)  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | 1 – Start Factory Reset  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | After factory reset, this value shall be changed back to the default value (i.e., 0).  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | After factory reset all configuration and state data will be lost.  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | When reading this Property, a value of "1" indicates a pending factory reset, otherwise the value shall be "0" after the factory reset. |
| Reboot         | rb            | boolean    |            |      | R, W        | no        | When writing to this Property:  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | 0 – No action (Default)  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | 1 – Start Reboot  
|                |               |            |            |      |             |           | After Reboot, this value shall be changed back to the default value (i.e., 0) |

Note: * - Default indicates the value of this property as soon as the device is rebooted or factory reset

11.6 Scenes

11.6.1 Introduction

Scenes are a mechanism for automating certain operations.

A scene is a static entity that stores a set of defined resource property values for a collection of resources. Scenes provide a mechanism to store a setting over multiple Resources that may be hosted by multiple separate Servers. Scenes, once set up, can be used by multiple Clients to recall a setup.

Scenes can be grouped and reused, a group of scenes is also a scene.

In short, scenes are bundled user settings.

11.6.2 Scenes

11.6.2.1 Introduction

Scenes are described by means of resources. The scene resources are hosted by a Server and the top level resource is listed in "/oic/res". This means that a Client can determine if the scene functionality is hosted on a Server via Resource discovery as defined in section 11.3. The setup of scenes is driven by Client interactions. This includes creating new scenes, and mappings of Server resource properties that are part of a scene.
The scene functionality is created by multiple resources and has the structure depicted in Figure 20. The sceneList and sceneCollection resources are overloaded collection resources. The sceneCollection contains a list of scenes. This list contains zero or more scenes. The sceneMember resource contains the mapping between a scene and what needs to happen according to that scene on an indicated resource.

11.6.2.2 Scene creation

A Client desiring to interact with scenes needs to first determine if the server supports the scene feature; the sceneMembers of a scene do not have to be co-located on the server supporting the scene feature. This can be done by checking if "/oic/res" contains the rt of the sceneList resource. This is depicted in first steps of Figure 21. The sceneCollection is created by the Server using some out of bound mechanism, Client creation of scenes is not supported at this time. This will entail defining the scene with an applicable list of scene values and the mappings for each Resource being part of the scene. The mapping for each resource being part of the sceneCollection is described by a resource called sceneMember. The sceneMember resource contains the link to a resource and the mapping between the scene listed in the sceneValues property and the actual resource property value of the Resource indicated by the link.

![Figure 20 Generic scene resource structure](image-url)
11.6.2.3 Interacting with Scenes

All capable Clients can interact with scenes. The allowed scene values and the last applied scene value can be retrieved from the server hosting the scene. The scene value shall be changed by issuing an UPDATE operation with a payload that sets the lastScene property to one of the listed allowed scene values. These steps are depicted in Figure 22. Note that the lastScene value does not imply that the current state of all resources that are part of the scene will be at the mapped value. This is due to that the setting the scene values are not modelled as actual states of the system. This means that another Client can change just one resource being part of the scene without having feedback that the state of the scene is changed.
As described previously, a scene can reference one or more resources (i.e., sceneMembers) that are present on one or more Servers. The scene members are re-evaluated each time a scene change takes place. This evaluation is triggered by a Client that is either embedded as part of the Server hosting the scene, or separate to the server having knowledge of the scene via a RETRIEVE operation, observing the referenced resources using the mechanism described in section 11.4.2. The embedded Client located in the same Device with the Server is a general Client but interacts only with scene functionalities. During the evaluation the mappings for the new scene value will be applied to the Server. This behaviour is depicted in Figure 23.
11.6.2.4 Summary of Resource Types defined for Scene functionality

Table 26 summarizes the list of Resource Types that are part of Scenes.

**Table 26 list of Resource Types for Scenes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Friendly Name (informative)</th>
<th>Resource Type (rt)</th>
<th>Short Description</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sceneList</td>
<td>oic.wk.sceneList</td>
<td>Top Level collection containing sceneCollections</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sceneCollection</td>
<td>oic.wk.sceneCollection</td>
<td>Description of zero or more scenes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sceneMember</td>
<td>oic.wk.sceneMember</td>
<td>Description of mappings for each specific resource part of the sceneCollection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.6.3 Security considerations

Creation of Scenes on a Server that is capable of this functionality is dependent on the ACLs applied to the resources and the Client having the appropriate permissions. Interaction between a Client (embedded or separate) and a Server that hosts the resource that is referenced as a scene member is contingent on the Client having appropriate permissions to access the resource on the host Server.

See OCF Security for details on the use of ACLs and also the mechanisms around Device Authentication that are necessary to ensure that the correct permissions exist for the Client to access the scene member resource(s) on the Server.
11.7 Icons

11.7.1 Overview
Icons are a primitive that are needed by various OCF subsystems, such as bridging. An optional Resource Type of “oic.r.icon” has been defined to provide a common representation of an icon Resource that can be used by Devices.

11.7.2 Resource
The icon Resource is as defined in Table 27.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“/example/oic/icon”</td>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>“oic.r.icon”</td>
<td>“oic.if.r”</td>
<td>The Resource through which the Device can obtain icon images. The Resource properties exposed by “/example/oic/mnt” are listed in Table 28.</td>
<td>Icon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 27 defines the details for the “oic.r.icon” Resource Type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mime Type</td>
<td>mimetype</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Specifies the format (media type) of the icon. It should be a template string as specified in IANA Media Types Assignment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>width</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>&gt;= 1</td>
<td>pixels</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Width of the icon in pixels greater than or equal to 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>height</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>&gt;= 1</td>
<td>pixels</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Height of the icon in pixels greater than or equal to 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>media</td>
<td>uri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>URI to the location of the icon image.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.8 Introspection

11.8.1 Overview
Introspection is a mechanism to announce the capabilities of Resources hosted on the Device.

The intended usage of the Introspection Device Data is to enable dynamic clients. E.g. clients that can use the Introspection Device Data to generate dynamically an UI or dynamically create translations of the hosted Resources to another eco-system. Other usages of the Introspection is that the information can be used to generate client code. The Introspection Device Data is designed to augment the existing data already on the wire. This means that existing mechanism needs to be used to get a full overview of what is implemented in the Device. For example the Introspection Device Data does not convey information about observe, since that is already conveyed with the “p” property on the links in “/oic/res” (see section 7.8.2.1.2).
The Introspection Device Data is recommended to be conveyed as "static" data. Meaning that the data does not change during the uptime of a Device. However when the data is not static the Introspection Resource shall indicate to be observable and the url property value of "oic.wk.introspection" Resource shall change to indicate that the Introspection Device Data is changed.

The Introspection Device Data describes the Resources that make up the Device. For the complete list of included Resources Table 13. The Introspection Device Data is described as a swagger2.0 in JSON format file. The swagger2.0 file will contain the description of the Resources as defined below: All Resources with the next remarks:

- The Introspection Device Data will use the HTTP syntax, e.g., define the CRUDN operation as HTTP methods and use the HTTP status codes.
- The Introspection Device Data does not have to define all the status codes that indicate an error situation.
- The Introspection Device Data does not have to define a schema when the status code indicates that there is no payload (see HTTP status code 204 as an example)
- The URLs of the Resources in the Introspection Device Data shall be without the endpoint description, e.g. it shall not be a full URL but only the relative path from the endpoint. The relative path shall be the same as being conveyed by "/oic/res".
- "/oic/res" Resource shall not be listed in the Introspection Device Data.
- The Resources "/oic/d", "/oic/p" and the security Resources are allowed to be present in the Introspection Device Data, but are not required. The "/oic/d", "/oic/p", "/oic/res" and the security Resources shall be included when vendor defined or optional properties are implemented.
- All other Resources are required to be listed in the Introspection Device Data.
- Per Resource it will include:
  - All Implemented Methods
  - Per Supported Method:
    - Implemented queryParameters per Method.
      - This includes the supported interfaces ("if") as enum value.
    - Schemas of the payload for the request and response bodies of the Method
    - The schema data shall be conveyed by the swagger schema object as defined in the parameters section.
    - The swagger2.0 schema object shall comply with:
      - The schemas shall be fully resolved, e.g. no references shall exist outside the swagger file.
      - The schemas shall list which interfaces are supported on the method.
      - The schemas shall list if a property is optional or required.
      - The schemas shall indicate if an property is read only or read-write
        - By means of the readOnly schema tag belonging to the property
      - The default value of the "rt" property shall be used to indicate the supported Resource Types.
      - oneOf and anyOf constructs are allowed to be used as part of an swagger2.0 schema object. The swagger2.0 schema with oneOf and anyOf constructs can be found in Annex G.1.
Dynamic Resources (e.g. Resources that can be created up on a request by a Client) shall have an URL definition which contains a URL identifier (e.g. using the {} syntax). An URL with {} identifies that the Resource definition applies to the whole group of Resources that can be created. The actual path can contain the collection node that links to the Resource.

Example of an URL with identifiers:

/SceneListResURI/{SceneCollectionResURI}/{SceneMemberResURI}:

When different Resource Types are allowed to be created in a collection, then the different schemas for the create method shall define all possible Resource Types that can be created. The schema construct oneOf allows the definition of a schema with selectable Resources. The oneOf construct allows the integration of all schemas and that only one existing sub schemas shall be used to indicate the definition of the Resource that can be created.

Example usage of oneOf JSON schema construct:

```json
{
  "oneOf": [
    { <<subschema 1 definition>> },
    { << sub schema 2 definition >> }
    ...
  ]
}
```

A Client using the Introspection Device Data of a Device should check the version of the supported Introspection Device Data of the Device. The swagger version is indicated in each file with the tag "swagger". Example of the 2.0 supported version of the tag is: "swagger": "2.0". Later versions of the spec may reference newer versions of the swagger specification, for example 3.0.

A Server shall support one Resource with a Resource Type of "oic.wk.introspection" as defined in Table 29. The Resource with a Resource Type of "oic.wk.introspection" shall be included in the Resource "/oic/res".

**Table 29. Introspection Resource**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-defined URI</th>
<th>Resource Type Title</th>
<th>Resource Type ID (&quot;rt&quot; value)</th>
<th>Interfaces</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Related Functional Interaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>none</td>
<td>Introspection</td>
<td>oic.wk.introspection</td>
<td>&quot;oic.if.r&quot;</td>
<td>The Resource that announces the URL of the Introspection file.</td>
<td>Introspection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 30 defines "oic.wk.introspection" Resource Type.

**Table 30. “oic.wk.introspection” Resource Type definition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urlInfo</td>
<td>urlInfo</td>
<td>array</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>array of objects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.8.2 Usage of introspection

The Introspection Device Data is retrieved in the following steps:

1) Check if the Introspection Resource is supported and retrieve the URL of the Resource.
2) Retrieve the contents of the Introspection Resource
3) Download the Introspection Device Data from the URL specified the Introspection Resource.
4) Usage of the Introspection Device Data by the Client
12 Messaging

12.1 Introduction

This section specifies the protocol messaging mapping to the CRUDN messaging operations (section 8) for each messaging protocol specified (e.g., CoAP). Mapping to additional protocols is expected in later version of this specification. All the property information from the resource model shall be carried within the message payload. This payload shall be generated in the resource model layer and shall be encapsulated in the data connectivity layer. The message header shall only be used to describe the message payload (e.g., verb, mime-type, message payload format), in addition to the mandatory header fields defined in messaging protocol (e.g., CoAP) specification. If the message header does not support this, then this information shall also be carried in the message payload. Resource model information shall not be included in the message.
header structure unless the message header field is mandatory in the messaging protocol specification.

When a Resource is specified with a restful description language like RAML or Swagger 2.0 then the HTTP syntax definitions are used in the description (e.g., HTTP syntax for the CRUDN operations, status codes, etc). The HTTP syntax will be mapped to the actual used web transfer protocol (e.g., CoAP).

12.2 Mapping of CRUDN to CoAP

12.2.1 Overview

A Device implementing CoAP shall conform to IETF RFC 7252 for the methods specified in section 12.2.3. A Device implementing CoAP shall conform to IETF RFC 7641 to implement the CoAP Observe option. Support for CoAP block transfer when the payload is larger than the MTU is defined in section 12.2.8.

12.2.2 URIs

An OCF: URI is mapped to a coap: URI by replacing the scheme name "ocf" with "coap" if unsecure or 'coaps' if secure before sending over the network by the requestor. Similarly on the receiver side, the scheme name is replaced with "ocf".

Any query string that is present within the URI is encoded as one or more URI-Query Options as defined in IETF RFC 7252 section 6.4.

12.2.3 CoAP method with request and response

12.2.3.1 Overview

Every request has a CoAP method that realizes the request. The primary methods and their meanings are shown in Table 31, which provides the mapping of GET/PUT/POST/DELETE methods to CREATE, RETRIEVE, UPDATE, and DELETE operations. The associated text provides the generic behaviours when using these methods, however resource interfaces may modify these generic semantics. The HTTP codes in the restful descriptions will be translated as described in IETF RFC 8075 section 7 Response Code Mapping.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method for CRUDN</th>
<th>(mandatory) Request data</th>
<th>(mandatory) Response data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>GET for RETRIEVE</strong></td>
<td>- Method code: GET (0.01)</td>
<td>- Response code: success (2.xx) or error (4.xx or 5.xx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Request URI: an existing URI for the Resource to be retrieved</td>
<td>- Payload: Resource representation of the target Resource (when successful)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>POST for CREATE</strong></td>
<td>- Method code: POST (0.02)</td>
<td>- Response code: success (2.xx) or error (4.xx or 5.xx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Request URI: an existing URI for the Resource responsible for the creation</td>
<td>- Payload: the URI of the newly created Resource (when successful)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Payload: Resource presentation of the Resource to be created</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PUT for CREATE</strong></td>
<td>- Method code: PUT (0.03)</td>
<td>- Response code: success (2.xx) or error (4.xx or 5.xx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Request URI: a new URI for the Resource to be created.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Payload: Resource presentation of the Resource to be created.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>POST for UPDATE</strong></td>
<td>- Method code: POST (0.02)</td>
<td>- Response Code: success (2.xx) or error (4.xx or 5.xx)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 12.2.3.2 CREATE with POST or PUT

#### 12.2.3.2.1 With POST

POST shall be used only in situations where the request URI is valid, that is it is the URI of an existing Resource on the Server that is processing the request. If no such Resource is present, the Server shall respond with an error response code of 4.xx. The use of POST for CREATE shall use an existing request URI which identifies the Resource on the Server responsible for creation. The URI of the created Resource is determined by the Server and provided to the Client in the response.

A Client shall include the representation of the new Resource in the request payload. The new resource representation in the payload shall have all the necessary properties to create a valid Resource instance, i.e. the created Resource should be able to properly respond to the valid Request with mandatory Interface (e.g., "GET with ?if=oic.if.baseline").

Upon receiving the POST request, the Server shall either

- create the new Resource with a new URI, respond with the new URI for the newly created Resource and a success response code (2.xx); or
- respond with an error response code (4.xx or 5.xx).

POST is unsafe and is the supported method when idempotent behaviour cannot be expected or guaranteed.

#### 12.2.3.2.2 With PUT

PUT shall be used to create a new Resource or completely replace the entire representation of an existing Resource. The resource representation in the payload of the PUT request shall be the complete representation. PUT for CREATE shall use a new request URI identifying the new Resource to be created.

The new resource representation in the payload shall have all the necessary properties to create a valid Resource instance, i.e. the created Resource should be able to properly respond to the valid Request with mandatory Interface (e.g. "GET with ?if=oic.if.baseline").

Upon receiving the PUT request, the Server shall either

- create the new Resource with the request URI provided in the PUT request and send back a response with a success response code (2.xx); or
- respond with an error response code (4.xx or 5.xx).

PUT is an unsafe method but it is idempotent, thus when a PUT request is repeated the outcome is the same each time.

#### 12.2.3.3 RETRIEVE with GET

GET shall be used for the RETRIEVE operation. The GET method retrieves the representation of the target Resource identified by the request URI.
Upon receiving the GET request, the Server shall either

- send back the response with the representation of the target Resource with a success response code (2.xx); or
- respond with an error response code (4.xx or 5.xx) or ignore it (e.g. non-applicable multicast GET).

GET is a safe method and is idempotent.

12.2.3.4 UPDATE with POST

POST shall be used only in situations where the request URI is valid, that is it is the URI of an existing Resource on the Server that is processing the request. If no such Resource is present, the Server shall respond with an error response code of 4.xx. A client shall use POST to UPDATE Property values of an existing Resource (see sections 3.1.32 and 8.4.2).

Upon receiving the request, the Server shall either

- apply the request to the Resource identified by the request URI in accordance with the applied interface (i.e. POST for non-existent Properties is ignored) and send back a response with a success response code (2.xx); or
- respond with an error response code (4.xx or 5.xx). Note that if the representation in the payload is incompatible with the target Resource for POST using the applied interface (i.e. the "overwrite" semantic cannot be honored because of read-only property in the payload), then the error response code 4.xx shall be returned.

POST is unsafe and is the supported method when idempotent behaviour cannot be expected or guaranteed.

12.2.3.5 DELETE with DELETE

DELETE shall be used for DELETE operation. The DELETE method requests that the resource identified by the request URI be deleted.

Upon receiving the DELETE request, the Server shall either

- delete the target Resource and send back a response with a success response code (2.xx); or
- respond with an error response code (4.xx or 5.xx).

DELETE is unsafe but idempotent (unless URIs are recycled for new instances).

12.2.4 Content-Format negotiation

The OCF Framework mandates support of CBOR, however it allows for negotiation of the payload body if more than one Content-Format (e.g. CBOR and JSON) is supported by an implementation. In this case the Accept Option defined in section 5.10.4 of IETF RFC 7252 shall be used to indicate which Content-Format (e.g. JSON) is requested by the Client.

The Content-Formats supported are shown in Table 32.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media Type</th>
<th>ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;application/cbor&quot;</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Clients shall include a Content-Format Option in every message that contains a payload. Servers shall include a Content-Format Option for all success (2.xx) responses with a payload body. Per IETF RFC 7252 section 5.5.1, Servers shall include a Content-Format Option for all error (4.xx or 5.xx) responses with a payload body unless they include a Diagnostic Payload; error responses with a Diagnostic Payload do not include a Content-Format Option. The Content-Format Option shall use the ID column numeric value from Table 32. An OCF vertical may mandate a specific Content-Format Option.

Clients shall also include an Accept Option in every request message. The Accept Option shall indicate the required Content-Format as defined in Table 32 for response messages. The Server shall return the required Content-Format if available. If the required Content-Format cannot be returned, then the Server shall respond with an appropriate error message.

12.2.5 OCF-Content-Format-Version information

Servers and Clients shall include the OCF-Content-Format-Version Option in both request and response messages with a payload. Clients shall include the OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Option in request messages. The OCF-Content-Format-Version Option and OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Option are specified as Option Numbers in the CoAP header as shown in Table 33.

Table 33. OCF-Content-Format-Version and OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Option Numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CoAP Option Number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>Length (bytes)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2049</td>
<td>OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version</td>
<td>uint</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2053</td>
<td>OCF-Content-Format-Version</td>
<td>uint</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The value of both the OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Option and the OCF-Content-Format-Version Option is a two-byte unsigned integer that is used to define the major, minor and sub versions. The major and minor versions are represented by 5 bits and the sub version is represented by 6 bits as shown in Table 34.

Table 34. OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version and OCF-Content-Format-Version Representation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Version</th>
<th>Minor Version</th>
<th>Sub Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bit</td>
<td>15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6</td>
<td>5 4 3 2 1 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 35 illustrates several examples:

Table 35. Examples of OCF-Content-Format-Version and OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Representation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OCF version</th>
<th>Binary representation</th>
<th>Integer value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0.0</td>
<td>0000 1000 0000 0000</td>
<td>2048</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.0</td>
<td>0000 1000 0100 0000</td>
<td>2112</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The OCF-Accept-Content-Format-Version Option and OCF-Content-Format-Version Option for this version of the specification shall be 1.0.0 (i.e. 0b0000 1000 0000 0000).
### 12.2.6 Content-Format policy

To maintain compatibility between devices implemented to different versions of this specification, Devices shall follow the policy as described in Figure 25.

All Devices shall support the current and all previous Content-Format Option and Versions. Clients shall send discovery request messages with the current and all previous Content-Format and Versions until it discovers all Servers in the network.

#### 12.2.7 CRUDN to CoAP response codes

The mapping of CRUDN operations response codes to CoAP response codes are identical to the response codes defined in IETF RFC 7252.

#### 12.2.8 CoAP block transfer

Basic CoAP messages work well for the small payloads typical of light-weight, constrained IoT devices. However scenarios can be envisioned in which an application needs to transfer larger payloads.

CoAP block-wise transfer as defined in IETF RFC 7959 shall be used by all Servers which generate a content payload that would exceed the size of a CoAP datagram as the result of handling any defined CRUDN operation.

Similarly, CoAP block-wise transfer as defined in IETF RFC 7959 shall be supported by all Clients. The use of block-wise transfer is applied to both the reception of payloads as well as transmission of payloads that would exceed the size of a CoAP datagram.

All blocks that are sent using this mechanism for a single instance of a transfer shall all have the same reliability setting (i.e. all confirmable or all non-confirmable).

A Client may support both the block1 (as descriptive) and block2 (as control) options as described by IETF RFC 7959. A Server may support both the block1 (as control) and block2 (as descriptive) options as described by IETF RFC 7959.
12.3 CoAP serialization over TCP

12.3.1 Introduction

In environments where TCP is already available, CoAP can take advantage of it to provide reliability. Also in some environments UDP traffic is blocked, so deployments may use TCP. For example, consider a cloud application acting as a Client and the Server is located at the user’s home. The Server which already support CoAP as a messaging protocol (e.g., Smart Home vertical profile) could easily support CoAP serialization over TCP rather than adding another messaging protocol. A Device implementing CoAP Serialization over TCP should conform to IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07.

12.3.2 Indication of support

If UDP is blocked, clients depend on the pre-configured details on the device to find support for CoAP over TCP. If UDP is not-blocked, a Device which supports CoAP serialization over TCP shall populate the Messaging Protocol ("mpro") property in "/oic/res" with the value "coap+tcp" or "coaps+tcp" to indicate that the device supports messaging protocol as specified by section 11.3.4.

12.3.3 Message type and header

The message type transported between Client and Server shall be a non-confirmable message (NON). The protocol stack used in this scenario should be as described in section 3 in IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07.

The CoAP header as described in figure 6 in IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07 should be used for messages transmitted between a Client and a Server. A Device should use "Alternative L3" as defined in IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07.

12.3.4 URI scheme

The URI scheme used shall be as defined in section 6 in IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07.

For the "coaps+tcp" URI scheme the "TLS Application Layer Protocol Negotiation Extension" IETF RFC 7301 shall be used.

12.3.5 KeepAlive

12.3.5.1 Overview

In order to ensure that the connection between a Devices is maintained, when using CoAP serialization over TCP, a Device that initiated the connection should send application layer KeepAlive messages. The reasons to support application layer KeepAlive are as follows:

- TCP KeepAlive only guarantees that a connection is alive at the network layer, but not at the application layer
- Interval of TCP KeepAlive is configurable only using kernel parameters, and is OS dependent (e.g., 2 hours by default in Linux)

12.3.5.2 KeepAlive Mechanism

Devices supporting CoAP over TCP should use Ping and Pong messages as described in IETF draft-ietf-core-coap-tcp-tls-07.

12.3.6 CoAP native Cloud

12.3.6.1 Overview

CoAP native Cloud extends the use of CoAP to reach a native Cloud service without the need of a hub or gateway by utilizing following features

- CoAP over TCP protocol defined in section 12.3

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12.3.6.2 Architecture flow

This section describes the operational flow utilizing CoAP native Cloud for Resource discovery and endpoint routing.

Figure 26 illustrates the case when a Client discovers the published Resources on a Resource Directory (RD). The RD responds with Links for the Resources on the Server. The "anchor" Property and the "eps" Property in the response message imply the value of the Cloud Interface. The value of the "eps" Property can be the address of Cloud Interface.
Figure 26 Resource discovery through OCF Cloud

Figure 27 illustrates the case when a Client accesses a Server. The Client sends message to Cloud Interface, then the Cloud Interface will route the packets to the Server. The Cloud Interface maintains mapping table between URI and packet addressing information (ex, port number, socket id, etc).
12.4 Payload Encoding in CBOR

OCF implementations shall perform the conversion to CBOR from JSON defined schemas and to JSON from CBOR in accordance with IETF RFC 7049 section 4 unless otherwise specified in this section.

Properties defined as a JSON integer shall be encoded in CBOR as an integer (CBOR major types 0 and 1). Properties defined as a JSON number shall be encoded as an integer, single- or double-precision floating point (CBOR major type 7, sub-types 26 and 27); the choice is implementation dependent. Half-precision floating point (CBOR major 7, sub-type 25) shall not be used. Integer numbers shall be within the closed interval \([-2^{53}, 2^{53}]\). Properties defined as a JSON number should be encoded as integers whenever possible; if this is not possible Properties defined as a JSON number should use single-precision if the loss of precision does not affect the quality of service, otherwise the Property shall use double-precision.

On receipt of a CBOR payload, an implementation shall be able to interpret CBOR integer values in any position. If a property defined as a JSON integer is received encoded other than as an integer, the implementation may reject this encoding using a final response as appropriate for the underlying transport (e.g. 4.00 for CoAP) and thus optimise for the integer case. If a property is defined as a JSON number an implementation shall accept integers, single- and double-precision floating point.

13 Security

The details for handling security and privacy are specified in [OCF Security].
Annex A
(informative)

Operation Examples

A.1 Introduction

This section describes some example scenarios using sequence of operations between the entities involved. In all the examples below “Light” is a Server and “Smartphone” is a Client. In one of the scenario “Garage” additionally acts as a Server. All the examples are based on the following example resource definitions:

rt=oic.example.light with Resource Type definition as illustration in Table 36.

Table 36. oic.example.light Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on-off</td>
<td>of</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>On/Off Control: 0 = Off 1 = On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dim</td>
<td>dm</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>0-255</td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Resource which can take a range of values minimum being 0 and maximum being 255</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

rt=oic.example.garagedoor with Resource Type definition as illustration in Table 37.

Table 37. oic.example.garagedoor Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>open-close</td>
<td>oc</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Open/Closed Control: 0 = Open 1 = Close</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“/oic/mnt” (“rt=oic.wk.mnt”) used in below examples is defined in section 11.5.2.

A.2 When at home: From smartphone turn on a single light

This sequence highlights (Figure 28) the discovery and control of an OCF light resource from an OCF smartphone.
**Figure 28. When at home: from smartphone turn on a single light**

Discovery request can be sent to “All OCF Nodes” Multicast address FF0X::158 or can be sent directly to the IP address of device hosting the light resource.

1) Smartphone sends a GET request to “/oic/res” resource to discover all resources hosted on targeted end point

5) The end point (bulb) responds with the list of Resource URI, Resource Type and Interfaces supported on the end point (one of the resource is ‘/light’ whose rt=oic.example.light)

6) Smartphone sends a GET request to ’/light’ resource to know its current state

7) The end point responds with representation of light resource ({n=bedlight;of=0})

8) Smartphone changes the ‘of’ property of the light resource by sending a POST request to ’/light’ resource ({of=1})

9) On Successful execution of the request, the end point responds with the changed resource representation. Else, error code is returned. Details of the error codes are defined in section 12.2.7.

**A.3 GroupAction execution**

This example will be added when groups feature is added in later version of specification

**A.4 When garage door opens, turn on lights in hall; also notify smartphone**

This example will be added when scripts feature is added in later version of specification

**A.5 Device management**

This sequence highlights (Figure 29) the device management function of maintenance.
**Figure 29. Device management (maintenance)**

**Pre-Condition**: Admin device has different security permissions and hence can perform device management operations on the Device.

1. Admin device sends a GET request to "/oic/res" resource to discover all resources hosted on a targeted end point (in this case Bulb).

10) The end point (bulb) responds with the list of Resource URI, Resource Type and Interfaces supported on the end point (one of the resources is "/oic/mnt" whose "rt=oic.wk.mnt")

11) Admin Device changes the ‘fr’ property of the maintenance resource by sending a POST request to "/oic/mnt" resource (fr=1). This triggers a factory reset of the end point (bulb).

12) On successful execution of the request, the end point responds with the changed resource representation. Else, error code is returned. Details of the error codes are defined in section 12.2.7.
Annex B
(informative)

OCF interaction scenarios and deployment models

B.1 OCF interaction scenarios

A Client connects to one or multiple Servers in order to access the resources provided by those Servers. The following are scenarios representing possible interactions among Roles:

- Direct interaction between Client and Server (Figure 30). In this scenario the Client and the Server directly communicate without involvement of any other Device. A smartphone which controls an actuator directly uses this scenario.

![Figure 30. Direct interaction between Server and Client](image)

- Interaction between Client and Server using another server (Figure 31). In this scenario, another Server provides the support needed for the Client to directly access the desired resource on a specific Server. This scenario is used for example, when a smartphone first accesses a discovery server to find the addressing information of a specific appliance, and then directly accesses the appliance to control it.

![Figure 31. Interaction between Client and Server using another Server](image)

- Interaction between Client and Server using Intermediary (Figure 32). In this scenario an Intermediary facilitates the interaction between the Client and the Server. A smartphone which controls appliances in a smart home via MQTT broker uses this scenario.

![Figure 32. Interaction between Client and Server using Intermediary](image)

- Interaction between Client and Server using support from multiple Servers and intermediary (Figure 33). In this scenario, both Server and Intermediary roles are present to facilitate the transaction between the Client and a specific Server. An example scenario is when a
smartphone first accesses a Resource Directory (RD) server to find the address to a specific appliance, then utilizes MQTT broker to deliver a command message to the appliance. The smartphone can utilize the mechanisms defined in CoRE Resource Directory such as default location, anycast address or DHCP to discover the Resource Directory information.

Figure 33. Interaction between Client and Server using support from multiple Servers and Intermediary

B.2 Deployment model

In deployment, Devices are deployed and interact via either wired or wireless connections. Devices are the physical entities that may host resources and play one or more Roles. There is no constraint on the structure of a deployment or number of Devices in it. Architecture is flexible and scalable and capable of addressing large number of devices with different device capabilities, including constrained devices which have limited memory and capabilities. Constrained devices are defined and categorized in [TCNN].

Figure 34. Example of Devices
Figure 34 depicts a typical deployment and set of Devices, which may be divided in the following categories:

- **Things**: Networked devices which are able to interface with physical environments. Things are the devices which are primarily controlled and monitored. Examples include smart appliances, sensors, and actuators. Things mostly take the role of Server but they may also take the role of Client, for example in machine-to-machine communications.

- **User Devices**: Devices employed by the users enabling the users to access resources and services. Examples include smart phones, tablets, and wearable devices. User Devices mainly take the role of Client, but may also take the role of Server or Intermediary.

- **Service Gateways**: Network equipment which take the role of Intermediary. Examples are home gateways.

- **Infra Servers**: Data centers residing in cloud infrastructure, which facilitate the interaction among Devices by providing network services such as AAA, NAT traversal or discovery. It can also play the role of Client or Intermediary
C.1 Multiple resource models

RESTful interactions are defined dependent on the resource model; hence, Devices require a common understanding of the resource model for interoperability.

There are multiple resource models defined by different organizations including OCF, IPSO Alliance and oneM2M, and used in the industry, which may restrict interoperability among respective ecosystems. The main differences from Resource model are as follows:

- **Resource structure**: Resources may be defined to have properties (e.g., oneM2M defined resources), or may be defined as an atomic entity and not be decomposable into properties (e.g., IPSO alliance defined resources). For example, a smart light may be represented as a resource with an on-off property or a resource collection containing an on-off resource. In the former, on-off property doesn’t have a URI of its own and can only be accessed indirectly via the resource. In the latter, being a resource itself, on-off resource is assigned its own URI and can be directly manipulated.

- **Resource name & type**: Resources may be allowed to be named freely and have their characteristics indicated using a Resource Type property (e.g., as defined in oneM2M). Alternatively, the name of resources may be defined a priori in a way that the name by itself is indicative of its characteristic (e.g., as defined by IPSO alliance). For example, in oneM2M resource model, a smart light can be named with no restrictions, such as ‘LivingRoomLight_1” but in IPSO alliance resource model it is required to have the fixed Object name with numerical Object ID of “IPSO Light Control (3311)”. Consequently, it’s likely that in the former case the data path in URI is freely defined and in the latter case it is predetermined.

- **Resource hierarchy**: Resources may be allowed to be organized in hierarchy where a resource contains another resource with a parent-child relationship (e.g., in oneM2M definition of resource model). Resources may also be required to have a flat structure and associate with other resources only by referencing their links.

In addition to the above, different organizations use different syntax and define different features (e.g., resource interface), which preclude interoperability.

C.2 OCF approach for support of multiple resource models

In order to expand the IoT ecosystem the Framework takes an inclusive approach for interworking with existing resource models. Specifically, the Framework defines a resource model while providing a mechanism to easily map to other models. By embracing existing resource models OCF is inclusive of existing ecosystems while allowing for the transition toward definition of a comprehensive resource model integrating all ecosystems.

The following OCF characteristics enable support of other resource models:

- **resource model is the superset of multiple models**: the resource model is defined as the superset of existing resource models. In other words, any existing resource model can be mapped to a subset of resource model concepts.

- **Framework may allow for resource model negotiation**: the Client and Server exchange the information about what resource model(s) each supports. Based on the exchanged information, the Client and Server choose a resource model to perform RESTful interactions or to perform translation. This feature is out of scope of the current version of this specification, however, the following is a high level description for resource model negotiation.
C.3 Resource model indication

The Client and server exchange the information about what resource model(s) each supports. Based on the exchanged information, the Client and Server choose a resource model to perform RESTful interactions or to perform translation. The exchange could be part of discovery and negotiation. Based on the exchange, the Client and Server follow a procedure to ensure interoperability among them. They may choose a common resource model or execute translation between resource models.

- **Resource model schema exchange**: The Client and Server may share the resource model information when they initiate a RESTful interaction. They may exchange the information about which resource model they support as part of session establishment procedures. Alternatively, each request or response message may carry the indication of which resource model it is using. For example, [COAP] defines “Content-Format option” to indicate the “representation format” such as “application/json”. It's possible to extend the Content-Format Option to indicate the resource model used with the representation format such as “application/ipso-json”.

- **Ensuing procedures**: After the Client and Server exchange the resource model information, they perform a suitable procedure to ensure interoperability among them. The simplest way is to choose a resource model supported by both the Client and Server. In case there is no common resource model, the Client and Server may interact through a 3rd party. In addition to translation which can be resource intensive, a method based on profiles can be used in which an OCF implementation can accommodate multiple profiles and hence multiple ecosystems.

- **Resource Model Profile**: the Framework defines resource model profiles and implementers or users choose the active profile. The chosen profile constrains the Device to strict rules in how resources are defined, instantiated and interacted with. This would allow for interoperability with devices from the ecosystem identified by the profile (e.g., IPSO, OneM2M etc.). Although this enables a Device to participate in and be part of any given ecosystem, this scheme does not allow for generic interoperability at runtime. While this approach may be suitable for resource constrained devices, more resource capable devices are expected to support more than one profile.

C.4 An Example Profile (IPSO profile)

IPSO defines smart objects that have specific resources and they take values determined by the data type of that resource. The smart object specification defines a category of such objects. Each resource represents a characteristic of the smart object being modelled.

While the terms may be different, there are equivalent concepts in OCF to represent these terms. This section provides the equivalent OCF terms and then frames the IPSO smart object in OCF terms.

The IPSO object Light Control defined in section 16 of the IPSO Smart Objects 1.0 is used as the reference example.

C.4.1 Conceptual equivalence

The IPSO smart object definition is equivalent to an Resource Type definition which defines the relevant characteristics of an entity being modelled. The specific IPSO Resource is equivalent to a Property that like an IPSO Resource has a defined data type, enumeration of acceptable values, units, a general description and access modes (based on the Interface).

The general method for developing the equivalent Resource Type from an IPSO Smart Object definition is to ignore the Object ID and replace the Object URN with and OCF '.' (dot) separated name that incorporates the IPSO object. Alternatively the Object URN can be used as the Resource
Type ID as is (as long as the URN does not contain any ‘.’ (dots)) – using the same Object URN as the Resource Type ID allows for compatibility when interacting with an IPSO compliant device. The object URN based naming does not have any bearing for OCF to OCF interoperability and so the OCF format is preferred – for OCF to OCF interoperability only the data model consistency is required.

Two models are available to render IPSO objects into OCF.

1) One is where the IPSO Smart Object represents a Resource. In this case, the IP Smart Object is regarded as a resource with the Resource Type matching the description of the Smart Object. Furthermore, each resource in the IPSO definition is represented as a Property in the Resource Type (the IPSO Resource ID is replaced with a string representing the Property). This is the preferred approach when the IPSO Data Model is expressed in the Resource Model.

13) The other approach is to model an IPSO Smart Object as a Collection. Each IPSO Resource is then modelled as a Resource with an Resource Type that matches the definition of the IPSO Resource. Each of these resource instances are then bound to the Collection that represents this IPSO Smart Object.

Below is an example showing how an IPSO LightControl Object is modelled as a Resource.

**Resource Type: Light Control**

Description: This Object is used to control a light source, such as a LED or other light. It allows a light to be turned on or off and its dimmer setting to be controlled as a percentage value between 0 and 100. An optional colour setting enables a string to be used to indicate the desired colour. Table 38 and Table 39 define the Resource Type and its properties, respectively.

### Table 38. Light control Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource Type</th>
<th>Resource Type ID</th>
<th>Multiple Instances</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Light Control</td>
<td>“oic.light.control” or “urn:oma:lwm2m:ext:3311”</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Light control object with on/off and optional dimming and energy monitor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 39. Light control Resource Type definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property title</th>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Value rule</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On/Off</td>
<td>“on-off”</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td></td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>On/Of Control: 0 = Off 1 = On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimmer</td>
<td>“dim”</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
<td>Proportional Control, integer value between 0 and 100 as percentage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>“color”</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>0 – 100</td>
<td>Defined by “units” property</td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>String representing some value in color space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Units</td>
<td>“units”</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
<td>Measurement Units Definition e.g., “Cel” for Temperature in Celsius.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Time</td>
<td>“ontime”</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>s</td>
<td>R, W</td>
<td>no</td>
<td></td>
<td>The time in seconds that the light has been on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>Read</td>
<td>Write</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cumulative active power</strong></td>
<td>“cumap”</td>
<td>float</td>
<td>Wh</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>The cumulative active power since the last cumulative energy reset or device start</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power Factor</strong></td>
<td>“powfact”</td>
<td>float</td>
<td></td>
<td>R</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>The power factor of the load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Annex D
(normative)

## Resource Type definitions

### D.1 List of Resource Type definitions

Table 40 contains the list of defined core resources in this specification.

**Table 40. Alphabetized list of core resources**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Friendly Name (informative)</th>
<th>Resource Type (rt)</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Collections</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.col&quot;</td>
<td>D.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device Configuration</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.con&quot;</td>
<td>D.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platform Configuration</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.con.p&quot;</td>
<td>D.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.d&quot;</td>
<td>D.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable Resources, baseline interface</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.res&quot;</td>
<td>D.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable Resources, link list interface</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.res&quot;</td>
<td>D.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>&quot;oic.r.icon&quot;</td>
<td>D.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introspection</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.introspection&quot;</td>
<td>D.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.mnt&quot;</td>
<td>D.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platform</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.p&quot;</td>
<td>D.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resource Directory</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.rd&quot;</td>
<td>D.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scenes (Top Level)</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.scenelist&quot;</td>
<td>D.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scenes Collections</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.scenecollection&quot;</td>
<td>D.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scenes Member</td>
<td>&quot;oic.wk.scenemember&quot;</td>
<td>D.12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
D.2 OCF Collection

D.2.1 Introduction
OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of the links and the properties of the collection resource itself.

D.2.2 Example URI
/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI

D.2.3 Resource Type
The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.col.

D.2.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8
title: Collections
version: 1.0
traits:
- interface-ll :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.ll"]
- interface-b :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.b"]
- interface-baseline :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]
- interface-all :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.b"]

/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI:
  description: |
    OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links.
    The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of the links and the properties of the collection resource itself
    is : ["interface-baseline"]
  get:
    description: |
      Retrieve on Baseline Interface
    responses :
    200:
      body:
        application/json:
          schema: |
            "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
            "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.collection-schema.json#",
```

Copyright Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. © 2016-2017. All rights Reserved
"title": "Collection",
"definitions": {
    "oic.collection.setoflinks": {
        "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
            "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
        }
    },
    "oic.collection.alllinks": {
        "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
        "oneOf": [
            {
                "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
            }
        ]
    },
    "oic.collection": {
        "type": "object",
        "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
        "properties": {
            "rts": {
                "allOf": [
                    {
                        "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core/properties/rt"
                    },
                    {
                        "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
                    }
                ]
            },
            "links": {
                "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
            }
        }
    }
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
    {"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
    {"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection"}
]}

example: |

{ "rt": ["oic.wk.col"],
  "id": "unique_example_id",
  "rts": [ "oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.airflow" ],
  "links": [ { "href": "switch",
               "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
               "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
               "eps": [ {"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
                          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
                          {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}]
          },
          { "href": "airFlow",
            "rt": ["oic.r.airflow"],
            "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
            "eps": [ {"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
                          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
                          {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}]
          } ]
}
post:

description: | Update on Baseline Interface

body:
application/json:
schema: |

{ "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
 "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
 "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.collection-schema.json#",
 "title": "Collection",
 "definitions": {
 "oic.collection.setoflinks": {
 "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
 "type": "array",
 "items": {
 "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
 }
 },
 "oic.collection.alllinks": {
 "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
 "oneOf": [
 {
 "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
 }
 ]
 },
 "oic.collection": {
 "type": "object",
 "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
 "properties": {
 "rts": {
 "allOf": [
 { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core/properties/rt"
 },
 { "description": "The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection"
 }
 ]
 },
 "links": {
 "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
 }
 } ]
 },
 "type": "object",
 "allOf": [
 { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
 { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection"
 ]
 }
responses :
 200:
body:

application/json:

  schema:
  
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|</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>eps</th>
<th>array: see schema</th>
<th>Read Write</th>
<th>the Endpoint information of the target Resource used by the UI to provide a context.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**D.2.6 CRUDN behavior**

| Resource | Create | Read | Update | Delete | Notify |
| /CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI | get | post |

### D.2.7 Referenced JSON schemas

#### D.2.8 oic.oic-link-schema.json

```json
{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved."

  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.oic-link-schema.json#",
  "definitions": {
    "oic.oic-link": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "href": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI."
        },
        "rel": {
          "oneOf": [{
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "string",
              "maxLength": 64
            }
          }, {
            "type": "string",
            "maxLength": 64,
            "default": "hosts"
          }],
          "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI"
        },
        "rt": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string",
            "maxLength": 64
          }
        },
        "if": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string",
            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s" ]
        },
        "di": {
          "allOf": [{
            "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
          }, {
            "description": "The device ID"
          }]
        },
        "p": {
          "description": "The interface set supported by this resource"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Copyright Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. © 2016-2017. All rights Reserved
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
  "bm": {
    "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
    "type": "integer"
  }
},
"required": ["bm"]
},
"title": {
  "type": "string",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context."
},
"anchor": {
  "type": "string",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
  "format": "uri"
},
"ins": {
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "type": "integer",
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context."
    },
    {
      "type": "string",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "format": "uri",
      "description": "A unique string"
    },
    {
      "allOf": [
        {"$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"},
        {"description": "A UUID"}
      ]
    },
    {"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections"}
  ]
},
"type": ["array",
  {"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting."
  },
  "items": [
    {"type": "string",
     "maxLength": 64
    },
    {"minItems": 1,
     "default": "application/cbor"
    }
  ],
  "eps": ["array",
    {"description": "The Endpoint information of the target Resource",
     "items": ["object",
       {"properties": ["ep": {
         "type": "string",
         "description": null
       }
     ]
   ]
  ]
}
D.3 Device Configuration

D.3.1 Introduction
Resource that allows for Device specific information to be configured.

D.3.2 Example URI
/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI

D.3.3 Resource Type
The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.con.

D.3.4 RAML Definition

```
#%RAML 0.8

title: OCF Configuration
version: v1-20160622

OCF Configuration

v1-20160622
```
/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI:

description: |
Resource that allows for Device specific information to be configured.

get:

description: |
Retrieves the current Device configuration settings

is : ['interface-all']

responses:

200:

body:
  application/json:
    schema: |

  |

  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.con-schema.json#",
"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
"description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
"definitions": {
  "oic.wk.con": {
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
      "loc": {
        "type": "array",
        "description": "Location information (lat, long)",
        "items": {
          "type": "number"
        },
        "minItems": 2,
        "maxItems": 2
      },
      "locn": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Human Friendly Name for location"
      },
      "c": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Currency"
      },
      "r": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Region"
      },
      "ln": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "object",
          "properties": {
            "type": "object"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
"properties": {
    "language": {
      "allOf": [
        {
          "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
        },
        {
          "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
        }
      ]
    },
    "value": {
      "type": "string",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "description": "The Device name in the indicated language."
    }
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "description": "Localized names"},
"dl": {
  "allOf": [
    {
      "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
    },
    {
      "description": "Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag."
    }
  ]
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
  { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.con" }
],
"required": ["n"]
}

example: |
{
  "n": "My Friendly Device Name",
  "rt": ["oic.wk.con"],
  "loc": [32.777,-96.797],
  "locn": "My Location Name",
  "c": "USD",
  "r": "MyRegion",
  "dl": "en"
}

post:

description: |
Update the information about the Device

is : ['interface-rw']

body:
application/json:
  schema: |
  {"id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.con-Update-schema.json#",
   "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
   "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",

"definitions": {
  "oic.wk.con": {
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
      "loc": {
        "type": "array",
        "description": "Location information (lat, long)",
        "items": {
          "type": "number"
        },
        "minItems": 2,
        "maxItems": 2
      },
      "locn": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Human Friendly Name for location"
      },
      "c": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Currency"
      },
      "r": {
        "type": "string",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "description": "Region"
      },
      "ln": {
        "type": "array",
        "items": {
          "type": "object",
          "properties": {
            "language": {
              "allOf": [
                {
                  "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
                },
                {
                  "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
                }
              ],
              "value": {
                "type": "string",
                "maxLength": 64,
                "description": "The Device name in the indicated language."
              }
            }"{color:200, size:2}
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "description": "Localized names"
        },
        "dl": {
          "allOf": [
            {
              "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
            }
          ],
          "description": "Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag."
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
example: |

| "n": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso",
| "r": "MyNewRegion",
| "ln": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso" } ],
| "dl": "es"
|

responses:

200:

body:

application/json:

  schema: |

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D.3.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>loc</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Location information (lat, long)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ln</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Localized names</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>locn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Human Friendly Name for location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dl</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Region</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.3.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.4 Platform Configuration

D.4.1 Introduction

Resource that allows for platform specific information to be configured.
D.4.2 Example URI
/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI

D.4.3 Resource Type
The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.con.p.

D.4.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8
title: OCF Platform Configuration
version: v1-20160622
traits:
- interface-rw:
  queryParameters:
    if: enum: ["oic.if.rw"]
- interface-all:
  queryParameters:
    if: enum: ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.baseline"]

/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI:
description: |
Resource that allows for platform specific information to be configured.

get:
description: |
Retrieves the current platform configuration settings
responses:
  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |
```
"value": {  
  "type": "string",  
  "maxLength": 64,  
  "description": "The Platform description in the indicated language."
}
}
],
"minItems": 1,
"description": "Platform names"
}
}
)
)
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
  
  { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  
  { "$ref": "#/#definitions/oic.wk.con.p" }
]
}
}

example: |
}
"
rt": ["oic.wk.con.p"],

"mnpn": [ { "language": "en", "value": "My Friendly Device Name" } ] }

post: |

description: |

Update the information about the platform

is: ['interface-rw']

body: |

application/json:

schema: |

{  
  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.con.p-Update-schema.json#",
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
  "definitions": {  
    "oic.wk.con.p": {  
      "type": "object",  
      "properties": {  
        "mnpn": {  
          "type": "array",  
          "items": {  
            "type": "object",  
            "properties": {  
              "language": {  
                "allOf": [  
                  
                  { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"},
                  
                  { "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag." }
                ]
              },  
              "value": {  
                "type": "string",  
                "maxLength": 64,  
                "description": "The Platform description in the indicated language."  
              }  
            ]
          }  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }

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"minItems": 1,
"description": "Platform names"
}

"type": "object",
"allOf": [
  {
    "$ref": "oic.core-schema.rw.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  {
    "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.con.p"
  },
],
"required": ["mnpn"]
}

example: |
{
  "n": "Nuevo nombre",
  "mnpn": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo nombre de Plataforma Amigable" } ] }

responses :
200:

  body:
  application/json:
    schema: |

    | "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.con.p-Update-schema.json#",
    | "Schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    | "description": "Copyright (c) 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
    | "definitions": {
      "oic.wk.con.p": {
        "type": "object",
        "properties": {
          "mnpn": {
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "type": "object",
              "properties": {
                "language": {
                  "allOf": [
                    {
                      "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
                    },
                    {
                      "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
                    }
                  ]
                }
              }
            },
            "minItems": 1,
            "description": "Platform names"
          }
        }
      }
    }
"allOf": [
  { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.rw.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.con.p" }
],
"required": ["mnpn"]
}

example: |
{}
  "n": "Nuevo nombre",
  "mnpn": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo nombre de Plataforma Amigable" } ]
}

D.4.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mnpn</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Platform names</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.4.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.5 Device

D.5.1 Introduction

Known resource that is hosted by every Server. Allows for logical device specific information to be discovered.

D.5.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/d

D.5.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.d.

D.5.4 RAML Definition

```RAML
#%RAML 0.8

title: OIC Root Device

version: v1-20160622

traits:
  - interface :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]

/oic/d:

description: |
  Known resource that is hosted by every Server.
  Allows for logical device specific information to be discovered.

is : ['interface']

get:

description: |
  Retrieve the information about the Device

responses :
  200:
```

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body:
  application/json:
    schema: |
      {
        "$schema": "http://json-schemas.org/draft-04/schema#",
        "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All
        rights reserved.",
        "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.d-
        schema.json#",
        "definitions": {
          "oic.wk.d": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
              "di": {
                "allOf": [
                  {
                    "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
                  },
                  {
                    "readOnly": true,
                    "description": "Unique identifier for device"
                  }
                ]
              },
              "icv": {
                "type": "string",
                "maxLength": 64,
                "readOnly": true,
                "description": "The version of the OIC Server"
              },
              "dmv": {
                "type": "string",
                "maxLength": 256,
                "readOnly": true,
                "description": "Spec versions of the Resource and Device Specifications to
                which this device data model is implemented"
              },
              "ld": {
                "type": "array",
                "items": {
                  "type": "object",
                  "properties": {
                    "language": {
                      "allOf": [
                        {
                          "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
                        },
                        {
                          "readOnly": true,
                          "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
                        }
                      ]
                    },
                    "value": {
                      "type": "string",
                      "maxLength": 64,
                      "readOnly": true,
                      "description": "Device description in the indicated language."
                    }
                  }
                }"minItems": 1,
                "readOnly": true,
                "description": "Localized Descriptions."
              },
              "su": {
                "type": "string",
                "maxLength": 64,
                "readOnly": true,
"description": "Software version."
},
"dmn": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
      "language": {
        "allOf": [
          {
            "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/language-tag"
          },
          {
            "readOnly": true,
            "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
          }
        ],
        "value": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 64,
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Manufacturer name in the indicated language."
        }
      }
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "readOnly": true,
    "description": "Manufacturer Name."
  },
  "dmno": {
    "type": "string",
    "maxLength": 64,
    "readOnly": true,
    "description": "Model number as designated by manufacturer."
  },
  "piid": {
    "allOf": [
      {
        "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
      },
      {
        "readOnly": true,
        "description": "Protocol independent unique identifier for device that is immutable."
      }
    ],
    "required": [ "n", "di", "icv", "dmv", "piid" ]
  }
},
"example": |
  {"n": "Device 1",
   "rt": ["oic.wk.d"],
   "di": "54919CA5-4101-4AE4-595B-353C51AA983C",
   "icv": "ocf.1.0.0",
   "dmv": "ocf.res.1.0.0, ocf.sh.1.0.0",
   "piid": "6F0AAC04-2BB0-468D-B57C-16570A26AE48"}
### D.5.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>id</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Localized Descriptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>piid</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmno</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Model number as designated by manufacturer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Software version.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmn</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer Name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Spec versions of the Resource and Device Specifications to which this device data model is implemented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The version of the OIC Server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D.5.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/d</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D.6 Maintenance

#### D.6.1 Introduction

The resource through which a Device is maintained and can be used for diagnostic purposes. fr (Factory Reset) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Factory Reset After factory reset, this value shall be changed back to the default value rb (Reboot) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Reboot After Reboot, this value shall be changed back to the default value.

#### D.6.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/mnt

#### D.6.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.mnt.

#### D.6.4 RAML Definition

```rml
# %RAML 0.8

title: Maintenance

version: v1-20160622

traits:
- interface-rw :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.baseline"]

- interface-all :
    queryParameters:
```

---

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if:
    enum: ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]

/oic/mnt:

description: |
The resource through which a Device is maintained and can be used for diagnostic purposes.

fr (Factory Reset) is a boolean.
The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Factory Reset
After factory reset, this value shall be changed back to the default value
rb (Reboot) is a boolean.
The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Reboot
After Reboot, this value shall be changed back to the default value

get:

description: |
Retrieve the maintenance action status

is : ["interface-all"]

responses:

  200:

    body:
      application/json:

        schema: |
          |
          |

        example: |
          |

post:
Set the maintenance action(s)
is : ['interface-rw']

body:
application/json:
schema: |

  {  
    "$schema": "http://json-schemas.org/draft-04/schema#",  
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",  
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.mnt-schema.json#",  
    "definitions": {  
      "oic.wk.mnt": {  
        "type": "object",  
        "anyOf": [  
          {"required": ["fr"]},  
          {"required": ["rb"]}  
        ],  
        "properties": {  
          "fr": {  
            "type": "boolean",  
            "description": "Factory Reset"  
          },  
          "rb": {  
            "type": "boolean",  
            "description": "Reboot Action"  
          }  
        }  
      }  
    },  
    "type": "object",  
    "allOf": [    
      { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},  
      { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.mnt" }  
    ]  
  }

example: |

{  
  "fr": false,  
  "rb": false  
}

responses:

200:

body:
application/json:
schema: |

  {  
    "$schema": "http://json-schemas.org/draft-04/schema#",  
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",  
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.mnt-schema.json#",  
    "definitions": {  
      "oic.wk.mnt": {  
        "type": "object",  
        "anyOf": [  
          {"required": ["fr"]},  
          {"required": ["rb"]}  
        ],  
        "properties": {  
          "fr": {  
            "type": "boolean",  
            "description": "Factory Reset"  
          },  
          "rb": {  
            "type": "boolean",  
            "description": "Reboot Action"  
          }  
        }  
      }  
    },  
    "type": "object",  
    "allOf": [    
      { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},  
      { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.mnt" }  
    ]  
  }

"description": "Factory Reset"

{ "fr": false,
  "rb": false
}

D.6.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fr</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Factory Reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rb</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Reboot Action</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.6.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/mnt</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.7 Platform

D.7.1 Introduction

Known resource that is defines the platform on which an Server is hosted. Allows for platform specific information to be discovered.

D.7.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/p

D.7.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.p.

D.7.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8

title: Platform

version: v1-20160622

traits:
- interface:
  
queryParameters:
  
  if:
  
enum: ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]

/oic/p:

  description: |

  Known resource that is defines the platform on which an Server is hosted.

  Allows for platform specific information to be discovered.

  is: ['interface']
```
get:

description: |

Retrieve the information about the Platform

responses:

200:

body:

application/json:

schema: |

{
  "$schema": "http://json-schemas.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All

rights reserved.",
  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.p-

schema.json#",
  "definitions": {
    "oic.wk.p": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "pi": {
          "allOf": [
            {
              "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
            },
            {
              "readOnly": true,
              "description": "Platform Identifier"
            }
          ],
        "mnmn": {
          "type": "string",
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Manufacturer Name",
          "maxLength": 64
        },
        "mnml": {
          "type": "string",
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Manufacturer's URL",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "format": "uri"
        },
        "mnmo": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 64,
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Model number as designated by the manufacturer"
        },
        "mndt": {
          "allOf": [
            {
              "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/date"
            },
            {
              "readOnly": true,
              "description": "Manufacturing Date in ISO8601 format."
            }
          ],
        },
        "mnpv": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 64,
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Platform Version"
        },
        "mnos": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 64
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
"maxLength": 64,
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Platform Resident OS Version"
},
"mnhw": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64,
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Platform Hardware Version"
},
"mnfv": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64,
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Manufacturer's firmware version"
},
"mnsl": {
"type": "string",
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Manufacturer's Support Information URL",
"maxLength": 256,
"format": "uri"
},
"st": {
"type": "string",
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Reference time for the device in ISO8601 format.",
"format": "date-time"
},
"vid": {
"type": "string",
"readOnly": true,
"description": "Manufacturer's defined information for the platform. The content is freeform, with population rules up to the manufacturer"
}
}
}
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
  { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.p" }
],
"required": [ "pi", "mnmn" ]
}

example: |

  { "pi": "54919CA5-4101-4AE4-595B-353C51AA983C",
    "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
    "mnmn": "Acme, Inc"
  }

D.7.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mnfv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's firmware version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vid</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's defined information for the platform. The content is freeform, with population rules up to the manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnmn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mmmo</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Model number as designated by the manufacturer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnml</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's URL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnos</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Resident OS Version</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mndt</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>st</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Reference time for the device in ISO8601 format.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnsi</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's Support Information URL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnpv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Version</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pi</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnhw</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Hardware Version</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D.7.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/p</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D.8 Discoverable Resources Baseline Interface

#### D.8.1 Introduction

Baseline representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

#### D.8.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/res

#### D.8.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.res.

#### D.8.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8
title: Discoverable Resources
version: v1-20160622
traits:
  - interface-ll :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.ll"]
  - interface-baseline :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]
  - interface-all :
```

---

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queryParameters:
  if:
    enum: ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]

/oic-res-BaselineInterfaceURI:

description: |
  Baseline representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

is : ["interface-baseline"]

get:

description: |
  Retrieve the discoverable resource set, baseline interface

responses :
  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |
        {
          "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-v4/schema#",
          "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
          "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.res-schema.json#",
          "definitions": {
            "oic.res-baseline": {
              "type": "object",
              "properties": {
                "rt": {
                  "type": "array",
                  "items": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "maxLength": 64
                  }
                },
                "if": {
                  "type": "array",
                  "items": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll"]
                  },
                  "minItems": 1,
                  "readOnly": true,
                  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource"
                },
                "n": {
                  "type": "string",
                  "maxLength": 64,
                  "readOnly": true,
                  "description": "Human friendly name"
                },
                "mpro": {
                  "readOnly": true,
                  "description": "Supported messaging protocols"
                }
              },
              "links": {
                "type": "array",
                "items": {
                  "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
                }
              }
            }
          }
        }
"required": ["rt", "if", "links"],
"description": "The list of resources expressed as Links",
"type": "array",
"items": {
  "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.res-baseline"
}
}

e.example: |
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D.9 Discoverable Resources Link List interface

D.9.1 Introduction

Link list representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

D.9.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/res

D.9.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.res.

D.9.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8

title: Discoverable Resources
version: v1-20160622

traits:
- interface-ll:
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.ll"]

- interface-baseline:
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]

- interface-all:
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]

/oic-res-llInterfaceURI:
  description: |
  Link list representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

  is : ['interface-ll']

  get:
    description: |
    Retrieve the discoverable resource set, link list interface

  responses:
  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |
          {
            "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-v4/schema#",
            "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.res-schema-ll.json#",
            "description": "The list of resources expressed as OCF links without di",
            "definitions": {
              "oic.res-ll": {
                "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
              }
            },
            "type": "array",
            "items": {
              "$ref": "#definitions/oic.res-ll"
            }
          }
```

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D.9.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Resource Type of the Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>the Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### D.9.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/res</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D.9.7 Referenced JSON schemas

#### D.9.8 oic.oic-link-schema.json

```json
{
    "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.oic-link-schema.json#",
    "definitions": {
        "oic.oic-link": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
                "href": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "maxLength": 256,
                    "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
                    "format": "uri"
                },
                "rel": {
                    "oneOf": [
                        "type": "array",
                        "items": {
                            "type": "string",
                            "maxLength": 64
                        }
                    ]
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

"description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",

"rt": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "string",
    "maxLength": 64
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource"
},

"if": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s"]
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource"
},

"di": {
  "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
},

"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "required": ["bm"]
  },
  "title": {
    "type": "string",
    "maxLength": 64,
    "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context."
  },
  "anchor": {
    "type": "string",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection."
  },
  "format": "url"
},

"ins": {
  "oneOf": [
    "type": "integer",
    "default": "hosts"
  ],
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI"}
"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context."
},
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 256,
"format": "uri",
"description": "A unique string"
},
{ "allOf": [
  { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
 },
  { "description": "A UUID"
 }
]
},
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections"
],
"type": "array",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": {
  "type": "string",
  "maxLength": 64
 },
"minItems": 1,
"default": "application/cbor"
},
"eps": {
  "type": "array",
  "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
  "items": {
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {
      "ep": {
        "type": "string",
        "format": "uri",
        "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator"
     },
      "pri": {
        "type": "integer",
        "minimum": 1,
        "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints"
      }
    }
  }
},
"tag-locn": {
  "allOf": [
    { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/locn-room-list"
   },
    { "description": "Location of the Resource or Device"
     }
  ]
},
"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/pos-descriptions"
   },
    { "type": "array"
   }
  ]
}
D.10 Scenes (Top level)

D.10.1 Introduction

Toplevel Scene resource. This resource is a generic collection resource. The rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types.

D.10.2 Example URI

/SceneListResURI

D.10.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.scenelist.

D.10.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8
title: Scene
version: v1-20160622
traits: - interface :
  queryParameters:   if:     enum: ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]

/SceneListResURI:
  description: |
  Toplevel Scene resource.
  This resource is a generic collection resource.
  The rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types.
  
  get:    description: |
  Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes
  
  responses : 200:    body: application/json:
    schema: |
```
D.10.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| links         | multiple types: see schema | | Read Write | }
D.10.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>rts</th>
<th>multiple types: see schema</th>
<th>Read Write</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

D.11 Scene Collections

D.11.1 Introduction

Collection that models a set of Scenes. This resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters. The rts value shall contain oic.scenemember resource types. The additional parameters are:
- `lastScene`, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client
- `sceneValues`, this is the list of available scenes
- `lastScene` shall be listed in `sceneValues`.

D.11.2 Example URI

```
/SceneListResURI
```

D.11.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.scenecollection.

D.11.4 RAML Definition

```RAML
#%RAML 0.8

title: Scene
version: v1-20160622
traits:
- interface:
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]

/SceneListResURI:

description: |
  Collection that models a set of Scenes.
  This resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters.
  The rts value shall contain oic.scenemember resource types.
  The additional parameters are
  `lastScene`, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client
  `sceneValues`, this is the list of available scenes
  `lastScene` shall be listed in `sceneValues`.

get:

description: |
  Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes

responses:

  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |
          |

rights reserved."
```

```json
"description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All
```
"oic.sceneCollection": {
    "type": "object",
    "allOf": [
        {
            "$ref": "oic.collection-schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection"
        }
    ]
},
"properties": {
    "lastScene": {
        "type": "string",
        "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues"
    },
    "sceneValues": {
        "type": "array",
        "readOnly": true,
        "description": "All available scene values",
        "items": {
            "type": "string"
        }
    }
},
"required": [ "lastScene","sceneValues","rts","id" ]
}
]
"required": [ "lastScene","sceneValues","rts","id" ]
}
},
"type": "object",
"allOf" : [
    { "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core" },
    { "$ref": "#/#/definitions/oic.sceneCollection" }
]

example: |
{
    "lastScene": "off",
    "sceneValues": ["off","Reading","TVWatching"],
    "rt": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
    "n": "My Scenes for my living room",
    "id": "0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1",
    "rts": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
    "links": [
    ]
}

post:

description: |
Provides the action to change the last set scene selection.
Calling this method shall update all scene members to the prescribed membervalue.
When this method is called with the same value as the current lastScene value
then all scene members shall be updated.

body: application/json:
schema: |
{
    "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.sceneCollection-
Update-schema.json#",
    "title": "Scene Collection",
    "definitions": {
        "oic.sceneCollection-Update": {
            "type": "object",
            "allOf": ["oic.collection-schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection" ]
        }
    }
}
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{
"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"
},
{
"type": "string",
"description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues"
}
]
],
"required": [ "lastScene" ]
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{
"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"
},
{
"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.sceneCollection-Update"
}
]
}

example: |
{
"lastScene": "Reading"
}

responses :

200:

description: |
Indicates that the value is changed.
The changed properties are provided in the response.

body: application/json:

schema: |
{
"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
"description" : "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All
rights reserved.",
"id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.sceneCollection-
Update-schema.json#",
"title": "Scene Collection",
"definitions": { 
"oic.sceneCollection-Update": {
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{
"$ref": "oic.collection-schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection"
},
{
"properties": {
 "lastScene": {
 "type": "string",
 "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues"
 }
 }
],
"required": [ "lastScene" ]
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core" },
{"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.sceneCollection-Update" }
]
D.11.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sceneValues</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>All available scene values</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.11.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/SceneCollectionResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.12 Scene Member

D.12.1 Introduction

Collection that models a scene member.

D.12.2 Example URI

/SceneMemberResURI

D.12.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.scenemember.

D.12.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8

title: Scene

version: v1-20160622

traits:
  - interface :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]

/SceneMemberResURI:

description: |
  Collection that models a scene member.

get:

description: |
  Provides the scene member

responses:
  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |
```
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{
"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
"description" : "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All
rights reserved.",
"id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.sceneMemberschema.json#",
"title" : "Scene Member",
"definitions": {
"oic.sceneMember": {
"type": "object",
"properties": {
"SceneMappings" : {
"type": "array",
"description": "array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)",
"items": {
"type": "object",
"properties": {
"scene": {
"type": "string",
"description": "Specifies a scene value that will be acted upon"
},
"memberProperty": {
"type": "string",
"readOnly": true,
"description": "property name that will be mapped"
},
"memberValue": {
"type": "string",
"readOnly": true,
"description": "value of the Member Property"
}
},
"required": [ "scene", "memberProperty", "memberValue" ]
}
},
"link": {
"allOf": [
{
"$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
},
{
"description": "OCF link that points to a resource"
}
]
}
},
"required": [ "link" ]
}
},
"type": "object",
"allOf" : [
{ "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core" },
{ "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.sceneMember" }
]
}
example: |
{
"rt": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
"id": "0685B960-FFFF-46F7-BEC0-9E6234671ADC1",
"n": "my binary switch (for light bulb) mappings",
"link": {
"href": "binarySwitch",
"rt":
["oic.r.switch.binary"],
"if":
["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
"eps": [
{"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
{"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
{"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}

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```json

    }
  }
  ],
  "sceneMappings": [
    {
      "scene": "off",
      "memberProperty": "value",
      "memberValue": true
    },
    {
      "scene": "Reading",
      "memberProperty": "value",
      "memberValue": false
    },
    {
      "scene": "TVWatching",
      "memberProperty": "value",
      "memberValue": true
    }
  ]
}
```

D.12.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SceneMappings</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>link</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.12.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/SceneMemberResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.13 Resource directory resource

D.13.1 Introduction

Resource to be exposed by any Device that can act as a Resource Directory. 1) Provides selector criteria (e.g., integer) with GET request 2) Publish or Update a Link in /oic/res with POST request 3) Delete a Link in /oic/res with DELETE request

D.13.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/rd

D.13.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.rd.

D.13.4 RAML Definition

```raml

#%RAML 0.8

title: Resource Directory

version: v1-20160622

traits:
- rddelete-di :

queryParameters:
  di:
    description: This is used to determine which set of links to opera on. (Need authentication to ensure that there is no spoofing). If instance is omitted then the entire set of links from this device ID is deleted

Example: DELETE /oic/rd?di="0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1"
```

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- `rddelete-ins`:
  queryParameters:
  ins:
  description: Instance of the link to delete
  Value of parameter is a string where instance to be deleted are comma separated
  Example: DELETE /oic/rd?di="0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1";ins="20"

- `rdgetinterface`:
  queryParameters:
  if:
  enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]
  description: Interface is optional since there is only one interface supported for the Resource Type
  Both for RD selection and for publish.
  Example: GET /oic/rd?if=oic.if.baseline

- `rdpostinterface`:
  queryParameters:
  if:
  enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]
  description: Interface is optional since there is only one interface supported for the Resource Type
  Both for RD selection and for publish.
  Example: POST /oic/rd?if=oic.if.baseline

/oic/rd:
  description: |
  Resource to be exposed by any Device that can act as a Resource Directory.
  1) Provides selector criteria (e.g., integer) with GET request
  2) Publish or Update a Link in /oic/res with POST request
  3) Delete a Link in /oic/res with DELETE request

  get:
  description: |
  Get the attributes of the Resource Directory for selection purposes.
  is : ["rdgetinterface"]
  responses :
  200:
  description: |
  Respond with the selector criteria - either the set of attributes or the bias factor
  body:
  application/json:
    schema: |
    {"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
     "description": "Copyright (c) 2016, 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
     "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.rd.selection-schema.json#",
     "title": "RD Selection",
     "definitions": {"oic.rd.attributes": {
       "type": "object",
       "properties": {"sel": {
         "type": "integer",
         "minimum": 0,
         "maximum": 100,
"readOnly": true,
"description": "A bias factor calculated by the Resource directory"
]
]
"required": ["sel"]
}],
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{ "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core" },
{ "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.rd.attributes" }
]
]

example: |
{
  "rt": ["oic.wk.rd"],
  "if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
  "sel": 50
}
]

post:

description: |
  Publish the resource information for the first time or Update the existing one in /oic/res.
  Appropriates parts of the information, i.e., Links of the published Resources will be
  discovered through /oic/res.
  1) When a Device first publishes a Link, the request payload to RD may include the Links
  without "ins" Parameter.
  2) Upon granting the request, the RD assigns a unique instance value identifying the Link
  among all the Links it advertises
  and sends back the instance value in "ins" Parameter in the Link to the publishing Device.
  3) When later the publishing Device updates the existing Link, i.e., changing its Endpoint
  information,
  the request payload to RD needs to include the instance value in "ins" Parameter to
  identify the Link to update.

is : ['rdpostinterface']

body: application/json:

  schema: |
  {
    "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016,2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
reserved.",
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.rd.publish-
schema.json#",
    "title": "RD Publish & Update",
    "definitions": {
      "oic.rd.publish": {
        "description": "Publishes resources as OIC Links into the resource directory",
        "properties": {
          "di": {
            "allOf": [
              { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
              ],
          "description": "A UUID that is the identifier for the publishing Device"}
          }
        }
      },
      "links": {
        "$ref": "oic.collection-schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"}
      },
      "ttl": {
        "type": "integer",
        "description": "Time to indicate a RD, i.e. how long to keep this published
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{
"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"
},
{
"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.rd.publish"
}
],
"required": [
"di",
"links",
"ttl"
]
}
"example": |
{
  "di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
  "links": [
  "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
  "href": "/myLightSwitch",
  "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": [
    {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
    {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d6]:1122"},
    {"ep": "coaps+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
  ]
},
  "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
  "href": "/myLightBrightness",
  "rt": ["oic.r.brightness"],
  "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
  "p": {"bm": 3},
  "eps": [
    {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222"}
  ]
}
"ttl": 600
}

responses :

200:

description: |
Respond with the same schema as publish but, when a Link is first published,
with the additional "ins" Parameter in the Link.
This value is used by the receiver to manage that OCF Link instance.

body:
application/json:
schema: |

  {"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2016,2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All
rights reserved.",
  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.rd.publish-schema.json#"
"title": "RD Publish & Update",
"definitions": {
  "oic.rd.publish": {
    "description": "Publishes resources as OIC Links into the resource directory",
    "properties": {
      "di": {
        "allOf": [
          {
            "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid"
          },
          {
            "description": "A UUID that is the identifier for the publishing Device"
          }
        ]
      },
      "links": {
        "$ref": "oic.collection-schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
      },
      "ttl": {
        "type": "integer",
        "description": "Time to indicate a RD, i.e. how long to keep this published item."
      }
    }
  },
  "type": "object",
  "allOf": [
    {
      "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"
    },
    {
      "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.rd.publish"
    }
  ],
  "required": [
    "di",
    "links",
    "ttl"
  ]
},

example: |

{"di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
"links": [
  {
    "anchor": "oicf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
    "href": "/myLightSwitch",
    "rt": [
      "oic.r.switch.binary"],
    "if": [
      "oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [
      {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
      {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d6]:1122"},
      {"ep": "coaps+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
    ],
    "ins": "11235"
  },
  {
    "anchor": "oicf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
    "href": "/myLightBrightness",
    "rt": [
      "oic.r.brightness"],
    "if": [
      "oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
    "p": {"bm": 3},
    "eps": [
      {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::b1d6]:11235"}
    ],
    "ins": "112358"
  }"}
Delete a particular OIC Link - the link may be a simple link or a link in a tagged set.

is : ['rddelete-di','rddelete-ins']

responses :
200:
  description: |
  The delete succeeded

D.13.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sel</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>A bias factor calculated by the Resource directory</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.13.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/rd</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td>delete</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.14 Icon

D.14.1 Introduction

This resource describes the attributes associated with an Icon.

D.14.2 Example URI

/IconResURI

D.14.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.r.icon.

D.14.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8
title: OICIcon
version: v1.1.0-20161107
traits:
  - interface :
    queryParameters:
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]

/IconResURI:
  description: |
  This resource describes the attributes associated with an Icon.

is : ['interface']
```

get:
  description: |
Retrieves the current icon properties.

responses:

200:

body:

application/json:

schema: |

{ "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.r.icon.json#", "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#", "description": "Copyright (c) 2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.", "title": "Icon", "definitions": { "oic.r.icon": { "properties": { "mimetype": { "type": "string", "max_length": 64, "readOnly": true, "description": "The Media Type of the icon" }, "width": { "type": "integer", "minimum": 1, "readOnly": true, "description": "The width in pixels" }, "height": { "type": "integer", "minimum": 1, "readOnly": true, "description": "The height in pixels" }, "media": { "type": "string", "max_length": 256, "format": "uri", "readOnly": true, "description": "Specifies the URI to the icon" } }, "type": "object", "allOf": [{ "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"}, { "$ref": "#/#/definitions/oic.r.icon"]}, "required": ["mimetype","width","height","media"] }

example: |

{ "rt": ["oic.r.icon"], "id": "unique_example_id", "mimetype": "image/png", "width": 256, "height": 256, "media": "http://findbetter.ru/public/uploads/1481662800/2043.png" }

D.14.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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D.14.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/IconResURI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.15 Introspection Resource

D.15.1 Introduction

This resource provides the means to get the device introspection data specifying all the endpoints of the device. The url hosted by this resource is either a local or an external url.

D.15.2 Example URI

/IntrospectionResURI

D.15.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.introspection.

D.15.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8

title: OICIntrospection

version: v1.0.0-20160707

traits: 
- interface :

  queryParameters:

    if:

      enum: ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]

/IntrospectionResURI:

  description: |

  This resource provides the means to get the device introspection data specifying all the endpoints of the device. The url hosted by this resource is either a local or an external url.

  is : ['interface']

  get:

    responses :

      200:

        body:

          application/json:

            schema: |

            |
```
"type": "object",
"properties": {
  "urlInfo": {
    "type": "array",
    "description": "Information on the location of the introspection data.",
    "readOnly": true,
    "minItems": 1,
    "items": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "url": {
          "type": "string",
          "format": "uri",
          "description": "The URL of the introspection information."
        },
        "protocol": {
          "type": "string",
          "enum": [ "coap", "coaps", "http", "https", "coap+tcp", "coaps+tcp" ],
          "description": "Identifier for the protocol to be used to obtain the introspection information"
        },
        "content-type": {
          "type": "string",
          "enum": [ "application/json", "application/cbor" ],
          "default": "application/cbor",
          "description": "content-type of the introspection data"
        },
        "version": {
          "type": "integer",
          "enum": [ 1 ],
          "default": 1,
          "description": "The version of the introspection data that can be downloaded"
        }
      },
      "required": [ "url","protocol"]
    }
  },
  "required": ["urlInfo"]
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
  {"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.introspectionInfo"},
  {"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"}
]
}

example: |

{
  "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
  "urlInfo": [
    {
      "content-type": "application/cbor",
      "protocol": "coap",
      "url": "coap://[fe80::1]:1234/IntrospectionExampleURI"  
    }
  ]
}

D.15.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urlInfo</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Information on the location of</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
D.15.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/IntrospectionResURI</td>
<td></td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex E  
(normative)

OIC 1.1 Resource Type definitions

E.1 List of Resource Type Definitions

Table 41 contains the list of OIC 1.1 defined core resources that are referenced in this specification and so included herein to enable backwards compatibility. These definitions are only to be used when communicating with OIC 1.1 Devices where specifically referenced in this specification.

Table 41. Alphabetized list of referenced OIC 1.1 core resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Friendly Name (Informative)</th>
<th>Resource Type (rt)</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Collection, baseline Interface</td>
<td>“oic.wk.col”</td>
<td>E.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collection, link list interface</td>
<td>“oic.wk.col”</td>
<td>E.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable Resources, baseline interface</td>
<td>“oic.wk.res”</td>
<td>E.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverable Resources, link list interface</td>
<td>“oic.wk.res”</td>
<td>E.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>E.2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E.2 Collection, baseline interface

E.2.1 Introduction

OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of the links and the properties of the collection resource itself.

E.2.2 Example URI

/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI

E.2.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.col.

E.2.4 RAML Definition

```raml
#%RAML 0.8

title: Collections

version: 1.0

traits:
  - interface-ll :
    queryParameters:
```
if:
  enum: ["oic.if.ll"]
- interface-b :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.b"]
- interface-baseline :
  queryParameters:
    if:
      enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]

/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI:

description: |
  OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links.
  The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of
  the links and the properties of the collection resource itself

is : ['interface-baseline']
get:
  description: |
    Retrieve on Baseline Interface
  responses :
    200:
      body: application/json:
        schema: |

        {
        "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
        "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
        reserved.",
        "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.collection-
        schema.json#",
        "title": "Collection",
        "definitions": {
        "oic.collection.setoflinks": {  
        "description": "A set (array) of simple or individual OIC Links. In
        addition to properties required for an OIC Link, the identifier for that link in this set is also
        required",
        "type": "array",
        "items": {  
        "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
        }
        }
        },
        "oic.collection.alllinks": {  
        "description": "All forms of links in a collection",
        "oneOf": [
        {  
        "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
        }
        ]
        }
        },
        "oic.collection": {  
        "type": "object",
        "description": "A collection is a set (array) of tagged-link or set
        (array) of simple links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
        "properties": {  
        "n": {  
        "type": "string",
        "description": "User friendly name of the
        collection"  
        },
        "id": {  
        "t"}
"anyOf": [
    
    
    ],
},
    
    
    "type": "string",
    "description": "A unique string that could be a hash or similarly unique"
    
    ],
},
    
    
    "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
    "description": "A unique string that could be a UUIDv4"
    
    },
},
    
    "description": "ID for the collection. Can be an value that is unique to the use context or a UUIDv4"
},
    
    "di": {
        "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
        "description": "The device ID which is an UUIDv4 string; used for backward compatibility with Spec A definition of /oic/res"
    },
    
    "rts": {
        "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core/properties/rt",
        "description": "Defines the list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection; new links being created can only be from this list"
    },
    
    "drel": {
        "type": "string",
        "description": "When specified this is the default relationship to use when an OIC Link does not specify an explicit relationship with *rel* parameter"
    },
    
    "links": {
        "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
    }
}
)

"type": "object",
"allOf": [
    
]"example": |

    "rt": ["oic.wk.col"],
    "id": "unique_example_id",
    "rts": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.airflow"],
    "links": {
        "$ref": "switch",
        "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
        "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"]
    },
    
        "$ref": "airFlow",
        "rt": ["oic.r.airflow"],
        "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"]
    }
}

post:

description: |
Update on Baseline Interface

body:
application/json:
schema: |

   |

   | "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
   | "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights 
   | reserved.", 
   | "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.collection-
   | schema.json#", 
   | "title": "Collection",
   | "definitions": {
   | "oic.collection.setoflinks": {
   | "description": "A set (array) of simple or individual OIC Links. In addition 
   | to properties required for an OIC Link, the identifier for that link in this set is also required",
   | "type": "array",
   | "items": {
   | "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
   | }
   | },
   | "oic.collection.alllinks": {
   | "description": "All forms of links in a collection",
   | "oneOf": [
   | {
   | "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
   | }
   | ]
   | },
   | "oic.collection": {
   | "type": "object",
   | "description": "A collection is a set (array) of tagged-link or set (array) 
   | of simple links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
   | "properties": {
   | "n": {
   | "type": "string",
   | "description": "User friendly name of the 
   | collection"
   | },
   | "id": {
   | "anyOf": [
   | { "type": "integer",
   | "description": "A number that is unique to that collection; like an ordinal number that is not repeated"
   | },
   | { "type": "string",
   | "description": "A unique string that could be a hash or similarly unique"
   | },
   | { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
   | "description": "A unique string that could be a UUIDv4"
   | }
   | ],
   | "di": {
   | "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
   | "description": "The device ID which is an UUIDv4 string; used for 
   | backward compatibility with Spec A definition of /oic/res"
   | },
   | "rts": {
   | "$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core/properties/rt",
   | "description": "Defines the list of allowable resource types (for 
   | Target and anchors) in links included in the collection; new links being created can only be from 
   | this list"
   | }
   | }
"type": "string",
"description": "When specified this is the default relationship to use when an OIC Link does not specify an explicit relationship with *rel* parameter",
"links": {
  "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
}

"allOf": [
  {"$ref": "oic.core-schema.json#/definitions/oic.core"},
  {"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection"

}

responses:
  200:
    body:
      application/json:
        schema: |

        { "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
          "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
          "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.collection-schema.json#",
          "title": "Collection",
          "definitions": {
            "oic.collection.setoflinks": {
              "description": "A set (array) of simple or individual OIC Links. In addition to properties required for an OIC Link, the identifier for that link in this set is also required",
              "type": "array",
              "items": {
                "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
              }
            },
            "oic.collection.alllinks": {
              "description": "All forms of links in a collection",
              "oneOf": [
                {"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.setoflinks"
              }
            },
            "oic.collection": {
              "type": "object",
              "description": "A collection is a set (array) of tagged-link or set (array) of simple links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
              "properties": {
                "n": {
                  "type": "string",
                  "description": "User friendly name of the collection"
                },
                "id": {
                  "anyOf": [
                    {"type": "integer",
                      "description": "A number that is unique to that collection; like an ordinal number that is not repeated"
                    },
                    {"type": "string",
                      "description": "A unique string that could be a hash or similarly unique"
                    }
                  ]
                }
              }
            }
          }
        }
E.2.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Resource Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Unique identifier for device (UUID)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buri</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Specifies the framework</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### E.2.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### E.2.7 Referenced JSON schemas

#### E.2.8 oic.oic-link-schema.json

```json
{
    "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.oic-link-schema.json#",
    "definitions": {
        "oic.oic-link": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
                "href": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "maxLength": 256,
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

### Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Constraints</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique.",
"format": "uri",
"rel": {
"oneOf": [
{
"type": "array",
"items": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64
}
},
"minItems": 1,
"default": ["hosts"]
},
{
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64,
"default": "hosts"
}
],
"description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
"rt": {
"type": "array",
"items": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64
}
},
"minItems": 1,
"description": "Resource Type",
"if": {
"type": "array",
"items": {
"type": "string",
"enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s"]
}
},
"minItems": 1,
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"di": {
"$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
"description": "Unique identifier for device (UUID)"
},
"buri": {
"type": "string",
"description": "The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI",
"maxLength": 256,
"format": "uri"
},
"p": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
"bm": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
"type": "integer"
},
"sec": {
"description": "Specifies if security needs to be turned on when looking to interact with the Resource",
"default": false,
"type": "boolean"
}
},
"port": {
"description": "Secure port to be used for connection",
"type": "integer"
]},
"required": ["bm"]},
"title": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64,
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context"
},
"anchor": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 256,
"format": "uri",
"description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection",
"format": "uri"},
"ins": {
"oneOf": [

  { "type": "integer",
    "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context"
  },

  { "type": "string",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "format": "uri",
    "description": "Any unique string including a URI"
  },

  { "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
    "description": "Unique identifier (UUID)"
  }
],
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections"
],
"type": {
"type": "array",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting",
"items": {
  "type": "string",
  "maxLength": 64
},
"minItems": 1,
"default": "application/cbor"
},
"required": ["href", "rt", "if"]
},
"type": "object",
"allOf": [
{ "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.oic-link" }
]}

E.3 Collection, link list interface

E.3.1 Introduction

OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.ll interface exposes a representation of the links
### E.3.2 Example URI
/CollectionLinkListInterfaceURI

### E.3.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: `oic.wk.col`.

### E.3.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8

title: Collections
version: 1.0

traits:
- interface-ll:
  
    queryParameters:
      
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.ll"]

- interface-b:
  
    queryParameters:
      
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.b"]

- interface-baseline:
  
    queryParameters:
      
      if:
        enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]

/CollectionLinkListInterfaceURI:

  description: |

    OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links.
    
    The oic.if.ll interface exposes a representation of the links

  is: ['interface-ll']

get:

  description: |

    Retrieve on Link List Interface

  responses:

  200:

    body: application/json:

      schema: |

      
        "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-v4/schema#",
        "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
        "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apia/core/schemas/oic.collection.linkslist-schema.json#",
        "definitions": |

          "oic.collection.alllinks": |

            "$ref": "oic.collection.schema.json#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"

      "type": "object",
      "properties": |

        "links": |

          "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.collection.alllinks"
```
```
    example:
    
    {  
        "links":  
            [  
                {  
                    "href": "switch",  
                    "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],  
                    "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"]  
                },  
                {  
                    "href": "airFlow",  
                    "rt": ["oic.r.airflow"],  
                    "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"]  
                }  
            ]
    }
```

### E.3.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Resource Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Unique identifier for device (UUID)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buri</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
E.3.6  CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/CollectionLinkListInterfaceURI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E.3.7  Referenced JSON schemas

E.3.8  oic.oic-link-schema.json

```json
{
    "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
    "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.(',
    "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.oic-link-schema.json#",
    "definitions": {
        "oic.oic-link": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
                "href": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "maxLength": 256,
                    "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique."
                },
                "rel": [
                    "hosts"
                ],
                "oneOf": [{
                    "type": "array",
                    "items": {
                        "type": "string",
                        "maxLength": 64
                    },
                    "minItems": 1,
                    "default": ["hosts"]
                },
                {"type": "string",
                    "maxLength": 64,
                    "default": "hosts"
                }
            ]
        }
    }
}
```
"description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI"
},
"rt": {
"type": "array",
"items": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64
},
"minItems": 1,
"description": "Resource Type"
},
"if": {
"type": "array",
"items": {
"type": "string",
"enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a", "oic.if.s"]
},
"minItems": 1,
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource"
},
"di": {
"$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
"description": "Unique identifier for device (UUID)"
},
"buri": {
"type": "string",
"description": "The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI",
"maxLength": 256,
"format": "uri"
},
"p": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
"bm": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
"type": "integer"
},
"sec": {
"description": "Specifies if security needs to be turned on when looking to interact with the Resource",
"default": false,
"type": "boolean"
},
"port": {
"description": "Secure port to be used for connection",
"type": "integer"
}
},
"required": ["bm"]
},
"title": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 64,
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context"
},
"anchor": {
"type": "string",
"maxLength": 256,
"description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection",
"format": "uri"
},
"ins": {
E.4 Discoverable Resources, baseline interface

E.4.1 Introduction

Baseline representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

E.4.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/res

E.4.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.res.

E.4.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8
title: Discoverable Resources
version: v1-20160622

traits:
  - interface-ll:
      queryParameters:
        if:
          enum: ["oic.if.ll"]
  - interface-baseline:
      queryParameters:
```
if:
    enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]

/oic-res-baseline-URI:

description: |
Baseline representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

is: ['interface-baseline']

get:

description: |
Retrieve the discoverable resource set, baseline interface
esponses:

200:

body:
application/json:

    schema: |

        { "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-v4/schema#",
        "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights
        reserved.",
        "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.res-
        schema.json#",
        "definitions": {
            "oic.res-baseline": {
                "type": "object",
                "properties": {
                    "rt": {
                        "type": "array",
                        "items": {
                            "type": "string",
                            "maxLength": 64
                        },
                        "minItems": 1,
                        "readOnly": true,
                        "description": "Resource Type"
                    },
                    "if": {
                        "type": "array",
                        "items": {
                            "type": "string",
                            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll"]
                        },
                        "minItems": 1,
                        "readOnly": true,
                        "description": "The interface set supported by this resource"
                    },
                    "n": {
                        "type": "string",
                        "maxLength": 64,
                        "readOnly": true,
                        "description": "Human friendly name"
                    },
                    "di": {
                        "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
                        "readOnly": true,
                        "description": "Unique identifier for device (UUID) as indicated by the
                        /oic/d resource of the device"
                    },
                    "mpro": {
                        "readOnly": true,
                        "description": "Supported messaging protocols",
                        "type": "string",
                        "maxLength": 64
                    }
                }
            }
        }
"links": {
  "type": "array",
  "items": {
    "$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
  }
},
"required": ["rt", "if", "di", "links"]
},
"description": "The list of resources expressed as OIC links",
"type": "array",
"items": {
  "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.res-baseline"
}
}
example: |
[
  {
    "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
    "if": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll" ],
    "di": "0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD61ADC1",
    "links": [
      {
        "href": "/humidity",
        "rt": ["oic.r.humidity"],
        "if": ["oic.if.s"]
      },
      {
        "href": "/temperature",
        "rt": ["oic.r.temperature"],
        "if": ["oic.if.s"]
      }
    ]
  }
]

E.4.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Resource Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Unique identifier for device (UUID) as indicated by the /oic/d resource of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mpro</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Supported messaging protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Human friendly name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E.4.6 CRUDN behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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E.5 Discoverable Resources, link list interface

E.5.1 Introduction
Link list representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources

E.5.2 Wellknown URI
/oic/res

E.5.3 Resource Type
The resource type (rt) is defined as: oic.wk.res.

E.5.4 RAML Definition

```yaml
#%RAML 0.8
title: Discoverable Resources
version: v1-20160622
traits:
  - interface-ll : queryParameters:
    if: enum: ["oic.if.ll"]
  - interface-baseline : queryParameters:
    if: enum: ["oic.if.baseline"]
/oic-res-ll-URI:
  description: |
    Link list representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources
  is: ['interface-ll']
  get:
    description: |
      Retrieve the discoverable resource set, link list interface
    responses:
      200:
        body:
          application/json:
            schema: |
            
```

```yaml
{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-v4/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.wk.res-schema-ll.json#",
  "definitions": {
    "oic.res-ll": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "di": {
          "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
          "readOnly": true,
          "description": "Unique identifier for device (UUID) as indicated by the /oic/d resource of the device"
        },
        "links": {
```


```json
"type": "array",
"items": {
"$ref": "oic.oic-link-schema.json#/definitions/oic.oic-link"
}
},
"required": ["di", "links"]
}

"description": "The list of resources expressed as OIC links with di",
"type": "array",
"items": {
"$ref": "#/definitions/oic.res-ll"
}

}

```

E.5.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Unique identifier for device (UUID) as indicated by the /oic/d resource of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Resource Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Unique identifier for device (UUID)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>buri</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ins</th>
<th>multiple types: see schema</th>
<th>Read Write</th>
<th>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Write</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**E.5.6 CRUDN behavior**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/res</td>
<td></td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
E.5.7 Referenced JSON schemas

E.5.8 oic.oic-link-schema.json

```json
{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#",
  "description": "Copyright (c) 2016 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
  "id": "http://www.openconnectivity.org/ocf-apis/core/schemas/oic.oic-link-schema.json#",
  "definitions": {
    "oic.oic-link": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "href": {
          "type": "string",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI. Relative Reference should be used along with the di parameter to make it unique."
        },
        "rel": {
          "oneOf": [
            {
              "type": "array",
              "items": {
                "type": "string",
                "maxLength": 64
              },
              "minItems": 1,
              "default": ["hosts"]
            },
            {
              "type": "string",
              "maxLength": 64,
              "default": "hosts"
            }
          ],
          "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI"
        },
        "rt": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string",
            "maxLength": 64
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "description": "Resource Type"
        },
        "if": {
          "type": "array",
          "items": {
            "type": "string",
            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.s", "oic.if.s"]
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "description": "The interface set supported by this resource"
        },
        "di": {
          "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
          "description": "Unique identifier for device (UUID)"
        },
        "buri": {
          "type": "string",
          "description": "The base URI used to fully qualify a Relative Reference in the href parameter. Use the OCF Schema for URI",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "format": "uri"
        },
        "p": {
          "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target"}
```
URI",
   "type": "object",
   "properties": {
      "bm": {
         "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
                     target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
         "type": "integer"
      },
      "sec": {
         "description": "Specifies if security needs to be turned on when looking to interact
                     with the Resource",
         "default": false,
         "type": "boolean"
      },
      "port": {
         "description": "Secure port to be used for connection",
         "type": "integer"
      }
   },
   "required": ["bm"]},
   "title": {
      "type": "string",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a
                   context"
   },
   "anchor": {
      "type": "string",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the
                   containing collection",
      "format": "uri"
   },
   "ins": {
      "oneOf": [
         {
            "type": "integer",
            "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
                         collection context"
         },
         {
            "type": "string",
            "maxLength": 256,
            "format": "uri",
            "description": "Any unique string including a URI"
         },
         {
            "$ref": "oic.types-schema.json#/definitions/uuid",
            "description": "Unique identifier (UUID)"
         }
      ],
      "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used
                   in collections"
   },
   "type": {
      "type": "array",
      "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target
                   URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting",
      "items": {
         "type": "string",
         "maxLength": 64
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "default": "application/cbor"
   },
   "required": ["href", "rt", "if" ]
},
   "type": "object"
"allOf": [
    { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.oic-link" }
]
Annex F
(informative)

Swagger2.0 definitions

F.1 Icon

F.1.1 Introduction

This resource describes the attributes associated with an Icon.
Retrieves the current icon properties.

F.1.2 Example URI

/iconResURI

F.1.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.r.icon'].

F.1.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
    "swagger": "2.0",
    "info": {
        "title": "Icon",
        "version": "v1.1.0-20161107",
        "license": {
            "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and
the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above
copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or
other materials provided with the distribution.

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EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS
OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION)
HOWEVER CAUSED AND
ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR
OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY
OF SUCH DAMAGE."
}
```

"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],

"paths": {
"/IconResURI": {
"get": {
"description": "This resource describes the attributes associated with an Icon.
Retrieves the current icon properties.",
"parameters": [
{"$ref": "#/parameters/interface"}
],
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": ",",
"x-example":
{
"rt": ["oic.r.icon"],
"id": "unique_example_id",
"mimetype": "image/png",
"width": 256,
"height": 256,
"media": 
```
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Icon" }
"parameters": {
   "interface": {
   "in": "query",
   "name": "if",
   "type": "string",
   "enum": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]
   }
},
"definitions": {
   "Icon": {
   "properties": {
   "height": {
   "description": "The height in pixels",
   "minimum": 1,
   "readOnly": true,
   "type": "integer"
   },
   "media": {
   "description": "Specifies the URI to the icon",
   "format": "uri",
   "maxLength": 256,
   "readOnly": true,
   "type": "string"
   },
   "mimetype": {
   "description": "The Media Type of the icon",
   "maxLength": 64,
   "readOnly": true,
   "type": "string"
   },
   "width": {
   "description": "The width in pixels",
   "minimum": 1,
   "readOnly": true,
   "type": "integer"
   }
   },
   "required": ["mimetype", "width", "height", "media"
   ]
   }
}

F.1.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>media</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Specifies the URI to the icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>width</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The width in pixels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mimetype</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The Media Type of the icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>height</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The height in pixels</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F.1.6 CRUD behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/IconResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.2 Introspection Resource

F.2.1 Introduction

This resource provides the means to get the device introspection data specifying all the endpoints of the device. The url hosted by this resource is either a local or an external url.

F.2.2 Wellknown URI

/introspectionResURI

F.2.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ["oic.wk.introspection"].

F.2.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Introspection Resource",
    "version": "v1.0.0-20160707",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

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    }
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/IntrospectionResURI": {
      "get": {
        "description": "This resource provides the means to get the device introspection data specifying all the endpoints of the device. The url hosted by this resource is either a local or an external url.

        "parameters": [
          {"$ref": "/parameters/interface"}
        ],
        "responses": {
          "200": {
            "description": ",
            "x-example": {
              "rt": ["oic.wk.introspection"],
              "urlInfo": {
                "content-type": "application/cbor",
                "protocol": "coap"
              }
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```
"url" : "coap://[fe80::1]:1234/IntrospectionExampleURI"

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/oic.wk.introspectionInfo" }

"parameters": {
  "interface": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"
  }

"definitions": {
  "oic.wk.introspectionInfo": {
    "properties": {
      "urlInfo": {
        "description": "Information on the location of the introspection data.",
        "items": {
          "properties": {
            "content-type": { "default": "application/cbor",
              "description": "content-type of the introspection data",
              "enum": ["application/json", "application/cbor"
            },
            "protocol": {
              "description": "Identifier for the protocol to be used to obtain the introspection information",
              "enum": ["coap", "coaps", "http", "https", "coap+tcp", "coaps+tcp"
            },
            "type": "string"
          },
          "protocol": { 
            "description": "The URL of the introspection information.",
            "format": "url",
            "type": "string"
          }, 
          "version": { 
            "default": 1,
            "description": "The version of the introspection data that can be downloaded",
            "enum": [1]
          },
          "type": "integer"
        }
      },
      "url": { 
        "description": "The URL of the introspection information.",
        "format": "url",
        "type": "string"
      }, 
      "version": { 
        "default": 1,
        "description": "The version of the introspection data that can be downloaded",
        "enum": [1]
      },
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [ 
    "url",
    "protocol"
  ],
  "type": "object"
},
"minItems": 1,
"readOnly": true,
F.2.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>urlInfo</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Information on the location of the introspection data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.2.6 CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/IntrospectionResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.3 OCF Collection

F.3.1 Introduction

OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of the links and the properties of the collection resource itself. Retrieve on Baseline Interface

F.3.2 Example URI

/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI

F.3.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.col'].

F.3.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
"swagger": "2.0",
"info": {
"title": "OCF Collection",
"version": "1.0",
"license": {
"name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved."
},
"x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

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}
}
```
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
  "/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI": {
    "get": {
      "description": "OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a representation of the links and the properties of the collection resource itself. Retrieve on Baseline Interface."
    },
    "parameters": [ { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-baseline" } ]
  },
  "responses": {
    "200": {
      "description": "",
      "x-example": {
        "rt": ["oic.wk.col"],
        "id": "unique_example_id",
        "rts": ["oic.r.switch.binary", "oic.r.airflow"],
        "links": [ {
          "href": "switch",
          "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
          "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
          "eps": [ {
            "ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
            {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
            {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3} ]
        },
        { "href": "airFlow",
          "rt": ["oic.r.airflow"],
          "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
          "eps": [ {
            "ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
            {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
            {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3} ]
        } ]
      },
    },
    "post": {
      "description": "Update on Baseline Interface",
      "parameters": [ { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-baseline" } ],
      "name": "body",
      "in": "body",
      "required": true,
      "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/sbaseline" } ]
  },
  ".responses": {
    "200": {
      "description": "",
      "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/sbaseline" } ]
  }
},
"/CollectionBatchInterfaceURI": {
  "get": {
    "description": "OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.baseline interface exposes a composite representation of the resources pointed to by the links. Retrieve on Baseline Interface."
"parameters": [
    {
"$ref": "#/parameters/interface-b"
    },
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": "All targets returned OK status (HTTP 200 or CoAP 2.05 Content)",
"x-example":
    [
        {
"href": "switch",
"rep": {
            "value": true
        }
    },
    {
"href": "airFlow",
"rep": {
            "direction": "floor",
            "speed": 3
        }
    }
],
"404": {
"description": "One or more targets did not return an OK status, return a representation containing returned properties from the targets that returned OK",
"x-example":
    [
        {
"href": "switch",
"rep": {
            "value": true
        }
    },
"post": {
"description": "Update on Batch Interface",
"parameters": [
    {
"$ref": "#/parameters/interface-b"
    },
    {
"name": "body",
"in": "body",
"required": true,
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/sbatch-update" },
"x-example": {
        {"href": "switch",
"rep": {
            "value": true
        }
    },
        {"href": "airFlow",
"rep": {
            "direction": "floor",
            "speed": 3
        }
    }
"responses": {
  "200": {
    "description": "all targets returned OK status (HTTP 200 or CoAP 2.04 Changed)
    return a representation of the current state of all targets",
    "x-example": [ 
      { "href": "switch",
        "rep": { "value": true }
      },
      { "href": "airFlow",
        "rep": { 
          "direction": "demist",
          "speed": 5
        }
      }
    ],
    "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/sbatch-retrieve" }
  },
  "403": { 
    "description": "one or more targets did not return OK status; return a retrieve 
    representation of the current state of all targets in the batch",
    "x-example": [ 
      { "href": "switch",
        "rep": { "value": true }
      },
      { "href": "airFlow",
        "rep": { 
          "direction": "floor",
          "speed": 3
        }
      }
    ],
    "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/sbatch-retrieve" }
  }
}
"/CollectionLinkListInterfaceURI": {
  "get": { 
    "description": "OCF Collection Resource Type contains properties and links. The oic.if.ll
    interface exposes a representation of the links\nRetrieval on Link List Interface",
    "parameters": [ 
      { "$ref": "#/parameters/interface-ll"}
    ],
    "responses": { 
      "200": { 
        "description": "",
        "x-example": [ 
          { "href": "switch",
            "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
"if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
"eps": [
  ["ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2],
  ["ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"],
  ["ep": "coap-tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
],
"href": "airFlow",
"rt": ["oic.r.airflow"],
"if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
"eps": [
  ["ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2],
  ["ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"],
  ["ep": "coap-tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
]
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/slinks" }
}
"parameters": {
  "interface-ll": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.ll"]
  },
  "interface-b": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.b"]
  },
  "interface-baseline": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.baseline"]
  },
  "interface-all": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.b"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "sbaseline": {
    "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
    "items": {
      "properties": {
        "anchor": {
          "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the
            containing collection.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
  "ep": {
    "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
    "format": "uri",
    "type": "string"
  },
  "pri": {
    "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
    "minimum": 1,
    "type": "integer"
  }
},
"type": "object"
},
"href": {
  "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference
or fully-qualified URI.",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "enum": [
      "oic.if.baseline",
      "oic.if.ll",
      "oic.if.b",
      "oic.if.rw",
      "oic.if.r",
      "oic.if.a",
      "oic.if.s"
    ],
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links -
used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    {
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    {
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^\{[a-fA-F0-9]{8}\}\{[a-fA-F0-9]{4}\}\{[a-fA-F0-9]{4}\}\{[a-fA-F0-9]{4}\}\{[a-fA-F0-9]{12}\}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "type": "object"
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by
the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable,
   "type": "integer"
   },
   "required": [ "bm"
   ],
   "type": "object"
   },
   "rel": {
   "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
   "oneOf": [ {
      "default": [ "hosts"
      ],
      "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
      },
      {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
      }
   ]
   },
   "rt": {
   "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
   "items": {
   "maxLength": 64,
   "type": "string"
   },
   "minItems": 1,
   "type": "array"
   },
   "tag-locn": {
   "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
   "enum": [ "attic",
   "balcony",
   "ballroom",
   "bathroom",
   "bedroom",
   "border",
   "boxroom",
   "cellar",
   "cloakroom",
   "conservatory",
   "corridor",
   "deck",
   "den",
   "diningroom",
   "drawingroom",
   "driveway",
   "dungeon",
   "ensuite",
   "entrance",
   "familyroom",
   "garage",
   "garden",
   "guestroom",
   "hall",
   "kitchen",
   "lair",
   "ladder",
   "lawn",
   "library",...
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"man cave",
"master bedroom",
"music room",
"office",
"pantry",
"parking lot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"reception room",
"roof",
"roof terrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sitting room",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimming pool",
"toilet",
"utility room",
"ward",
"vegetable plot",
"terrace"
}
]}
"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "enum": [
        "top",
        "bottom",
        "left",
        "right",
        "centre",
        "topleft",
        "bottomleft",
        "centreleft",
        "centreright",
        "bottomright",
        "topright"
      ]
    },
    {
      "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point."
    },
    {
      "items": {
        "type": "number"
      },
      "maxItems": 3,
      "minItems": 3,
      "readOnly": true,
      "type": "array"
    }
  ]
},
"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context."
},
"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting."
},
"items": {
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
}
}
`sbatch-retrieve`:

```
{
  "items": {
    "additionalProperties": true,
    "properties": {
      "href": {
        "description": "URI of the target resource relative assuming the collection URI as anchor",
        "format": "uri",
        "maxLength": 256,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "rep": {
        "oneOf": [
          {
            "description": "The response payload from a single resource",
            "type": "object"
          },
          {
            "description": "The response payload from a collection (batch) resource",
            "type": "array"
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}
```

`sbatch-update`:

```
"description": "array of resource representations to apply to the batch collection, using href to indicate which resource(s) in the batch to update. If the href property is empty, effectively making the URI reference to the collection itself, the representation is to be applied to all resources in the batch",
"items": {
  "additionalProperties": true,
  "properties": {
    "href": {
      "description": "URI of the target resource relative assuming the collection URI as anchor",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "rep": {
      "oneOf": [
        {
          "description": "The response payload from a single resource",
          "type": "object"
        },
        {
          "description": "The response payload from a collection (batch) resource",
          "type": "array"
        }
      ]
    }
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}
```
"description": "The response payload from a single resource",
"type": "object"
},

{"description": "The response payload from a collection (batch) resource",
"type": "array"
]
}

"required": [
  "href",
  "rep"
]
"type": "object"
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
}

"slinks": {
"description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
"oneOf": [
  {
"description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
"items": {
  "properties": {
    "anchor": {
      "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of
      the containing collection.",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "di": {
      "description": "The device ID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "eps": {
      "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "ep": {
            "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
            "format": "uri",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "pri": {
            "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
            "minimum": 1,
            "type": "integer"
          }
        },
        "type": "object"
      },
      "type": "array"
    }
  },
  "href": {
    "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative
    Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
    "format": "uri",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "type": "string"
  }
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "type": "object"
  },
  "type": "array"
}
"enum": [8584
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
];
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneOf": [
{
"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
"type": "integer"
},
{
"description": "A unique string",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
{
"description": "A UUID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
}
],
"p": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
"properties": {
"bm": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
"type": "integer"
}
},
"required": [8693
"bm"
],
"type": "object"
},
"rel": {
"description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
"oneOf": [
{
"default": [8693
"hosts"
],
"items": {
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
{
"default": "hosts",
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
}];
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "famlyroom",
    "garage",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "larder",
    "lawn",
    "library",
    "livingroom",
    "lounge",
    "mancave",
    "masterbedroom",
    "musicroom",
    "office",
    "pantry",
    "parkinglot",
    "parlour",
    "patio",
    "receptionroom",
    "roof",
    "roofterrace",
    "sauna",
    "shed",
    "sittingroom",
    "snug",
    "spa",
    "studio",
    "suite",
    "swimmingpool",
    "toilet",
    "utilityroom",
    "yard",
    "vegetableplot",
    "terrace"
  ]
}
F.3.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| href          | string     | yes       |             | URI of the target resource relative assuming the
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rep</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td>collection URI as anchor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>URI of the target resource relative assuming the collection URI as anchor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rep</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>The device ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td>Location of the Resource or Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>the Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RT</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iF</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Resource Type of the Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### F.3.6 CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/CollectionBaselineInterfaceURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### F.4 Platform Configuration

#### F.4.1 Introduction

Resource that allows for platform specific information to be configured. Retrieves the current platform configuration settings.

#### F.4.2 Example URI

/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI

#### F.4.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.con.p'].

#### F.4.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
    "swagger": "2.0",
    "info": {
        "title": "Platform Configuration",
        "version": "v1-20160622",
        "license": {
            "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without"
        }
    }
}
```

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"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
"/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI": {
"get": {
"description": "Resource that allows for platform specific information to be configured. Retrieves the current platform configuration settings",
"parameters": [
{"$ref": "/parameters/interface-all"}
],
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": "",
"x-example": {
"rt": ["oic.wk.con.p"],
"mnpn": [ { "language": "en", "value": "My Friendly Device Name" } ]
}
}
},
"post": {
"description": "Update the information about the platform",
"parameters": [
{"$ref": "/parameters/interface-rw"},
{
"name": "body",
"in": "body",
"required": true,
"schema": { "$ref": "/definitions/Update_Platform" },
"x-example": {
"n": "Nuevo nombre",
"mnpn": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo nombre de Plataforma Amigable" } ]
}
}
],
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": "",
"x-example": {
"n": "Nuevo nombre",
"mnpn": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo nombre de Plataforma Amigable" } ]
}
}
}
}
"Conf_Platform": {
  "properties": {
    "mnpn": {
      "description": "Platform names",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "language": {
            "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag.",
            "pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}(-[A-Za-z0-9]+){0,8}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "value": {
            "description": "The Platform description in the indicated language.",
            "maxLength": 64,
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "type": "object"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    }
  },
  "type": "object"
},
"Update_Platform": {
  "properties": {
    "mnpn": {
      "description": "Platform names",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "language": {
            "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag.",
            "pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}(-[A-Za-z0-9]+){0,8}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "value": {
            "description": "The Platform description in the indicated language.",
            "maxLength": 64,
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "type": "object"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    "required": ["mnpn"],
    "type": "object"
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "F.4.5 Property Definition"
}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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F.4.6 CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/example/PlatformConfigurationResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.5 Device Configuration

F.5.1 Introduction

Resource that allows for Device specific information to be configured. Retrieves the current Device configuration settings

F.5.2 Example URI

/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI

F.5.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.con'].

F.5.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
(swagger": "2.0",
"info": {
"title": "Device Configuration",
"version": "v1-20160622",
"license": {
"name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
"x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:\n1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.\n2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.\nTHIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. \"AS IS\" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR WARRANTIES OF NONINFRINGEMENT, ARE DISCLAIMED.\nIN NO EVENT SHALL THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION)\nHURRIEDLY CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.\n"
},
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
"/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI" : {
"get": {
"description": "Resource that allows for Device specific information to be configured.\nRetrieves the current Device configuration settings\n",
"parameters": [
("$ref": "/parameters/interface-all")
],
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": "",
"x-example": {
"n": "My Friendly Device Name",
"rt": ["oic.wk.con"]
}
},
```
"post": { "description": "Update the information about the Device\n", "parameters": [ { "$ref": "/parameters/interface-rw" }, { "name": "body", "in": "body", "required": true, "schema": { "$ref": "/definitions/Update" }, "x-example": { "n": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso", "c": "MyNewRegion", "ln": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso" } ], "dl": "es" } ], "responses": { "200": { "description": ", "x-example": { "n": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso", "c": "MyNewRegion", "ln": [ { "language": "es", "value": "Nuevo Nombre Amistoso" } ], "dl": "es" } }, "schema": { "$ref": "/definitions/Update" } } } }, "parameters": { "interface-rw": { "in": "query", "name": "if", "type": "string", "enum": [ "oic.if.rw" ] }, "interface-all": { "in": "query", "name": "if", "type": "string", "enum": [ "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.baseline" ] } }, "definitions": { "Configuration": { "properties": { "c": { "description": "Currency", "maxLength": 64, "type": "string" }, "dl": { "description": "Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag." }, "ln": { "description": "Location Name", "type": "string" } } } } },
"pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}(-[A-Za-z0-9]{1,8})*$",
  "type": "string"
},

"ln": {
  "description": "Localized names",
  "items": {
    "properties": {
      "language": {
        "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
      },
      "pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}(-[A-Za-z0-9]{1,8})*$",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "value": {
      "description": "The Device name in the indicated language."
    }
  }
},

"loc": {
  "description": "Location information (lat, long)"
},

"locn": {
  "description": "Human friendly name for location",
  "MaxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},

"r": {
  "description": "Region",
  "MaxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
}]

"required": [
  "n"
]

"type": "object"

"Update": {
  "properties": {
    "c": {
      "description": "Currency",
      "MaxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "dl": {
      "description": "Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag."
    },
    "ln": {
      "description": "Localized names",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "language": {
            "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag."
          },
          "pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}(-[A-Za-z0-9]{1,8})*$",
          "type": "string"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
F.5.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>locn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Human Friendly Name for location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dl</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loc</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Location information (lat, long)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Region</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ln</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Localized names</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>locn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Human Friendly Name for location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dl</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Default Language as an RFC 5646 language tag.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F.5.6  CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/example/DeviceConfigurationResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.6  Device

F.6.1  Introduction

Known resource that is hosted by every Server. Allows for logical device specific information to be discovered. Retrieve the information about the Device.

F.6.2  Wellknown URI

/oic/d

F.6.3  Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.d'].

F.6.4  Swagger2.0 Definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Device",
    "version": "v1-20160622",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
1.
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the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above
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OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION)
HOWEVER CAUSED AND
ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR
OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY
OF SUCH DAMAGE.
"}
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/oic/d": {
      "get": {
        "description": "Known resource that is hosted by every Server. Allows for logical device
specific information to be discovered. Retrieve the information about the Device",
        "parameters": ["$ref": "/parameters/interface"]
      }"}}}
"responses": {
  "200": {
    "description": "",
    "x-example": {
      "n": "Device 1",
      "rt": ["oic.wk.d"],
      "di": "54915C5A-4101-4AE4-595B-353C51AA983C",
      "icv": "ocf.1.0.0",
      "dmv": "ocf.res.1.0.0, ocf.sh.1.0.0",
      "piid": "6F0AAC04-2BB0-468D-B57C-16570A26AE48"
    }
  },
  "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Device" }
},
"parameters": {
  "interface": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "Device": {
    "properties": {
      "di": {
        "description": "Unique identifier for device",
        "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
        "readOnly": true,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "dmn": {
        "description": "Manufacturer Name.",
        "items": {
          "properties": {
            "language": {
              "description": "An RFC 5646 language tag.",
              "pattern": "^[A-Za-z]{1,8}([-A-Za-z]{0,9}[1,8])*$",
              "readOnly": true,
              "type": "string"
            },
            "value": {
              "description": "Manufacturer name in the indicated language.",
              "maxLength": 64,
              "readOnly": true,
              "type": "string"
            }",
            "type": "object"
          }
        },
        "minItems": 1,
        "readOnly": true,
        "type": "array"
      },
      "dmno": {
        "description": "Model number as designated by manufacturer.",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "readOnly": true,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "dmv": {
        "description": "Spec versions of the Resource and Device Specifications to which this device data model is implemented",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "readOnly": true,
        "type": "string"
      }
    }
  }
}
F.6.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ld</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>no</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Localized Descriptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The version of the OIC Server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**F.6.6 CRUDN behaviour**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>sv</th>
<th>string</th>
<th>Read Only</th>
<th>Software version.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>piid</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmno</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dmn</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.7 Maintenance**

**F.7.1 Introduction**

The resource through which a Device is maintained and can be used for diagnostic purposes.

fr (Factory Reset) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Factory Reset.

After factory reset, this value shall be changed back to the default value.

rb (Reboot) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Reboot.

After Reboot, this value shall be changed back to the default value.

Retrieve the maintenance action status.

**F.7.2 Wellknown URI**

/oic/mnt

**F.7.3 Resource Type**

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.mnt'].

**F.7.4 Swagger2.0 Definition**

```json
{"swagger": "2.0",
 "info": {
 "title": "Maintenance",
 "version": "v1-20160622",
 "license": {
 "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
 "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

 THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. \"AS IS\" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
```
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],

"paths": {
  "/oic/mnt" : {
    "get": {
      "description": "The resource through which a Device is maintained and can be used for diagnostic purposes. fr (Factory Reset) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Factory Reset. After factory reset, this value shall be changed back to the default value. rb (Reboot) is a boolean. The value 0 means No action (Default), the value 1 means Start Reboot. After Reboot, this value shall be changed back to the default value. Retrieve the maintenance action status",
      "parameters": [
        {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface-all"}
      ],
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description": "",
          "x-example": {
            "rt": ["oic.wk.mnt"],
            "fr": false,
            "rb": false
          }
        }
      }
    },

    "post": {
      "description": "Set the maintenance action(s)",
      "parameters": {
        {"$ref": "#/parameters/interface-rw"},
        {"name": "body", "in": "body", "required": true, "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/MNT" }, "x-example": {
          "fr": false,
          "rb": false
        }
      },
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description": "",
          "x-example": {
            "fr": false,
            "rb": false
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
},

"parameters": { }
"interface-rw": {
  "in": "query",
  "name": "if",
  "type": "string",
  "enum": ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.baseline"]
},

"interface-all": {
  "in": "query",
  "name": "if",
  "type": "string",
  "enum": ["oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]
}

"definitions": {
  "MNT": {
    "anyOf": [
      { "required": ["fr"] },
      { "required": ["rb"] }
    ],
    "properties": {
      "fr": {
        "description": "Factory Reset",
        "type": "boolean"
      },
      "rb": {
        "description": "Reboot Action",
        "type": "boolean"
      }
    },
    "type": "object"
  }
}

F.7.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rb</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Reboot Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fr</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Factory Reset</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.7.6  CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/mnt</td>
<td></td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.8  Platform

F.8.1  Introduction

Known resource that is defines the platform on which an Server is hosted. Allows for platform specific information to be discovered. Retrieve the information about the Platform

F.8.2  Wellknown URI

/oic/p
F.8.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.p'].

F.8.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Platform",
    "version": "v1-20160622",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

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    }
  },
  "schemes": ["http"],
  "consumes": ["application/json"],
  "produces": ["application/json"],
  "paths": {
    "/oic/p" : {
      "get": {
        "description": "Known resource that is defines the platform on which an Server is hosted.

Allows for platform specific information to be discovered.

Retrieve the information about the Platform",
        "parameters": [
          {
            "$ref": "#/parameters/interface"}
        ],
        "responses": {
          "200": {
            "description": "",
            "x-example": {
              "pi": "54919CA5-4101-4AE4-595B-353C51AA983C",
              "rt": ["oic.wk.p"],
              "mnmn": "Acme, Inc"
            }
          },
          "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/Platform" }
        }
      }
    },
    "parameters": {
      "interface": {
        "in": "query",
        "name": "if",
        "type": "string",
        "enum": ["oic.if.r", "oic.if.baseline"]
      }
    },
    "definitions": {
      "Platform": {
        "properties": {
          "mnst": { "description": "Manufacturing Date in ISO8601 format." },
```
"pattern": "^([0-9]{4})-(1[0-2]|0[1-9])-(3[0-1]|2[0-9]|1[0-9]|0[1-9])$",
"readOnly": true,
"type": "string"
},
"mnfv": {
  "description": "Manufacturer's firmware version",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnhw": {
  "description": "Platform Hardware Version",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnml": {
  "description": "Manufacturer's URL",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnmn": {
  "description": "Manufacturer Name",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mmno": {
  "description": "Model number as designated by the manufacturer",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnos": {
  "description": "Platform Resident OS Version",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnpv": {
  "description": "Platform Version",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"mnsl": {
  "description": "Manufacturer's Support Information URL",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"pi": {
  "description": "Platform Identifier",
  "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "string"
},
"st": {
  "description": "Reference time for the device in ISO8601 format."
},
"vid": {
  "description": "Manufacturer's defined information for the platform. The content is freeform, with population rules up to the manufacturer",
  "maxLength": 64,
F.8.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mnfv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's firmware version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnmn</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vid</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's defined information for the platform. The content is freeform, with population rules up to the manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnsi</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturer's Support Information URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mndt</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Manufacturing Date in ISO8601 format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>st</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Reference time for the device in ISO8601 format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnnv</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnhw</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Hardware Version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pi</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnos</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Platform Resident OS Version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mnmo</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Model number as designated by the manufacturer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.8.6 CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic/p</td>
<td></td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F.9 Resource directory resource

F.9.1 Introduction

Resource to be exposed by any Device that can act as a Resource Directory.

1) Provides selector criteria (e.g., integer) with GET request
2) Publish or Update a Link in /oic/res with POST request
3) Delete a Link in /oic/res with DELETE request

Get the attributes of the Resource Directory for selection purposes.

F.9.2 Wellknown URI

/oic/rd

F.9.3 Resource Type

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.rd'].

F.9.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
"swagger": "2.0",
"info": {
"title": "Resource directory resource",
"version": "v1-20160622",
"license": {
"name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
"x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and
the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above
copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or
other materials provided with the distribution.
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LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR
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EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS
OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION)
HOWEVER CAUSED AND
ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR
OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY
OF SUCH DAMAGE."
},
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
"/oic/rd": {
"get": {
"description": "Resource to be exposed by any Device that can act as a Resource
Directory.
1) Provides selector criteria (e.g., integer) with GET request
2) Publish or Update a
Link in /oic/res with POST request
3) Delete a Link in /oic/res with DELETE request
Get the
" parameters": [ {"$ref": "/#/parameters/rdgetinterface"} ],
"responses": { "200": { "description": "Respond with the selector criteria - either the set of attributes or
the bias factor"
},
"x-example": { "rt": ["oic.wk.rd"],
"if": ["oic.if.baseline"],
"sel": 50
}
},
"schema": { "$ref": "/#/definitions/rdSelection" }
}
```
"post": {  
"description": "Publish the resource information for the first time or Update the existing one in /oic/res. Appropriates parts of the information, i.e., Links of the published Resources will be discovered through /oic/res. When a Device first publishes a Link, the request payload to RD may include the Links without "ins" Parameter. Upon granting the request, the RD assigns a unique instance value identifying the Link among all the Links it advertises and sends back the instance value in "ins" Parameter in the Link to the publishing Device. When later the publishing Device updates the existing Link, i.e., changing its Endpoint information, the request payload to RD needs to include the instance value in "ins" Parameter to identify the Link to update."

"parameters": [
  {
    "$ref": "#/parameters/rdpostinterface",
    "name": "body",
    "in": "body",
    "required": true,
    "schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/rdPublish" },
    "x-example": {
      "di": "e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
      "links": [
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
          "href": "/myLightSwitch",
          "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
          "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [
            {
              "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::bf]:1111", "pri": 2},
            {
              "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::bf]:1122"}
          ]
        },
        {
          "anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
          "href": "/myLightBrightness",
          "rt": ["oic.r.brightness"],
          "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
          "p": {"bm": 3},
          "eps": [  
            {
              "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::bf]:1111", "pri": 2},
            {
              "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::bf]:1122"
            }
          ]
        }
      ],
      "ttl": 600
    }
  }
]
"responses": {
  "200": {
    "description": "Respond with the same schema as publish but, when a Link is first published, with the additional "ins" Parameter in the Link. This value is used by the receiver to manage that OCF Link instance."
  }
}
"ins": "11235"

"anchor": "ocf://e61c3e6b-9c54-4b81-8ce5-f9039c1d04d9",
"href": "/myLightBrightness",
"rt": ["oic.r.brightness"],
"if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
"p": {"bm": 3},
"eps": ["ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222"]
}
,"ins": "112358"
},
"ttl": 600
}

"schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/rdPublish" }
}
}

"delete": {
"description": "Delete a particular OIC Link - the link may be a simple link or a link in a tagged set.\n",
"parameters": {
["$ref": "/#parameters/rddelete-di"],
["$ref": "/#parameters/rddelete-ins"]
},
"responses": {
"200": {
"description": "The delete succeeded",
"x-example":
{}
}
}
},

"parameters": {
"rddelete-di" : {
"in": "query",
"name": "di",
"type": "string",
"description": "description"
},
"rddelete-ins" : {
"in": "query",
"name": "ins",
"type": "string",
"description": "description"
},
"rdgetinterface" : {
"in": "query",
"name": "if",
"type": "string",
"enum": ["oic.if.baseline"],
"description": "enumdescription"
},
"rdpostinterface" : {
"in": "query",
"name": "if",
"type": "string",
"enum": ["oic.if.baseline"],
"description": "enumdescription"
}
},

"definitions": {
"rdSelection" :
{
"properties": {
"sel": {
"ins": 

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"description": "A bias factor calculated by the Resource directory",
"maximum": 100,
"minimum": 0,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "integer"
},
"required": [
  "sel"
],
"type": "object"
}
"rdPublish": {
  "description": "Publishes resources as OIC Links into the resource directory",
  "properties": {
    "di": {
      "description": "A UUID that is the identifier for the publishing Device",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "anchor": {
            "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
            "format": "uri",
            "maxLength": 256,
            "type": "string"
          },
          "di": {
            "description": "The device ID",
            "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
            "type": "string"
          },
          "eps": {
            "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
            "items": {
              "properties": {
                "ep": {
                  "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
                  "format": "uri",
                  "type": "string"
                }
              }
            }
          },
          "pri": {
            "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
            "minimum": 1,
            "type": "integer"
          }
        }
      },
      "type": "array"
    }
  },
  "href": {
    "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
    "format": "uri",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "type": "string"
  }
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "enum": [
"type": "integer"
},
"required": ["rdPublish"]}
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.l1",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"},
  "type": "string"
},
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
],
  "ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web
links - used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in
the collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    {
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    {
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
  "p": {
    "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by
the target URI",
    "properties": {
      "bm": {
        "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced
by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
        "type": "integer"
      }
    },
    "required": [
      "bm"
    ],
    "type": "object"
  },
  "rel": {
    "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the
context URI",
    "oneOf": [
      {
        "default": ["hosts"],
        "items": {
          "maxLength": 64,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "minItems": 1,
        "type": "array"
      },
      {
        "default": "hosts",
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      }
    ]
  }
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "familyroom",
    "garage",
    "garden",
    "guestroom",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "ladder",
    "lawn",
    "library",
    "livingroom",
    "lounge",
    "mancave",
    "masterbedroom",
    "musicroom",
    "office",
    "pantry",
    "parkinglot",
    "parlour",
    "patio",
    "receptionroom",
    "roof",
    "roofterrace",
    "sauna",
    "shed",
    "sittingroom",
    "snug",
    "spa",
    "studio",
    "suite",
    "swimmingpool",
    "toilet",
    "utilityroom",
    "ward",
    "vegetableplot",
    "terrace"
  ]
},
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
  { "enum": [ 
    "top", 
    "bottom", 
    "left", 
    "right", 
    "centre", 
    "topleft", 
    "bottomleft", 
    "centrelleft", 
    "centrerright", 
    "bottomright", 
    "topright" 
  ] }
],

"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.",
"items": { 
  "type": "number"
},

"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
]
}

"title": { 
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},

"type": { 
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": [ 
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  ],
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}

"required": [ 
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],

"type": "object"
},

"type": "array"
],

"ttl": { 
  "description": "Time to indicate a RD, i.e. how long to keep this published item.",
  "type": "integer"
}

F.9.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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F.9.6 CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>sel</th>
<th>integer</th>
<th>yes</th>
<th>Read Only</th>
<th>A bias factor calculated by the Resource directory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td>see</td>
<td></td>
<td>A set of simple or individual OIC Links.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ttl</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Time to indicate a RD, i.e. how long to keep this published item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A UUID that is the identifier for the publishing Device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.10 Discoverable Resources

F.10.1 Introduction

Link list representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources
Retrieve the discoverable resource set, link list interface

F.10.2 Wellknown URI
/oic-res-llInterfaceURI

F.10.3 Resource Type

F.10.4 Swagger2.0 Definition

```json
{
    "swagger": "2.0",
    "info": {
        "title": "Discoverable Resources Baseline Interface",
        "version": "v1-20160622",
        "license": {
            "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

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IN NO EVENT SHALL THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE."
        }
    },
    "schemes": ["http"],
    "consumes": ["application/json"],
    "produces": ["application/json"],
    "paths": {
        "/oic-res-BaselineInterfaceURI": {
            "get": {
```
"description": "Baseline representation of /oic/res; list of discoverable resources
Retrieve the discoverable resource set, baseline interface",

"parameters": ["$ref": "/#/parameters/interface-baseline"
],
"responses": {
  "200": {
    "description": ",
    "x-example":
    {
      "rt": ["oic.wk.res"],
      "if": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll" ],
      "links":
      {
        "href": "/humidity",
        "rt": ["oic.r.humidity"],
        "if": ["oic.if.s"],
        "p": {"bm": 3},
        "eps": [
          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
          {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
          {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
        ],
        "href": "/temperature",
        "rt": ["oic.r.temperature"],
        "if": ["oic.if.s"],
        "p": {"bm": 3},
        "eps": [
          {"ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222"}
        ]
      }
    }
  },
  "schema": { "$ref": "/#/definitions/sbaseline" }
}
"p": { "bm": 3 },
"eps": [
   { "ep": "coaps://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222" }
],
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/slinklist" }
]
"parameters": {
  "interface-ll": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.ll"]
  },
  "interface-baseline": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.baseline"]
  },
  "interface-all": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "sbaseline": {
    "properties": {
      "if": {
        "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
        "items": {
          "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll"],
        },
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "readOnly": true,
      "type": "array"
    },
    "links": {
      "properties": {
        "anchor": {
          "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection."
        },
        "di": {
          "description": "The device ID",
          "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "eps": {"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "ep": {
              }}}}
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
},
"type": "object"
},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI."
},
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneof": [

"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
"type": "integer"
],
"description": "A unique string",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"description": "A UUID",
"pattern": "^([a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12})$",
"type": "string"
},
"p": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
"properties": {
"bm": {
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
"type": "integer"
}
},
"required": [
  "bm"
],
"type": "object",
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "rt": {
    "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
    "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "type": "array"
  },
  "tag-locn": {
    "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
    "enum": [
      "attic",
      "balcony",
      "ballroom",
      "bathroom",
      "bedroom",
      "border",
      "boxroom",
      "cellar",
      "cloakroom",
      "conservatory",
      "corridor",
      "deck",
      "den",
      "diningroom",
      "drawingroom",
      "driveway",
      "dungeon",
      "ensuite",
      "entrance",
      "familyroom",
      "garage",
      "garden",
      "guestroom",
      "hall",
      "kitchen",
      "larder",
      "lawn",
      "library",
      "livingroom",
      "lounge",
      "mancave",
      "masterbedroom",
      "masterbedroom"
    ]
  }
}
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
],
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
{
"enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centrelleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"
]
},
{
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.",
"items": {
"type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
],
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"type": {
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": {
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"}
"required": ["href", "rt", "if"],
"type": "object"},
"mpro": {
"description": "Supported messaging protocols",
"maxLength": 64,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "string"},
"n": {
"description": "Human friendly name",
"maxLength": 64,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "string"},
"rt": {
"description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
"items": {
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"},
"minItems": 1,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"}
"links": ["rt", "if", "anchor"],
"type": "object"}
"properties": {
"anchor": {
"description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"},
"di": {
"description": "The device ID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"},
"eps": {
"description": "The Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"properties": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"},
"type": "object",
},
"href": {
  "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or
  fully-qualified URI.",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "enum": [
      "oic.if.baseline",
      "oic.if.ll",
      "oic.if.b",
      "oic.if.rw",
      "oic.if.r",
      "oic.if.a",
      "oic.if.a"
    ],
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links -
  used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
      collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    {
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    {
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
  target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
      target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "bm"
  ],
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context
"oneOf": [
  {
    "default": [
      "hosts"
    ],
    "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "type": "array"
  },
  {
    "default": "hosts",
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  }
],
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "familyroom",
    "garage",
    "garden",
    "guestroom",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "larder",
    "lawn",
    "library",
    "livingroom",
    "lounge",
    "mancave",
    "masterbedroom",
    "musicroom",
    "office",
    "pantry",
    "parkinglot",
    "parlour",
    "patio",
    "receptionroom",
    "roof",
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "familyroom",
    "garage",
    "garden",
    "guestroom",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "larder",
    "lawn",
    "library",
    "livingroom",
    "lounge",
    "mancave",
    "masterbedroom",
    "musicroom",
    "office",
    "pantry",
    "parkinglot",
    "parlour",
    "patio",
    "receptionroom",
    "roof"}
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
}
}
]},
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [

"enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centrelleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"

"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP reposition, relative position
against a known [0,0,0] point.",
"items": {
"type": "number"
}
],
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
],
"oneOf": [

"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a
correlation.",
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
]
},
"type": {
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target
URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": {
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
]
},
"required": [
"href",
"rt",
"if"
],
"type": "object"}
### F.10.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Resource Type of the Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Location of the Resource or Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>The device ID</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Human friendly name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mpro</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Supported messaging protocols</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.10.6 CRUDN behaviour**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/oic-res-llInterfaceURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.11 Scene List**

**F.11.1 Introduction**

Toplevel Scene resource.  This resource is a generic collection resource.  The rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types.  Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes.

**F.11.2 Example URI**

/SceneListResURI

**F.11.3 Resource Type**

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.scene']

**F.11.4 Swagger2.0 Definition**

```json
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Scenes (Top level)",
    "version": "v1-20160622",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
      1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
      2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
      THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. \"AS IS\" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT \n    }
```
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
    "/SceneListResURI" : {
        "get": {
            "description": "Toplevel Scene resource.\nThis resource is a generic collection
resource.\nThe rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types.\nProvides the current list of web links pointing to scenes\n",
            "parameters": [],
            "responses": {
                "200": {
                    "description" : "",
                    "x-example": {
                        "rt": ["oic.wk.scenelist"],
                        "n": "list of scene Collections",
                        "rts": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
                        "links": []
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
    "/SceneMemberResURI" : {
        "get": {
            "description": "Collection that models a scene member.\nProvides the scene member\n",
            "parameters": [],
            "responses": {
                "200": {
                    "description" : "",
                    "x-example": {
                        "rt": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
                        "id": "0685B960-FFFF-46F7-BEC0-9E6234671ADC1",
                        "n": "my binary switch (for light bulb) mappings",
                        "link": {
                            "href": "binarySwitch",
                            "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
                            "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
                            "eps": [
                                {"ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2},
                                {"ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"},
                                {"ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}
                            ]
                        }]
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
},
"sceneMappings": { 
    "scene": "off",
    "memberProperty": "value",
    "memberValue": true
  },
  
  "scene": "Reading",
  "memberProperty": "value",
  "memberValue": false
"scene": "TVWatching",
"memberProperty": "value",
"memberValue": true
}
]

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneMember" }
}
}
"/SceneCollectionResURI": {

"get": {
"description": "Collection that models a set of Scenes.\nThis resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters.\nThe rts value shall contain oic.scenemember resource types.\nThe additional parameters are:\n lastScene, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client\n sceneValues, this is the list of available scenes\n lastScene shall be listed in sceneValues.\nProvides the current list of web links pointing to scenes\n",
"parameters": [

"lastScene": "off",
"sceneValues": ["off","Reading","TVWatching"],
"rt": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
"n": "My Scenes for my living room",
"id": "0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1",
"rts": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
"links": [

]

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollection" }
}
}

"post": {
"description": "Provides the action to change the last set scene selection.\nCalling this method shall update all scene members to the prescribed membervalue.\nWhen this method is called with the same value as the current lastScene value\nthen all scene members shall be updated.\n",
"parameters": [

"name": "body",
"in": "body",
"required": true,
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" },
"x-example":
]

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" }
}

"responses": {

"200": {
"description": "Indicates that the value is changed.\nThe changed properties are provided in the response.\n",
"x-example":
]

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" }
}
"parameters": {
  "interface": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "Collection": {
    "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
    "items": {
      "properties": {
        "anchor": {
          "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "di": {
          "description": "The device ID",
          "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "eps": {
          "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "ep": {
                "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
                "format": "uri",
                "type": "string"
              },
              "pri": {
                "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
                "minimum": 1,
                "type": "integer"
              }
            }
          },
          "type": "object"
        },
        "href": {
          "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "if": {
          "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
          "items": {
            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.s", "oic.if.a"],
            "type": "string"
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "type": "array"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
}
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    {
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    {
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": ["bm"],
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
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      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
"description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
"enum": [
  "attic",
  "balcony",
  "ballroom",
  "bathroom",
  "bedroom",
  "border",
  "boxroom",
  "cellar",
  "cloakroom",
  "conservatory",
  "corridor",
  "deck",
  "den",
  "diningroom",
  "drawingroom",
  "driveway",
  "dungeon",
  "ensuite",
  "entrance",
  "familyroom",
  "garage",
  "garden",
  "guestroom",
  "hall",
  "kitchen",
  "larder",
  "lawn",
  "library",
  "livingroom",
  "lounge",
  "mancave",
  "masterbedroom",
  "musicroom",
  "office",
  "pantry",
  "parkinglot",
  "parlour",
  "patio",
  "receptionroom",
  "roof",
  "roofterrace",
  "sauna",
  "shed",
  "sittingroom",
  "snug",
  "spa",
  "studio",
  "suite",
  "swimmingpool",
  "toilet",
  "utilityroom",
  "ward",
  "vegetableplot",
  "terrace"
],
"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    {"enum": [
      "top",
      "bottom",
      "left",
      "right",
      "centre",
      "topleft",
      "bottomleft",
      "centreleft",
      "centreright"
    ]
  }
}
"bottomright",
"topright"
},

{  
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP rlepos, relative position
against a known [0,0,0] point.",

"items": {  
"type": "number"
},

"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}

"title": {  
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a
context.",

"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
}

"type": {  
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target
URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",

"items": {  
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},

"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
}

"required": [
"href",
"rt",
"if"
],
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"

"SceneMember": {

"properties": {
  
"SceneMappings": {  
"description": "array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)"

"items": {  

"properties": {  

"memberProperty": {  
"description": "property name that will be mapped",

"readOnly": true,

"type": "string"
}

"memberValue": {  
"description": "value of the Member Property",

"readOnly": true,

"type": "string"
}

"scene": {  
"description": "Specifies a scene value that will be acted upon",

"type": "string"
}

"required": [

"scene",

"memberProperty"}
"memberValue"
},
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"
},
"link": {
"description": "OCF link that points to a resource",
"properties": {
"anchor": {
"description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"di": {
"description": "The device ID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
},
"epe": {
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
},
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"
},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneOf": [
{
"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
collection context.

  "type": "integer"
},

{ "description": "A unique string",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
},

{ "description": "A UUID",
  "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
  "type": "string"
},

"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "bm"
  ],
  "type": "object"
},

"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": [
        "hosts"
      ],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},

"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},

"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "bedroom",
"border",
"boxroom",
"cellar",
"cloakroom",
"conservatory",
"corridor",
"deck",
"den",
"diningroom",
"drawingroom",
"driveway",
"dungeon",
"ensuite",
"entrance",
"familyroom",
"garage",
"garden",
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"larder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
]

"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    "enum": [
      "top",
      "bottom",
      "left",
      "right",
      "centre",
      "topleft",
      "bottomleft",
      "centreleft",
      "centreright",
      "bottomright",
      "topright"
    ]
  ],
  "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP reposition, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point."
}
"items": {
  "type": "number",
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}

"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}

"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],
"type": "object"

"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
      "oneOf": [
        {
          "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "anchor": {
                "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
                "format": "uri",
                "maxLength": 256,
                "type": "string"
              },
              "di": {
                "description": "The device ID",
                "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
                "type": "string"
              }
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
"eps": {
  "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
  "items": {
    "properties": {
      "ep": {
        "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
        "format": "uri",
        "type": "string"
      },
      "pri": {
        "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
        "minimum": 1,
        "type": "integer"
      }
    },
    "type": "object"
  },
  "type": "array"
},
"href": {
  "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "enum": [
      "oic.if.baseline",
      "oic.if.ll",
      "oic.if.b",
      "oic.if.rw",
      "oic.if.r",
      "oic.if.a",
      "oic.if.s"
    ],
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    { "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    { "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    { "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {

"bm": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
  "type": "integer"
},
"required": [
  "bm"
],
"type": "object"},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": {
        "hosts"
      },
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "familyroom",
    "garage",
    "garden",
    "guestroom",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "larder",  
    "kitchen",
    "larder",  
  ]}
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
],
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
{
"enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centreleft",
"centrerright",
"bottomright",
"topleft"
]
},
{
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative
classic 0,0,0 point.",
"items": {
"type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
],
"title": {
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to
provide a context.",
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"type": {
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by
the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": [
"maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}
],
"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"
]

"rts": {
  "description": "The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
},
"sceneValues": {
  "description": "All available scene values",
  "items": {
    "type": "string"
  },
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
}
],
"required": [
  "lastScene",
  "sceneValues",
  "rts",
  "id"
],
"type": "object"
}

"SceneCollectionUpdate" :
{
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
      "oneOf": [
        { "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "anchor": {
                "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
                "format": "uri",
                "maxLength": 256,
                "type": "string"
              }
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
"di": { 
  "description": "The device ID",
  "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
  "type": "string"
},
"eps": { 
  "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
  "items": { 
    "properties": { 
      "ep": { 
        "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
        "format": "uri",
        "type": "string"
      }, 
      "pri": { 
        "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
        "minimum": 1,
        "type": "integer"
      }
    },
    "type": "object"
  },
  "type": "array"
},
"href": { 
  "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
},
"if": { 
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": { 
    "enum": [ 
      "oic.if.baseline",
      "oic.if.ll",
      "oic.if.b",
      "oic.if.rw",
      "oic.if.r",
      "oic.if.a",
      "oic.if.s"
    ],
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"ins": { 
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
  "oneOf": [ 
    { 
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    }, 
    { 
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    }, 
    { 
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]}
"garden",
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"lairder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
}

"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
{
"enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centrelleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"
]
},
{
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point."
},
"items": {
"type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
]
"title": {
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context."
},
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
}
F.11.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sceneValues</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>All available scene values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>The device ID</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>the Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Location of the Resource or Device</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F.11.6  CRUDN behaviour

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>rt</th>
<th>array: see schema</th>
<th>yes</th>
<th>Resource Type of the Resource</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SceneMappings</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>link</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>OCF link that points to a resource</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

F.12  Scene Collection

F.12.1  Introduction
Collection that models a set of Scenes. This resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters. The rts value shall contain oic.scenemember resource types. The additional parameters are:
- lastScene, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client
- sceneValues, this is the list of available scenes
- lastScene shall be listed in sceneValues. Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes

F.12.2  Example URI
/SceneCollectionResURI

F.12.3  Resource Type
The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.scenecollection'].

F.12.4  Swagger2.0 Definition
```json
{
    "swagger": "2.0",
    "info": {
        "title": "Scenes (Top level)",
        "version": "v1-20160622",
        "license": {
            "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
            "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above"
    }
}
```
"paths": {
  "/SceneListResURI": {
    "get": {
      "description": "Toplevel Scene resource. This resource is a generic collection resource. The rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types. Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes",
      "parameters": [],
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description" : "",
          "x-example": {
            "rt": ["oic.wk.scenelist"],
            "n": "list of scene Collections",
            "rts": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
            "links": []
          }
        }
      }
    },
  "/SceneMemberResURI": {
    "get": {
      "description": "Collection that models a scene member. Provides the scene member",
      "parameters": [],
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description" : "",
          "x-example": {
            "rt": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
            "id": "0685B960-FFFF-46F7-BEC0-9E6234671ADC1",
            "n": "my binary switch (for light bulb) mappings",
            "href": "binarySwitch",
            "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
            "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
            "eps": [
              {
                "ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2,
                "eps": [
                  {
                    "ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122"}]
                "dep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3}]
            "sceneMappings": [
              {
                "scene": "off",
                "memberProperty": "value",
                "memberValue": true
              }
            ]
        }
      }
    },
"scene": "Reading",
"memberProperty": "value",
"memberValue": false
},

"scene": "TVWatching",
"memberProperty": "value",
"memberValue": true
}
]

"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneMember" }

"get": {
"description": "Collection that models a set of Scenes. 
This resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters. 
The rts value shall contain oic.sceneMember
resource types. 
The additional parameters are: 
lastScene, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client 
sceneValues, this is the list of available scenes 
lastScene shall be listed in sceneValues. 
Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes",
"parameters": [ ],
"responses": { "200": { "description": "",
"x-example": {
"lastScene": "off",
"sceneValues": ["off","Reading","TVWatching"],
"rt": ["oic.wk.sceneCollection"],
"n": "My Scenes for my living room",
"id": "0685B966-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1",
"rts": ["oic.wk.sceneMember"],
"links": [ ]
} },
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollection" }
}

"post": {
"description": "Provides the action to change the last set scene selection. 
Calling this method shall update all scene members to the prescribed memberValue.
When this method is called with the same value as the current lastScene value
then all scene members shall be updated.
"parameters": [ {
"name": "body",
"in": "body",
"required": true,
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" },
"x-example": {
"lastScene": "Reading"
} },
"responses": { "200": { "description": "Indicates that the value is changed. 
The changed properties are provided in the response.
",
"x-example": {
"lastScene": "Reading"
} },
"schema": { "$ref": "#/definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" }
}
"parameters": {
  "interface": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "Collection": {
    "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
    "items": {
      "properties": {
        "anchor": {
          "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "di": {
          "description": "The device ID",
          "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "eps": {
          "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "ep": {
                "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
                "format": "uri",
                "type": "string"
              },
              "pri": {
                "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
                "minimum": 1,
                "type": "integer"
              }
            }
          },
          "type": "object"
        },
        "href": {
          "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "if": {
          "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
          "items": {
            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "if", "oic.if.s"
          ],
          "type": "string"
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links used in collections",
  "oneOf": [ {
    "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context",
    "type": "integer"
  }, {
    "description": "A unique string",
    "format": "uri",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "type": "string"
  }, {
    "description": "A UUID",
    "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
    "type": "string"
  }]
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [ "bm" ],
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [ {
    "default": [ "hosts" ],
    "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "type": "array"
  }, {
    "default": "hosts",
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  }]
},
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
  "enum": [
    "attic",
    "balcony",
    "ballroom",
    "bathroom",
    "bedroom",
    "border",
    "boxroom",
    "cellar",
    "cloakroom",
    "conservatory",
    "corridor",
    "deck",
    "den",
    "diningroom",
    "drawingroom",
    "driveway",
    "dungeon",
    "ensuite",
    "entrance",
    "familyroom",
    "garage",
    "garden",
    "guestroom",
    "hall",
    "kitchen",
    "ladder",
    "lawn",
    "library",
    "livingroom",
    "lounge",
    "mancave",
    "masterbedroom",
    "musicroom",
    "office",
    "pantry",
    "parkinglot",
    "parlour",
    "patio",
    "receptionroom",
    "roof",
    "roofterrace",
    "sauna",
    "shed",
    "sittingroom",
    "snug",
    "spa",
    "studio",
    "suite",
    "swimmingpool",
    "toilet",
    "utilityroom",
    "ward",
    "vegetableplot",
    "terrace"
  ]
},
"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    "top",
    "bottom",
    "left",
    "right",
    "centre",
    "topleft",
    "topright",
    "bottomleft",
    "bottomright"
  ]
}
"bottomleft", "centreleft", "centrerright", "bottomright", "topright"
],
},
  "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position
against a known [0,0,0] point.",
  "items": {
    "type": "number"
  },
  "maxItems": 3,
  "minItems": 3,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
}
}

"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a
context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
}

"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target
URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}

"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],
"type": "object"
}

"SceneMember": {
  "properties": {
    "SceneMappings": {
      "description": "array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)",
      "items": {
        "properties": {
          "memberProperty": {
            "description": "property name that will be mapped",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
          },
          "memberValue": {
            "description": "value of the Member Property",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
          }
        },
        "scene": {
          "description": "Specifies a scene value that will be acted upon",
          "type": "string"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

"required": [ "scene", "memberProperty", "memberValue" ],
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"},
"link": {
"description": "OCF link that points to a resource",
"properties": {
"anchor": {
"description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"di": {
"description": "The device ID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
},
"eps": {
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
},
"type": "object"},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [ "oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s" ],
"type": "string" },
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array" },
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",}
"oneOf": [
    {
      "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
collection context.",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    {
      "description": "A unique string",
      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
      "type": "string"
    },
    {
      "description": "A UUID",
      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
      "type": "string"
    }
  ],
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by
the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": ["bm"],
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the
context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "rt": {
    "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
    "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "type": "array"
  },
  "tag-locn": {
    "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
    "enum": ["attic", "balcony",
"ballroom",
"bathroom",
"bedroom",
"border",
"boxroom",
"cellar",
"cloakroom",
"conservatory",
"corridor",
"deck",
"den",
"diningroom",
"drawingroom",
"driveway",
"dungeon",
"ensuite",
"entrance",
"familyroom",
"garage",
"garden",
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"larder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
]
,
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  "oneOf": [
    "enum": [
      "top",
      "bottom",
      "left",
      "right",
      "centre",
      "topleft",
      "bottomleft",
      "centrleft",
      "centreright",
      "bottomright",
      "topright"
    ]
  ],

}}
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.",

"items": {
  "type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"

"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}

"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],
"type": "object"

"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection."
    },
    "type": "object"
  }
}

"required": [
  "link"
],
"type": "object"

"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection."
    },
    "type": "object"
  }
}

"required": [
  "link"
],
"type": "object"

"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection."
    },
    "type": "object"
  }
}

"required": [
  "link"
],
"type": "object"

"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection."
    },
    "type": "object"
  }
}

"required": [
  "link"
],
"type": "object"
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
},
"eps": {
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"properties": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
},
"type": "object"
},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneOf": [
{
"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context."
},
"type": "integer"
},
{
"description": "A unique string",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
{
"description": "A UUID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
}]}
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",

"properties": {
  "bm": {
    "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
    "type": "integer"
  }
},

"required": [
  "bm"
],

"type": "object"
},

"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},

"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},

"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"larder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"man cave",
"master bedroom",
"music room",
"office",
"pantry",
"parking lot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"reception room",
"roof",
"roof terrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sitting room",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimming pool",
"toilet",
"utility room",
"ward",
"vegetable plot",
"terrace"
}]

"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "enum": [
        "top",
        "bottom",
        "left",
        "right",
        "centre",
        "topleft",
        "bottomleft",
        "centre left",
        "centre right",
        "bottom right",
        "top right"
      ]
    },
    {
      "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.”,
      "items": {
        "type": "number"
      },
      "maxItems": 3,
      "minItems": 3,
      "readOnly": true,
      "type": "array"
    }
  ]
},

"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.”,
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},

"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "The media type of the encoded data content of the message.",
  "enum": [
    "application/cbor",
    "application/dnld'
  ],
  "type": "string"
}
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",

"items": {
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},

"minItems": 1,

"type": "array"
}

"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],

"type": "object"
}

"rts": {
  "description": "The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
},

"sceneValues": {
  "description": "All available scene values",
  "items": {
    "type": "string"
  },
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
}

"required": [
  "lastScene",
  "sceneValues",
  "rts",
  "id"
],

"type": "object"
}

"SceneCollectionUpdate": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
      "oneOf": [
        {
          "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
          "properties": {
            "anchor": {
              "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
              "format": "uri",
            }[304]
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"di": {
"description": "The device ID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
},
"eps": {
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"properties": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
}
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
},
"type": "object"
},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneOf": [
{"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context."},
"type": "integer"
]
},
"type": "array"
usaline
"type": "string"
]
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "bm"
  ],
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
"entrance",
"familyroom",
"garage",
"garden",
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"laboratory",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"rooftop",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
]
},
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
{
"enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centreleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"
]
},
{
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.",
"items": {
"type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
]
,"title": {
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.";
}
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"type": {
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by
the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": {
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
}
"required": ["href", "rt", "if"],
"type": "object"
}
"type": "array"
]
}
"required": ["lastScene"
"type": "object"
}
}
F.12.5 Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td></td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sceneValues</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>All available scene values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SceneMappings</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>link</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>OCF link that points to a resource</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>The Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Location of the Resource or Device</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Resource Type of the Resource</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>The device ID</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links included in the collection</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.12.6 CRUDN behaviour**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/SceneCollectionResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td>post</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.13 Scene Member**

**F.13.1 Introduction**

Collection that models a scene member. Provides the scene member

**F.13.2 Example URI**

[/SceneMemberResURI]

**F.13.3 Resource Type**

The resource type (rt) is defined as: ['oic.wk.scenemember'].

**F.13.4 Swagger2.0 Definition**

```json
{
  "swagger": "2.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Scenes (Top level)",
    "version": "v1-20160622",
    "license": {
      "name": "copyright 2016-2017 Open Connectivity Foundation, Inc. All rights reserved.",
      "x-description": "Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
        1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
        2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

        THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE Open Connectivity Foundation, INC. \"AS IS\" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR
```
"schemes": ["http"],
"consumes": ["application/json"],
"produces": ["application/json"],
"paths": {
  "/SceneListResURI": {
    "get": {
      "description": "Toplevel Scene resource. This resource is a generic collection resource. The rts value shall contain oic.wk.scenecollection resource types. Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes",
      "parameters": [ ],
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description": "",
          "x-example": {
            "rt": ["oic.wk.scenelist"],
            "n": "list of scene Collections",
            "rts": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
            "links": [ ]
          }
        }
      }
    }
  },
  "/SceneMemberResURI": {
    "get": {
      "description": "Collection that models a scene member. Provides the scene member",
      "parameters": [ ],
      "responses": {
        "200": {
          "description": "",
          "x-example": {
            "rt": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
            "id": "0685B960-FFFF-46F7-BEC0-9E6234671ADC1",
            "n": "my binary switch (for light bulb) mappings",
            "link": {
              "href": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
              "rt": ["oic.r.switch.binary"],
              "if": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.baseline"],
              "eps": [
                { "ep": "coap://[fe80::b1d6]:1111", "pri": 2 },
                { "ep": "coaps://[fe80::b1d6]:1122" },
                { "ep": "coap+tcp://[2001:db8:a::123]:2222", "pri": 3 }]
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
},
"sceneMappings": [ }
  "scene": "off",
  "memberProperty": "value",
  "memberValue": true
],
"scene": "Reading",
"memberProperty": "value",
"memberValue": false
]
"scene": "TVWatching",
"memberProperty": "value",
"memberValue": true
}
]
"schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/SceneMember" }
}
]
"schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/SceneCollectionResURI" }

"/SceneCollectionResURI": {
  "get": {
    "description": "Collection that models a set of Scenes. This resource is a generic collection resource with additional parameters. The rts value shall contain oic.scenemember resource types. The additional parameters are lastScene, this is the scene value last set by any OCF Client sceneValues, this is the list of available scenes lastScene shall be listed in sceneValues. Provides the current list of web links pointing to scenes",
    "parameters": [],
    "responses": {
      "200": {
        "description": ",
        "x-example": {
          "lastScene": "off",
          "sceneValues": ["off","Reading","TVWatching"],
          "rt": ["oic.wk.scenecollection"],
          "n": "My Scenes for my living room",
          "id": "0685B960-736F-46F7-BEC0-9E6CBD671ADC1",
          "rts": ["oic.wk.scenemember"],
          "links": [ ]
        }
      },
      "schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/SceneCollection" }
    }
  },
  "post": {
    "description": "Provides the action to change the last set scene selection. Calling this method shall update all scene members to the prescribed membervalue. When this method is called with the same value as the current lastScene value then all scene members shall be updated",
    "parameters": [ {
      "name": "body",
      "in": "body",
      "required": true,
      "schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" },
      "x-example": {
        "lastScene": "Reading"
      }
    } ],
    "responses": {
      "200": {
        "description": "Indicates that the value is changed. The changed properties are provided in the response",
        "x-example": {
          "lastScene": "Reading"
        },
        "schema": { "$ref": "/#definitions/SceneCollectionUpdate" }
      }
    }
  }
}
"parameters": {
  "interface": {
    "in": "query",
    "name": "if",
    "type": "string",
    "enum": ["oic.if.a", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.baseline"]
  }
},
"definitions": {
  "Collection": {
    "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
    "items": {
      "properties": {
        "anchor": {
          "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "di": {
          "description": "The device ID",
          "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
          "type": "string"
        },
        "eps": {
          "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
          "items": {
            "properties": {
              "ep": {
                "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
                "format": "uri",
                "type": "string"
              },
              "pri": {
                "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
                "minimum": 1,
                "type": "integer"
              }
            },
            "type": "object"
          },
          "type": "array"
        },
        "href": {
          "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI.",
          "format": "uri",
          "maxLength": 256,
          "type": "string"
        },
        "if": {
          "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
          "items": {
            "enum": ["oic.if.baseline", "oic.if.ll", "oic.if.b", "oic.if.rw", "oic.if.r", "oic.if.a", "oic.if.s"],
            "type": "string"
          },
          "minItems": 1,
          "type": "array"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links -
  used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
  {
    "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the
  collection context."
    "type": "integer"
  },
  {
    "description": "A unique string",
    "format": "uri",
    "maxLength": 256,
    "type": "string"
  },
  {
    "description": "A UUID",
    "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
    "type": "string"
  }]
},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the
target URI",
  "properties": {
    "bm": {
      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by
the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    },
    "required": ["bm"]
  },
  "type": "object"
},
"rel": {
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context
URI",
  "oneOf": [
    {
      "default": ["hosts"],
      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    },
    {
      "default": "hosts",
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    }
  ]
},
"rt": {
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"tag-locn": {
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
}
"enum": [
  "attic",
  "balcony",
  "ballroom",
  "bathroom",
  "bedroom",
  "bodega",
  "boxroom",
  "cellar",
  "cloakroom",
  "conservatory",
  "corridor",
  "deck",
  "den",
  "diningroom",
  "drawingroom",
  "driveway",
  "dungeon",
  "ensuite",
  "entrance",
  "familiyroom",
  "garage",
  "garden",
  "guestroom",
  "hall",
  "kitchen",
  "larder",
  "lawn",
  "library",
  "livingroom",
  "lounge",
  "mancave",
  "masterbedroom",
  "musicroom",
  "office",
  "pantry",
  "parkinglot",
  "parlour",
  "patio",
  "receptionroom",
  "roof",
  "roofterrace",
  "sauna",
  "shed",
  "sittingroom",
  "snug",
  "spa",
  "studio",
  "suite",
  "swimmingpool",
  "toilet",
  "utilityroom",
  "ward",
  "vegetableplot",
  "terrace"
],
"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
    "top",
    "bottom",
    "left",
    "right",
    "centre",
    "topleft",
    "bottomleft",
    "centreright",
    "bottomright",
    "topcentre",
    "bottomcentre",
    "topright",
    "bottomright",
    "topleftcorner",
    "bottomleftcorner",
    "toprightcorner",
    "bottomrightcorner",
    "topstraightleft",
    "topstraightright",
    "bottomstraightleft",
    "bottomstraightright"
  ]
}
"topright"
},
{
  "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position
against a known [0,0,0] point.",
  "items": {
    "type": "number"
  },
  "maxItems": 3,
  "minItems": 3,
  "readOnly": true,
  "type": "array"
}
],
"title": {
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context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
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"type": {
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  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target
URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": {
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  "minItems": 1,
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  "rt",
  "if"
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"type": "array"
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  "properties": {
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      "items": {
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            "description": "property name that will be mapped",
            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
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          "memberValue": {
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            "readOnly": true,
            "type": "string"
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          "scene": {
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            "type": "string"
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        "required": [
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          "memberProperty",
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      "maxLength": 256,  
      "type": "string"  
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      "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",  
      "type": "string"  
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          "format": "uri",  
          "type": "string"  
        },  
        "pri": {  
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          "minimum": 1,  
          "type": "integer"  
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      "type": "array"  
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      "items": {  
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          "oic.if.l1",  
          "oic.if.b",  
          "oic.if.rw",  
          "oic.if.r",  
          "oic.if.a",  
          "oic.if.s"  
        ],  
        "type": "string"  
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      "minItems": 1,  
      "type": "array"  
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- used in collections",  
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        "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the  
collection context."}  
  }  
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{
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  "format": "uri",
  "maxLength": 256,
  "type": "string"
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{
  "description": "A UUID",
  "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
  "type": "string"
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},
"p": {
  "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",
  "properties": {
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      "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",
      "type": "integer"
    }
  },
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  "type": "object"
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      "items": {
        "maxLength": 64,
        "type": "string"
      },
      "minItems": 1,
      "type": "array"
    }
  ],
  "rt": {
    "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",
    "items": {
      "maxLength": 64,
      "type": "string"
    },
    "minItems": 1,
    "type": "array"
  },
  "tag-locn": {
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    "enum": ["attic", "balcony", "ballroom", "bathroom", "bedroom", "border",
  "type": "string"}
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"cellar",
"cloakroom",
"conservatory",
"corridor",
"deck",
"den",
"diningroom",
"drawingroom",
"driveway",
"dungeon",
"ensuite",
"entrance",
"familyroom",
"garage",
"garden",
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"larder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"

"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [
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"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centreleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"
],
"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point."
}
]
"type": "number"
],
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
},
"title": {
  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
"type": {
  "default": "application/cbor",
  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
  "items": {
    "maxLength": 64,
    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
}
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"required": [
  "href",
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  "if"
],
"type": "object"
}
},
"SceneCollection": {
  "description": "A collection is a set of links along with additional properties to describe the collection itself",
  "properties": {
    "lastScene": {
      "description": "Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues",
      "type": "string"
    },
    "links": {
      "description": "All forms of links in a collection.",
      "oneOf": [
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          "description": "A set of simple or individual OIC Links.",
          "items": {
            "anchor": {
              "description": "This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.",
              "format": "uri",
              "maxLength": 256,
              "type": "string"
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            "di": {
              "description": "The device ID",
              "pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-{a-fA-F0-9}{4}-{a-fA-F0-9}{4}-{a-fA-F0-9}{4}-{a-fA-F0-9}\{12\}\$",
              "type": "string"
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
"eps": {
  "description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
  "items": {
    "properties": {
      "ep": {
        "description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
        "format": "uri",
        "type": "string"
      },
      "pri": {
        "description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
        "minimum": 1,
        "type": "integer"
      }
    },
    "type": "object"
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  "type": "array"
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"href": {
  "description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URI."
},
"if": {
  "description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
  "items": {
    "enum": [
      "oic.if.baseline",
      "oic.if.ll",
      "oic.if.b",
      "oic.if.rw",
      "oic.if.r",
      "oic.if.s",
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    "type": "string"
  },
  "minItems": 1,
  "type": "array"
},
"ins": {
  "description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
  "oneOf": [
    "description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context."
  ],
  "type": "integer"
},
"p": {
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  "properties": {
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      "format": "uri",
      "maxLength": 256,
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    }
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"rel": {
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"description": "Location of the Resource or Device",
"library",
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"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
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"vegetableplot",
"terrace",

"tag-pos-desc": {
  "oneOf": [
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      "enum": [
        "top",
        "bottom",
        "left",
        "right",
        "centre",
        "topleft",
        "bottomleft",
        "centreright",
        "bottomright",
        "topright"
      ]
    },
    {
      "description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known [0,0,0] point.",
      "items": {
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  "description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
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  "description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
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}
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"href",
"rt",
"if"
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"description": "The device ID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"
},
"eps": {
"description": "the Endpoint information of the target Resource",
"items": {
"properties": {
"ep": {
"description": "Transport Protocol Suite + Endpoint Locator",
"format": "uri",
"type": "string"
},
"pri": {
"description": "The priority among multiple Endpoints",
"minimum": 1,
"type": "integer"
}
}
},
"type": "object"
},
"href": {
"description": "This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or fully-qualified URL.",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
},
"if": {
"description": "The interface set supported by this resource",
"items": {
"enum": [
"oic.if.baseline",
"oic.if.ll",
"oic.if.b",
"oic.if.rw",
"oic.if.r",
"oic.if.a",
"oic.if.s"
],
"type": "string"
]
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"ins": {
"description": "The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in collections",
"oneOf": {
"description": "An ordinal number that is not repeated - must be unique in the collection context.",
"type": "integer"
},
"{ 
"description": "A unique string",
"format": "uri",
"maxLength": 256,
"type": "string"
}
],
"description": "A UUID",
"pattern": "^[a-fA-F0-9]{8}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}-[a-fA-F0-9]{4}\-[a-fA-F0-9]{12}$",
"type": "string"}
"p": {  
"description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI",  
"properties": {   
  "bm": {   
    "description": "Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI for e.g. observable and discoverable",   
  "type": "integer"  
  },  
  "required": [   
    "bm"  
  ],  
  "type": "object"  
},  
"rel": {  
  "description": "The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI",  
  "oneOf": [   
    {   
      "default": [   
        "hosts"  
      ],   
      "items": {   
        "maxLength": 64,   
        "type": "string"  
      },   
      "minItems": 1,   
      "type": "array"  
    },   
    {   
      "default": "hosts",   
      "maxLength": 64,   
      "type": "string"  
    }  
  ]  
},  
"rt": {  
  "description": "Resource Type of the Resource",  
  "items": {   
    "maxLength": 64,   
    "type": "string"  
  },   
  "minItems": 1,   
  "type": "array"  
},  
"tag-locn": {  
  "description": "Location of the Resource or Device",  
  "enum": [   
    "attic",   
    "balcony",   
    "ballroom",   
    "bathroom",   
    "bedroom",   
    "border",   
    "boxroom",   
    "cellar",   
    "cloakroom",   
    "conservatory",   
    "corridor",   
    "deck",   
    "den",   
    "diningroom",   
    "drawingroom",   
    "driveway",   
    "dungeon",   
    "ensuite",   
    "entrance",   
    "familyroom",   
    "garage",   
    "garden",   
    ...  
  ]
"guestroom",
"hall",
"kitchen",
"larder",
"lawn",
"library",
"livingroom",
"lounge",
"mancave",
"masterbedroom",
"musicroom",
"office",
"pantry",
"parkinglot",
"parlour",
"patio",
"receptionroom",
"roof",
"roofterrace",
"sauna",
"shed",
"sittingroom",
"snug",
"spa",
"studio",
"suite",
"swimmingpool",
"toilet",
"utilityroom",
"ward",
"vegetableplot",
"terrace"
]
},
"tag-pos-desc": {
"oneOf": [

enum": [
"top",
"bottom",
"left",
"right",
"centre",
"topleft",
"bottomleft",
"centreleft",
"centreright",
"bottomright",
"topright"
]
},

"description": "Relative position; as defined by UPnP relpos, relative position against a known \[0,0,0\] point.",
"items": {
"type": "number"
},
"maxItems": 3,
"minItems": 3,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
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"title": {
"description": "A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.",
"maxLength": 64,
"type": "string"
},
"type": {
"default": "application/cbor",
"description": "A hint at the representation of the resource referenced by
the target URI. This represents the media types that are used for both accepting and emitting.",
"items": {
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"type": "array"
},
"required": [
  "href",
  "rt",
  "if"
],
"type": "object"
},
"type": "array"
}],
"description": "The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links
included in the collection",
"items": {
  "maxLength": 64,
  "type": "string"
},
"minItems": 1,
"readOnly": true,
"type": "array"
}
,"rt": {
  "type": "object"
}
,"type": "array"
]
}
,F.13.5  Property Definition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property name</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Access mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SceneMappings</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>array of mappings per scene, can be one(1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>link</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>OCF link that points to a resource</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array: see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td>Read Only The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Multi Type</td>
<td>Read Only</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>links</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All forms of links in a collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sceneValues</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>All available scene values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastScene</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Last selected Scene from the set of sceneValues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rts</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>The list of allowable resource types (for Target and anchors) in links</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>included in the collection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rel</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The relation of the target URI referenced by the link to the context URI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>Resource Type of the Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>href</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>This is the target URI, it can be specified as a Relative Reference or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>fully-qualified URI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>di</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The device ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>string</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A title for the link relation. Can be used by the UI to provide a context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-pos-desc</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The instance identifier for this web link in an array of web links - used in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>collections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ins</td>
<td>multiple types:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The Endpoint information of the target Resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td>yes</td>
<td>The interface set supported by this resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eps</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>type</td>
<td>array:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A hint at the representation of the resource</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>see schema</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>object: see schema</td>
<td>Specifies the framework policies on the Resource referenced by the target URI.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>anchor</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>This is used to override the context URI e.g. override the URI of the containing collection.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tag-locn</td>
<td>multiple types: see schema</td>
<td>Location of the Resource or Device</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F.13.6 CRUDN behaviour**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Create</th>
<th>Read</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Delete</th>
<th>Notify</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/SceneMemberResURI</td>
<td>get</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex G
(informative)

Swagger2.0 Schema Extension

G.1 Swagger 2.0 Schema Reference

Swagger 2.0 does not support allOf and anyOf JSON schema validation constructs; this specification has extended the underlying Swagger 2.0 schema to enable these, all Swagger 2.0 files are valid against the extended schema. Please reference the following location for a copy of the extended schema:

https://github.com/openconnectivityfoundation/OCFswagger2.0-schema